NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXIV. No. 23795. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, MONDAY, MAY 5, 1941 Registered at the C.P.O. Postage: China and Japan 1 cent. abroad 30 cents. THIRTY CENTS

British Occupy Basrah After Brief Engagement

Ultimatum Ignored by Senior Iraqi Officer; Airport Shelled

London, May 4.

BRITISH forces have driven Iraqi forces out of Basrah. A war office communique, announcing this, says,—

"On May 2, after hostilities had broken out at Habbaniyah, our forces occupied the dock area, the airport and power station at Basrah. The withdrawal of Iraqi troops from these areas by a certain hour was demanded and the senior Iraqi officer agreed. Despite extension of the time limit, they took no action, and our forces then drove them out by bombing and artillery fire."

Earlier it had been reported that a clash occurred in the Basrah area between British and Iraqi forces, which were later driven off by British bombing and artillery fire.

After a quiet night on Friday, Iraqi artillery early yesterday morning again started shelling Hannabiyah aerodrome from positions on high ground overlooking the aerodrome, Reuters learned in official quarters here this morning.

British casualties are stated to be slight and both landing grounds are in use.

According to an Iraqi Government communique, quoted by the official French news agency, four Britons and one Iraqi were injured at Rutbah, a desert airport near the Mosul-Haifa pipeline. Iraqi troops seized transport vehicles and a petrol dump there, it is added.

"On Saturday morning, our aircraft bombed the airport of Habbaniyah, causing great damage, destroying many aircraft on the ground and starting numerous fires. A Blenheim bomber was shot down, and we also lost one aircraft. A violent air battle occurred later over Habbaniyah. All our aircraft returned to their bases after putting the enemy machines to flight," the Iraqi communique claims.—Reuter.

Oil Fields Flooded

London, May 4.

While the latest reports indicated that fighting was still going on in Iraq, dispatches from Ankara stated that the Mosul oilfields had been flooded by the Iraqis, and that Iraqi forces are in control of the oilfields and their installations.

Another report from Baghdad states that the pipeline from Kirkuk to Haifa, through which oil for the Mediterranean fleet is transported, has been cut. As this report was quoted by the German radio, however, not too much credence should be attached to it.

A new Iraqi Army, which is to march forthwith against the "revolutionary elements in Iraq," is being formed in Transjordania by the Iraq Regent, Abdul Ilah, who fled the country following Rashid Ali's coup d'etat, states the Swiss radio.

The R.A.F. had an air battle with Iraqi planes over Habbaniyah aerodrome during the fighting on Friday, it is learned. The Iraqi air force is known to consist of some 80 obsolete planes, mostly trainers.

A number of British aircraft were destroyed on the ground at Habbaniyah aerodrome, when Iraqi guns started shelling at point-blank range. British bombers silenced a number of the guns, and repulsed an unsuccessful Iraqi attack on the aerodrome.

Nothing is known in London of anything justifying the Iraqi claim to have repulsed a British attack at Rutba. The story that British tanks were destroyed on the aerodrome there is certainly not true.

During the last few days, the Iraqi Government posted troops round the British aerodrome at Habbaniyah. Trenches were dug and guns mounted on the edge of the desert plateau overlooking the aerodrome.

A request for the withdrawal of these troops was met by the dispatch of further forces. Hostilities broke out on the early morning of May 2, with the Iraqi artillery firing point-blank on the aerodrome.

R.A.F. Training Centre

Habbaniyah is a Royal Air Force training centre, and as a result, the aircraft there are lagely training machines. The cantonment, which housed the ground staff and a small guard of Assyrian levies, is unfortified.

As regards Iraqi claims to have occupied oil wells and all the aerodromes in the country, it is pointed

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 2 *)

British Press on Position in Iraq

Trouble Said Inspired by Berlin to Make Situation In Middle East Difficult

London, May 4.

The fact that "Axis agents were behind the Iraq coup d'etat is emphasized by the morning newspapers together with the economic and strategical importance of Iraq.

The "Daily Telegraph" says that Rashid Ali has for some time been known as a German agent, and the plot was inspired from Berlin to make the British position in the Middle East more difficult.

It is fortunate, it continues, that "we were not deceived by his pretended anxiety to stand by the Anglo-Iraq Treaty. There is a strong body of opinion against him, and the appeal to the people of Iraq to throw out the usurping government may be effective.

"Strategically, the importance of Iraq has never been so great as now, for it borders Syria and Turkey, and Nazi designs against those countries are as apparent as their urgent need for oil. The country is within flying distance of the Dodecanese for troop-carrying planes.

"British forces could no doubt deal with the forces landed thus, but the danger to the pipe-line from a sobotage party must be considerable."

The "Manchester Guardian" says: "We must secure Iraq firmly. It is our backdoor into Turkey and lies on the flank of an intended German advance through Syria.

"If the Germans arrive in Syria we must meet them from our base in Palestine."

The "Daily Herald's" diplomatic correspondent also emphasizes that German and Italian agents have been numerous and active in Iraq. He describes Rashid Ali as a "notorious troublemaker in the land of trouble-makers."

The seriousness of the military problem should not be under-estimated. It means a drain, even if not a heavy drain, on British resources in the Middle East. Rashid Ali's action has been timed to fit in with the Axis drive into Greece, the threat to Turkey, and the advance in Libya. It is a very unpleasant diversion at this time, and in these circumstances the "Daily Mail" urges no kid-glove methods.

It describes the situation as of the utmost gravity—a serious threat to our rear in the forthcoming battle for Egypt. "If Hitler were in our position Rashid Ali would have been liquidated the day after he seized office, if ever he had been allowed to get that far. The Iraqi revolt must be crushed with all the strength we are able to concentrate."—Reuter.

Italian Prisoner in India Escapes

Smart Railway Official Arrests Another

Patna, May 4.

The police are searching for one of two Italian prisoners of war who escaped from the Ramgarh internment camp on the night of April 30 and May 1. The name of the prisoner is given as Lieut. Giovanni Bertoli.

The smartness of a railway official, whose suspicion was aroused by a 10-shilling note which was offered in place of Indian coinage, led to the arrest of another Italian prisoner who escaped on the same night.—Reuter.

U.S. Vessels Reach Suez With Arms

Official Denial That Ships Were Convoyed

Washington, May 4.

Reports that United States ships had reached Suez with war supplies were stated in maritime circles here last night to be "quite possibly true."

Freighters are known to have left America early in April with supplies for Greece and Yugoslavia following President Roosevelt's action in excluding the Red Sea from areas banned as combat zones.

Authoritative quarters stated that these shipments were never cancelled despite the fall of these two countries.—Reuter.

Not Convoyed

Washington, May 4.

The United States Navy yesterday issued a formal statement denying that any U.S. naval ships are being used for convoy duty.

When asked regarding overseas reports alleging that a number of U.S. warships had arrived at Suez with war materials for Britain, the Navy Department issued the following statement:—

"No United States Navy ships are employed in convoy duty."

Meanwhile, the U.S. Maritime Commission said it had no information regarding the arrival of any American vessels at Suez, but added that it does not keep informed on all ship movements.—United Press

26 Ships Arrive

Vichy, May 4.

Usually reliable diplomatic circles here reported that 26 United States merchantmen loaded to "the funnels" with arms and munitions for the aid of the British in the Middle East, have arrived at the Suez Canal.

The ships were convoyed by United States warships, it was said.

These vessels carried light tanks, and anti-aircraft guns, these sources further added.—Domei.

Well-Known Explorer Detained in England

Mr. St. John Philby Said Considering Action

London, May 4.

It was disclosed yesterday that the well-known Arabian explorer and orientalist, Mr. St. John Philby, has been detained for some months under the Defence Regulations, but was recently released.

At his Hampstead home it was stated that Mr. Philby was resting, and disinclined to speak about his detention. It is understood that he is considering whether he should take any action in the matter.

An expert on Saudi Arabia, Mr. Philby was one of the few Europeans permitted to reside in the Holy City of Mecca. In the year the war broke out, he contested a by-election at Hythe, in Kent, on behalf of a mush-room organization known as the "People's Party," but polled only 576 votes.—Reuter.

British Seamen to Have Better Position

Far-Reaching Changes to Be Made Shortly

London, May 4.

The lot of British seamen will be revolutionized by far-reaching changes likely to be made shortly in the merchant service, states Reuters' shipping correspondent.

It is believed that the main inovations planned under Ministry of Labour regulations are: seamen are assured for the first time of a secure job; better rates of pay with a guaranteed wage; improved conditions of service; more generous leave and a possible pool of all units of the merchant navy from which crews can be selected.

The correspondent understands that seamen will not lose entirely their long-cherished liberty in the choice of ships. For instance, a man, who was not happy on a voyage, would not be compelled to return to a vessel when it put to sea again.—Reuter.

Official Nazi Claims of British Shipping Losses

Berlin, May 4.

Informed sources yesterday said that the High Command last night was officially to announce that a total of 10,917,000 tons of British shipping has been sunk since the beginning of the war to May 1.

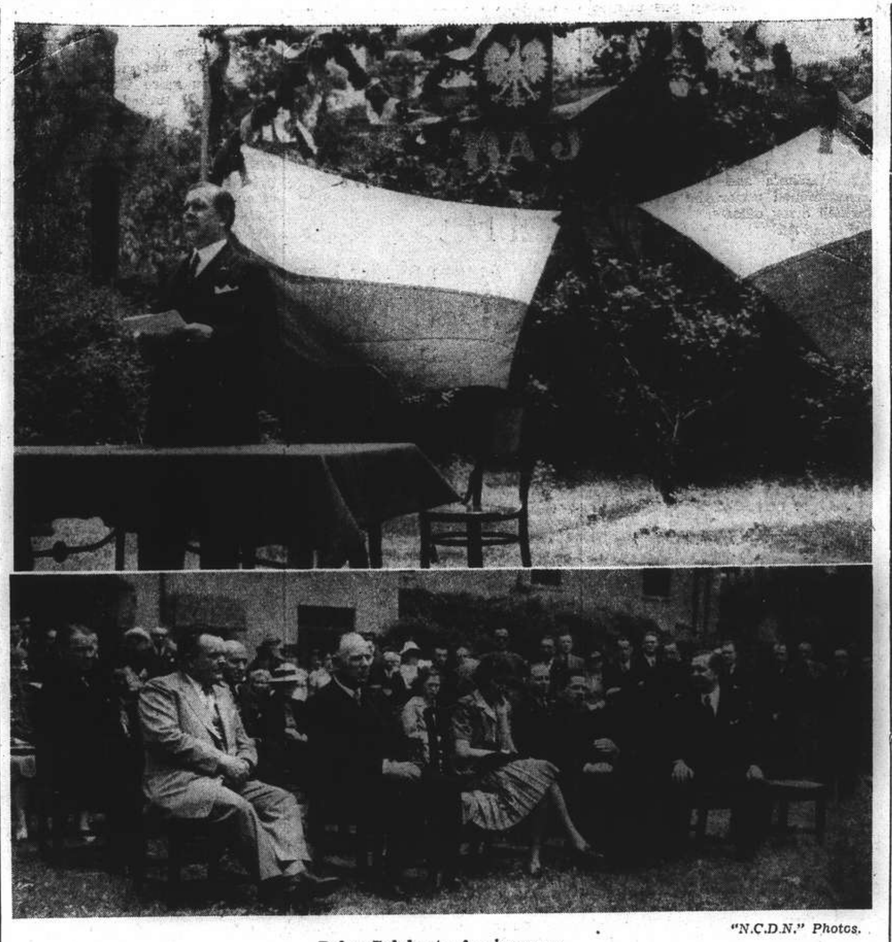
The figures represent about one half the total shipping originally available to the British. The High Command was to say that up to November 1, 1940, German forces sank 7,162,000 tons of British shipping and up to March 1, 1941, had sunk 9,199,000 tons, said informed sources.—United Press.

Menzies Arrives in Lisbon On Way to U.S.

London, May 4.

The Australian Prime Minister, Mr. R. G. Menzies, who left England yesterday for the United States, has arrived in Lisbon.

He flew in a former Royal Dutch Air Line aeroplane and was accompanied part of his way by R.A.F. machines.—Reuter



"N.C.D.N." Photos.

Poles Celebrate Anniversary

Poles and representatives of local Czech and Yugoslav communities gathered at the Polish Legation yesterday morning on the occasion of the 150th anniversary of the promulgation of the Polish Constitution of May 3, 1791. The upper photograph shows Mr. Stanislaw B. M. de Rosset addressing the meeting. Below is a scene in the garden of the Polish Legation where a large gathering of local Poles assembled. Representatives of the Czech and Yugoslav communities were also present. The photo shows the attendance, those in the first row being Major J. Stepan, representative of the Czech Government, Mr. Chudzinski, Mrs. de Rosset, the Right Rev. J. Krauze, and Mr. Stanislaw B. M. de Rosset, Polish Charge d'Affaires. Mr. E. P. Betchitch, head of the local Yugoslav community, may be seen sitting behing Mrs. de Rosset.

Churchill Broadcasts Message Of Hope to Poland

Country Did Not Hesitate in Refusing to Compromise National Honour

London, May 4.

MR. Winston Churchill, broadcasting to the Polish people all over the world on the occasion of the Polish National Day, said that they were right to keep the day as a national holiday, because the constitution of 1791 was a pattern when it was framed of intelligent political thought.

Neighbours in those by-gone days saw the adoption of this system as the beginning of the regeneration of Poland. They hastened to perpetrate the partition of the country before the Polish nation could consolidate its position. The same tragedy and the same crime was repeated in 1939.

The Germans became alarmed at the success achieved by the Polish nation in setting its house in order. They saw their aggressive designs would be thwarted by the growth of a strong independent Polish state. At the time of the brutal German attack, Poland had, in the face of tremendous difficulties, achieved notable progress during the 20 years of its revived national existence.

"To complete this work of national reconstruction, you needed, and you hoped for a similar period of peaceful development. When the call came, Poland did not hesitate; she did not hesitate to risk all the progress she had made rather than compromise her national honour, and she showed her spontaneous response with a spirit of national unity and self-sacrifice which has maintained her among the great nations of Europe through all her many trials and tribulations."

"I know from the talks I have had with Poles in Britain," Mr. Churchill said, "how the magnificent mass of the Polish nation answered the appeal to duty in the hour of need. We in this country who are conscious of our strength, built on the broad masses of the British nation, appreciate and admire the Polish nation for its noble attitude since the outbreak of war. Their bearing has won them universal admiration in this country and cast further lustre on the proud traditions of Poland."

Gen. Sikorski Praised

After paying a tribute to the leadership, energy and unfaltering confidence of Gen. Sikorski, Mr. Churchill said that Polish pilots, by their prowess, have played a glorious part in the repulse of the German air hordes.

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 3 *)

War Production in U.S. Increases

More Than Any Other Country to Be Turned Out Within 90 Days

Washington, May 4.

Within 90 days, the United States will be producing more war equipment than any other country in the world, declared the Secretary of the Navy, Colonel Frank Knox.

The first figures of aid to Britain since passing of the Lease-and-Lend Act have now been revealed. During March, the United States shipped to Great Britain and the Empire war supplies worth about $50,000,000, bringing the total for the first three months of the year up to $120,000,000. Of the $50,000,000 worth of supplies in March, three-quarters consisted of aircraft and air Weapons.

United States' help was shipped not only to the British Commonwealth but also to all democracies at war, and during March other war supplies were sent to China, Greece and the Netherlands East Indies.—Reuter.

Roman Catholic Church Recognized in Japan

Tokyo, May 4.

The Japanese Minister of Education has given legal recognition to the Roman Catholic Church as a juridical entity with civil rights.

This is the first time that Christianity has been legally recognised in Japan, but there is to be no diplomatic representation in the form of a Nuncio, it is stated.—Reuter.

12,000 Troops Not Accounted for

Sydney, May 4.

Mr. Spender, Minister for the Army, announced that after an analysis of messages from General Blamey, Second-in-Command in the Middle East, he estimated that some 12,000 British, Australian and New Zealand troops were not yet accounted for following the Greek Campaign. Three thousand left on beaches were mostly non-combatant and labour. All nurses serving with the army had been evacuated, he added.—Reuter.

16 Nazi Aircraft Downed in Raids

Powerful Blows Delivered By R.A.F. in Wide-Spread Attacks on Continent

London, May 4.

Sixteen enemy aircraft were destroyed by R.A.F. night-fighters last night, it was learned today.

Night-bombing and night-fighting were carried out on a large scale during the night and during the early hours of Sunday morning. Bombs were dropped at many points in England, Scotland and Wales, and an Air Ministry communique states that substantial damage was done at south and south-east coast towns, but for the third night in succession Merseyside bore the brunt of the attack.

The Air Ministry frankly states that the raid on Merseyside was "very heavy and substantial. Full reports indicate that the number of casualties is likely to be large. Much damage was done".

Although considerable damage was caused during the bombing of south-east towns casualties were small. Elsewhere in Britain, though bombs were dropped at many points, damage was not great and the number of casualties not large, continues the Air Ministry.

Four German bombers were shot down before midnight. Altogether 16 were destroyed during the night.

This brings the total for the first three nights of May to 22.

London had an alert last night, the first for several days. Later, gunfire was heard in the London area.

There was some enemy air activity over Britain yesterday, mostly near the south-east and south-west coasts, states the Air Ministry communique.

No bombs were dropped in any area, but anti-aircraft gunners shot down one enemy aircraft into the sea off the coast of Kent during the afternoon. It is known that a second bomber was destroyed by anti-aircraft gunfire during the night of Friday, making a total of five during the night.

Brest, Cologne Raided

Thousands of incendiary bombs and some of the most powerful missiles among many tons of high explosives were dropped on the industrial centre of Cologne last night, when bombers of the Royal Air Force were over Western Germany, occupied France, Holland and Norway.

Heavy bombs straddled the German battle-cruisers Scharnhorst and Gneisenau which are lying at Brest, and many large fires were started in the dockyard area there.

British bombers also attacked docks at Cherbourg and Boulogne, the aerodrome of Le Touquet, oil-storage tanks at Rotterdam, and oil tanks and an aerodrome in southern Norway.

Smaller raids were carried on Essen and Duesseldorf.

All aircraft returned safely from these operations.—Reuter.

German Naval Forces Operating in Mediterranean, States the Admiralty

Nazi E-Boats Repeatedly Attacked British Vessels Carrying Out Withdrawal from Greece

London, May 4.

First reports that German naval units were operating in the Mediterranean were disclosed in an Admiralty communique yesterday describing evacuation of the British Expeditionary force from Greece.

The Admiralty said that although Germans had occupied Kalamata, on the Greek coast, British naval units went into the port on three successive nights and picked up hundreds of troops who had virtually abandoned all hope of rescue.

The Admiralty revealed that German "E-boats" repeatedly attacked one of the large convoys carrying troops from Greece and the Kaso strait, but the attacks were driven off without losses either to the convoy or escorting ships. The report was the first revelation of German naval units in the Mediterranean.

Two destroyers and four transports were lost during the evacuation of Greece, the Admiralty disclosed. The destroyers Wryneck and Diamond were sunk by German dive bombers and heavy casualties were feared, the Admiralty said.

Three of four transports were sunk and a fourth, loaded with 700 troops, was rescued.

On the night of April 24 about 13,500 troops were evacuated from the Rapthis and Nauplia areas On the night of April 25 about 550 troops were evacuated from the Megara area, and on the night of April 26 about 16,000 men were evacuated from Greece.

The Admiralty revealed that in the final attempt to evacuate about 12,750 troops, about 5,235 officers and men were removed and about 7,517 were left behind.—United Press.

Dr. Quo Tai-chi Appeals to U.S. for Planes to China

Chinese Foreign Minister Declares Cause of Democracies Helped by Continued Resistance

Washington, May 4.

DR. Quo Tai-chi, who will become China's new Foreign Minister, yesterday in a nationwide broadcast from here asked the United States for bombing and combat planes, guns and raw materials to help China fight Japan. The United States could keep Japan out of Singapore by sending planes to China, Dr. Quo said.

"I think I may justly point out that by making Japan use up its strength, China has done considerable service to the Democratic cause," Dr. Quo said. "Therefore Japan is compelled to hesitate before attempting further conquests.

"Singapore still stands, partly because Chinese resistance weakened Japan....It is fitting that China should make its contribution to Democracy, for that cause is the same the world over. This is a single struggle, though with many fronts."

Stronger Than Before

Dr. Quo said that China now is stronger than four years ago, and can fight four or 14 years more if necessary. But can do it better with United States help.

"Do not give weapons to our enemies, who are, if I may say so, your enemies too," he said. "Do not give them materials and fuel to bomb us. Give us the raw materials. Give us guns. Give us planes, combat planes and bombing planes, and guns to keep off enemy planes.

"I beg you to remember that when you give us bombing planes you are helping not only us but England. The Japanese can be kept from Singapore by bombers operating from Singapore. They also can be kept from Singapore by bombers operating from Chungking and other Chinese bases, operating directly to defend Singapore indirectly by keeping Japanese planes in China to defend Japanese troops and bases from our bombers.

"We can make the most effective use of planes ourselves. Only give us planes."—United Press.

Australians Stoutly Defending Tobruk

Enemy Advance in Western Perimeter Thrown Back by Tank Counter-Attack; Commonwealth Troops Praised in German Reports

Sydney, May 4.

THE Australians are still stoutly holding Tobruk, according to the Minister for the Army, Mr. P. C. Spender.

Reports, he said, state that the enemy captured forward areas on a three-mile front of the western perimeter, but a counter-attack by tanks compelled a section of the enemy to withdraw.—Reuter.

Abortive Attack on Outer Defences

Cairo, May 4.

A considerable German force participated in Friday's abortive attack against the outer defences in the south-west sector of Tobruk, according to the latest reports received in well-informed circles here. The fighting is described as fairly tough, but the position at the close of the day's engagement was left more or less the same.

Persistent enemy efforts to break through the defences are regarded as proof of the measure of inconvenience which the British hold on Tobruk is causing him.

A raid by a British mechanized column on the Sollum area is described as a wide, sweeping movement on the model of those which preceded the capture of Tobruk in December. The column reached the Bardia-Tobruk road, returning with prisoners and without sustaining casualties.

In Abyssinia, good progress is being made, and the enemy's position at Amba Alagi is becoming uncomfortable. A British column advancing north has now reached Val Dia. Although Val Dia is some distance from Amba Alagi, there is no considerable obstacle in the path of the British advance.

Attack on Tobruk Now at Standstill

Cairo, May 4.

"Although the enemy attack against the outer defences of Tobruk may be renewed, it was definitely brought to a standstill yesterday afternoon when tanks withdrew in face of vigorous artillery fire," states the latest communique issued by British General Headquarters this afternoon.

"In the Sollum area, mechanized forces again carried out a successful raid, inflicting casualties and capturing prisoners.

"In Abyssinia, another important point has been captured by our troops advancing upon Amba Alagi. In southern Abyssinia, operations are continuing."—Reuter.

The highest estimates put the Italian strength at Amba Alagi at 30,000.

Steady progress is being made around the Fike and Jimma area, but light rains have hindered increased British pressure on the enemy.

Nazi Ships Sunk

The sinking of an enemy destroyer and a merchantship in the Mediterranean is recorded in a R.A.F. Middle East communique.

R.A.F. bombers attacked an enemy destroyer and merchantship in the Mediterranean, three direct hits were registered on the destroyer and one on the merchantship. Subsequent reconnaissance proved that both were sunk.—Reuter.

Australians Praised

London, May 4.

The magnificent way in which the Imperial forces at Tobruk are fighting received tribute in the latest German reports of the action on the night of April 30, as published by the official German news agency.

The agency says that a strong German attack on the outer defences of Tobruk on the night of April 30 resulted in a penetration of nearly two miles.

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 4 *)

Cyprus, Palestine Ready for War

Full Precautions Taken Against Air Attacks by German Bombers

Nicosia, Cyprus, May 4.

With the war drawing nearer in the Eastern Mediterranean, Cyprus and Palestine have been quietly and swiftly perfecting their defences.

Full precautions against possible air attacks on Cyprus are being taken.

The Governor yesterday issued a statement advising all with no special reason for remaining in towns to go at once to hills. Those compelled to remain for business reasons, he added, should enlist in A.R.P. services.

An air-raid warning was sounded in Nicosia yesterday, when an aeroplane was sighted near the coast, but no raid developed.

Incessant movements of aeroplanes, warships and transports in these waters have brought home to the people of Cyprus and other territories in the eastern Mediterranean that the war is coming near.

At the same time the British Navy's recent mining of the eastern Mediterranean has given confidence.

Alexandria is busily preparing against air attacks, and the building of air-raid shelters for 100,000 people is being pushed forward.

From the Turkish mainland come reports of the movement of troops and aeroplanes to defensive positions in the Taurus mountains.

The situation in Syria remains obscure. Both French and native refugees reaching here tell of the continual arrival of Nazi "tourists." The frontier with Palestine is closed and guarded.—Reuter.

Order May Not Apply To Japan and Soviet

Freezing of Credits by U.S. Directed at Axis

Washington, May 4.

Well informed sources today expressed the belief that the United States Government, which will enforce an order freezing all foreign assets in the United States within the next few days, will not apply the law to Japan and the Soviet Union in the same manner as to Italy and Germany.

It was pointed out there still existed a difference in views between the Secretary of State, Cordell Hull, and the Secretary of the Treasury, Henry Morgenthau.

These circles reported that the administration was considering a general freezing order applying to all countries including Sweden, Japan, Italy, Germany and South American nations, with the provision providing a permit system whereby Britain and other allied powers will not be affected.

At the same time the freezing order will be eased somewhat toward Japan and the Soviet Union, it was indicated.—Domei.

Willkie Insisting on Strong U.S. Convoys of Material to Britain

Rate of Sinkings Said Serious; Two Senators Expected to Support Republican's Demands

Washington, May 4.

"WE have got to get goods delivered to Britain, and the Administration's sea patrol is inadequate," declared Mr. Wendell Willkie, Republican leader, in a statement to the press. "The rate of sinkings is so serious," he continued, "that we should protect our cargoes of food and arms to England." If he were President, he would have service experts advise him as to the best methods of protecting shipments.

"I am absolutely in favour of delivering goods, whether by convoy, aeroplane accompaniment, or any other method deemed best," said Mr. Willkie.

Discussing the public reaction to his recent suggestion in an article "to give Britain ships till it hurts," Mr. Willkie asserted that he found people confused, although searching earnestly and hoping the Administration would give them information and leadership.

People, he declared, were walking in the dark and unable to find the direction in which to go, until they were given the facts.

Referring to the recent incident between President Roosevelt and Col. Lindbergh, he said he was certain they could convince all Americans that their foreign policy was right and wise if they kept the channels of public discussion free and unclogged with bitterness or personal recrimination.

It is authoritatively stated that Mr. Willkie has sent a message to President Roosevelt offering to support him in any move to ensure delivery of goods to Britain.

Mr. Willkie, after his statement, left for South America.

Meanwhile, there are indications in the capital that Congress will hear increasing demands for American convoys. Senator Joseph F. Guffey, Democrat from Pennsylvania, voiced the plea on Thursday, and Senator Claude Pepper, Democrat from Florida, is doing likewise at the Senate on Monday.—Reuter.

More Support

New York, May 4.

Mr. A. V. Singer, National Senior Vice-Commander of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, today advocated the convoying by the United States Navy of supply ships en route to Britain.

"When we consider the billions of dollars that are being spent and that will be spent, we do not want ships to be sent to the bottom of the ocean. I believe these ships should be convoyed" Mr. Singer said.—Reuter.

Chinese Success At Wenchow

Counter-attack Claimed Reason for Japanese Chekiang Withdrawals

Chungking, May 4.

Following a Chinese counter-offensive on May 2, Chinese forces reoccupied Wenchow and Haimen, important ports on the Chekiang coast, according to Chinese field despatches reaching here.

The Chinese, it is claimed, advanced in two columns under cover of an artillery bombardment.

Chinese troops, the despatches continue, quickly took strategic hills west and south-west of Wenchow and entered the town via the west gate at 11 a.m. on May 2.

Simultaneously, strong detachments stormed Wenchow from the east and south and engaged the Japanese in street-fighting, it is said.

Chinese forces attacking Haimen are said to have entered the town at dawn on May 3. After setting fire to the port, the Japanese boarded warships and transports on the precious night.

Chungking Casualties Light

Five persons were killed and 11 injured and 50 houses were domolished in yesterday's raid on Chungking; six fires were started, but they were quickly under control, states an official communiqué.

Sixty-three Japanese aircraft in two groups participated in yesterday's bombing of Chungking, the first group comprising 54 and the second group nine bombers."

After dropping more than 200 bombs, the raiders disappeared eastward.—Reuter.

Pro-British Sympathy Strong in Belgium

Germans Ordered to Shoot Wall Scribblers

London, May 4.

German sentries have instructions to fire on any person, man, woman or child, writing on walls of buildings occupied by troops in Liege, according to an announcement by the free Belgian news agency.

Posters giving warning of this are torn down and inscriptions hostile to the Germans cover the walls of the towns and villages throughout Belgium. Posters containing anti-British propaganda are similarly torn down, and acts of sabotage are continuous and widespread.

The same news agency reports the existence of an organization for concealing British soldiers which must have much in common with the famous organization of Nurse Cavel, the British nurse who was shot by the Germans in the World War for assisting the escape of British prisoners of war. Thirteen men and women have just been sentenced to terms varying from one to eight years for failing to hand over to the Germans troops for whom they were seeking.—Reuter.

Italy Acquires Slice Of Slovenia

Official Decree Defines New Status of Territory

Rome, May 4.

The 99th Italian province was admitted to the realm of King Victor Emmanuel III, when an official decree yesterday defined the future status of part of Slovenia.

Reliable reports said that Italy received 10,000 square kilometres of Slovenia's total area of 16,000 square kilometres, and also received 850,000 new subjects.

Italy also obtained the chief Slovene city of Ljubljana, it was said.

The German section of Slovenia was said to comprise mostly the province of Styria, in which a large German minority live.

The Slovenian statute was believed to be modeled after the new province of Dalmatia. On the other hand, it was understood that Montenegro would become a crown dependency, similar to Albania, while Croatia would become an independent state. —United Press.

THE CINEMA

"San Francisco Docks"

Johnny Barnes .....Burgess Meredith
Kitty Tracy .....Irene Hervey
The Icky .....Barry Fitzgerald
Admiral Andy .....Raymond Walburn
Cameron .....Robert Armstrong
Conway .....Colin Campbell
Mike .....Glenn Strange
District Attorney ....William Davidson
Cassidy .....Joseph Downing
Sanford .....Lewis Howard
Frances March .....Esther Ralston
Hank .....Ed Gargan

"San Francisco Docks," now showing at the Nanking, is an extremely successful "thriller" of the type at which Hollywood is so competent. Mr. Burgess Meredith, cast as a tough longshoreman who accidently gets mixed up in a murder, nominally has the leading role, but Miss Irene Hervey, a pretty newcomer to the screen, is actually more outstanding. She has a stereotyped part—that of the innocent man's girl friend who sets out to clear him of the charge—but contrives to make it somewhat above average. The minor actors are indeed minor, yet provide a fitting background for the story. A good little cameo is turned in by Mr. Robert Armstrong, as a sort of "muscular" Chsistian who assists in trackin down the real killer. The atmosphere of the docks and the people who live and work in them is well-caught by the producer, who has raised an average film to something above average.

Three shorts, "Stranger than Fiction," "Fired Man" and "Kittens' Mittens" precede the main feature.—A.B.C.

French Motor Industry To Aid Axis

Zurich, May 4.

The French, German and Italian motor industries have signed an agreement in Berlin for a scheme of collaboration which is to be prepared by a commission composed of five representatives of each country presided over by a German, states a Vichy dispatch to the Italian-controlled Telea Press Agency.—Reuter.

★British Occupy Basrah After Brief Engagement

(Continued from page 1)

out in London that these have always been in Iraqi hands with the single exception of the Sheiba aerodrome near Basrah, where, so far as is known, no hostile action has been attempted.

The Iraqi Army is divided into three main groups, stationed at Baghdad, Basrah and Mosul, with a smaller section on the outskirts of Baghdad. The troops attacking Habbaniyah were drawn from the Baghdad group, which is known to have connections with the Nazis. How far the sympathies of the other groups incline towards Germany is not known.

According to reports from Vichy, all is quiet in the Iraqi capital. The people of Iraq have been asked over the radio to report to the police the presence of foreign aircraft or parachutists. The Iraqi Government is known to have called up the reserve of officers in two classes.

Feisal II, the four-year-old King of Iraq, is at present in Baghdad with his mother. Although the country is rent with intrigue, all sections of the nation undoubtedly remain loyal to the dynasty, since the memory of King Feisal is universally revered.

Reports from Vichy state that the Wilhelmstrasse is observing an ostentatious silence over the events in Iraq. Correspondents in Budapest remark that the reports of an appeal by the Iraqi Prime Minister to the Reich cause no surprise in Berlin political circles.

It is recalled that Hitler asserted that Germany will attack Britain wherever she is to be found.

German Interest

The Germans are showing a particular interest in the developments round the Persian Gulf. Rome is also following developments in Iraq with great attention, and the Axis-controlled press of Central Europe is full of references to the "ferment in the Arab world."

Reports from Ankara state that President Inonu of Turkey is being kept informed hour by hour of the situation in Iraq, according to the Lyons radio.

Turkey is said to have moved troops and aircraft into defensive positions in the Taurus Mountains, through which the Baghdad railway runs into Iran.

In Ankara itself, the British Ambassador, Sir Hughe Knatchbull-Hugessen, and other members of the British Embassy staff attended a tea party yesterday given by the Iraqi Minister in honour of the birthday of the King of Iraq.

No news of the developments in Iraq were received in Ankara yesterday, and it is believed that communications with that country have been interrupted.

Turkey and Hungary Sign Trade Pact

London, May 4.

A trade and monetary agreement between Hungary and Turkey has been concluded, according to the Swiss Radio. The agreement, which will come into force on June 1, is expected to lead to a considerable extension of trade between the two countries, said the announcer.—Reuter.

The German radio has, however, been heard quoting Istanbul information that the Iraqi Ministry of National Defence has called on all doctors of military age to report for service, and also that the 1906 class of reservists will be called to the colours next Tuesday.

The opening of hostilities in Iraq follows an intensive and carefully prepared campaign of Nazi intrigue, writes Reuters' special correspondent in Cairo.

The arrival of British troops at Basrah on April 18 finally forced Rashid Ali to show his hand, disclosing that the Iraqi administration which effected a military coup d'etat on April 1 had a secret agreement with Berlin and Rome.

It is evident, continues the correspondent, that Rashid Ali agreed to the transit of British troops in order to maintain the illusion that he intends to respect the Anglo-Iraqi treaty. Nevertheless, knowing that Rashid Ali was secretly negotiating with Germany, the British authorities and services in Iraq took the necessary precautions to safeguard their interests in the event of possible disturbance.

Possible Trouble

There was, however, a possibility of trouble in the Iraqi army, since a number of Iraqi military leaders are known to have hesitated to support Rashid Ali.

When further contingents of British troops arrived at Basrah, Rashid Ali, on instructions from Berlin, refused to allow them to land and ordered most of the pro-German group of the Iraqi army stationed in Baghdad to concentrate round Habbaniyah. As the British Ambassador had already warned Rashid Ali, a clash became inevitable.

On the death of King Feisal Iraq became an arena for many political struggles which unsettled the people and made the country a fertile spot for foreign intrigue. In 1936 military leaders began to take an active part in politics, and German agents began subsidizing young officers.

The military coup d'etat on April 1, the correspondent declares, was engineered by these officers.

On the outbreak of war in 1939 Premier Nuri gave 162 Germans then in Iraq, including Dr. Grobba, the German Minister in Baghdad, three days to leave the country, but after their departure Italian agents carried on their propaganda work under the direction of Dr. Grobba, who went to Italy.—Reuter.

"Holy War" Threatens

New York, May 4.

Hostilities spread in Iraq yesterday as the British were reported marching on Baghdad. Fighting flared at Basrah and Arabs were reported about to launch a "Holy War" against England. German reports from Beirut said Arabs were mustering an "Army of Salvation" to "throw off the British yoke."—United Press.

"Army of Salvation"

Berlin, May 3.

A new army named the "Army of Salvation" is being formed in Transjordania by the British and has been placed under the command of Emir Abdullah of Transjordania and Nouri Said Pasha, the former Premier of Irak, the official D.N.B. news agency reported from Istanbul today.

The British High Commissioner in Palestine has placed large sums of money at the disposal of this army, the D.N.B. added.

The agency also stated that fortifications along the frontier between Transjordania and Irak have been strengthened under the direction of British army officers.

From Ankara, the same agency announced that King Ibn Saud of Saudi Arabia has sent powerful military units to the Irak border.—Havas Telemondial.

Britons Reach Haifa

Haifa, May 4.

British women and children evacuated from Iraq have been arriving here by air since Friday.—Reuter.

★Message of Hope To Poland

(Continued from page 1)

Meanwhile, Polish sailors have been earning the respect and high regard of their comrades in the Royal Navy and Merchant Marine, with whom they are sharing the task of maintaining those contacts with America and with the outside world through which will come the liberation of their country.

The presence of the Polish Government and armed forces in Britain had enabled us to get to know each other better, and to build the foundation for Anglo-Polish relations after the common victory and the restoration of Poland's freedom.

All over Europe, races and states whose culture and history made them a part of the general life of Christendom in the centuries when the Prussians were no better than a barbarous tribe, and the German Empire no more than a conglomeration of "pumpernickel" principalities, are now prostrate under the dark cruel yoke of Hitler and his Nazi gang.

Every week his firing parties are busy in a dozen lands. On Monday he shoots Dutchmen, on Tuesday Norwegians, on Wednesday Frenchmen or Belgians stand against the wall, on Thursday it is the Czechs who must suffer, and now there are Serbs and Greeks to fill his repulsive bill of executions. But always, all the days, there are the atrocities committed by Hitler upon the Poles, which exceed in the severity and scale of their violence anything perpetrated by Hitler in any other conquered land.

Message of Hope

To the Poles in Poland who are bearing the full brunt of Nazi oppression, Mr. Churchill said: "We send you our message of hope and encouragement tonight, knowing that the Poles will never despair, and the soul of Poland will remain unconquerable. This war against mechanized barbarians who, slave-hearted themselves, are fitted only to carry their curse to others,—this war will be long and hard, but the end is sure.

"The end will reward all the toil, all the disappointment all the suffering in those who faithfully serve the cause of European and world freedom. The day will dawn, perhaps sooner than we now have the right to hope, when the insane attempt at Prussian domination, the era of racial hatred, of the armoured vehicle, the secret police, the alien overseas and the still more filthy Quislings will pass like a monstrous dream, and in that morning of hope and freedom not only the embattled and at last well-armed democracies, but all that is noble and fearless in the new world as well as in the old will salute the rise of Poland to be a nation once again."—Reuter.

Axis Warned to Beware "WBA" Signal

Scuttling or Use of Radio Will Bring Shots

London, May 4.

"Stop, Don't lower boats. Don't scuttle. Don't use radio. If you disobey, I will open fire," that is the meaning of the signal "WBA" in the International code which British warships henceforth will make to enemy ships.

At the request of the Admiralty a warning to this effect was broadcast to the world by British stations yesterday.—Reuter.

Small Money Ban in North China

Peiping, May 3.

The ban on the circulation of small notes and coins of banks other than the Federal Reserve Bank, as from June 1, was the subject of a statement from Mr. Wang Shih-ching, Finance Director of the North China Political Council and President of the Federal Reserve Bank, which was read at a press conference here today.

According to the statement the ban would benefit the currency stabilization programme in North China.

Mr. Wang urged that bankers would accept these notes and coins, exchange them for Federal Reserve Bank currency, and send them to their respective banks of issue.—Havas Telemondial.

Capt. James Roosevelt Arrives in Rangoon

Rangoon, May 4.

Capt. James Roosevelt, U.S.M.C., eldest son of the United States President, arrived here today by air from Chungking.

He will continue his journey tomorrow to Cairo, where he is to act as a military observer.—Reuter.

California Clipper on Way to Singapore

San Francisco, May 4.

The California Clipper of Pan-American Airways left here yesterday for Singapore, inaugurating a new service via Manila.—Reuter.

Few Australians Left in Greece

Sydney, May 4.

Mr. Percy C. Spender, Australian Minister of the Army, revealed that Lieut.-General Sir Thomas Blamey's reports on the Greek evacuation stated 3,000 Allied troops were left behind, although these included few Australians. —Reuter.

Russia Next on Nazi List

London Sunday Press Comments on Actions In Asia Minor

London, May 4.

The Battle for Iraq and Mosul is a direct consequence of the British defeat in Greece which inevitably raised new diplomatic as well as strategic difficulties, says the "Observer's" diplomatic correspondent.

"Developments are expected to be rapid. The Germans clearly calculate that Turkey is impressed by the German victory in Greece, and are encouraged by the fact that Turkey recently accepted a trade agreement to believe Turkey will allow herself to be obliterated without fighting. Whether that confidence is justified or whether Germany has misjudged the stuff of which Turkey is made, will now be quickly revealed.

"Russia is next on Germany's list, and Russia knows it. The German threat in Asia Minor and the appearance of German troops in Finland are a pincer threat to Russia. The question remains, whether Russia will be in time to prevent a German lighting coup.

"Spain's attitude, too, must now be soon revealed."

The "Sunday Times" says the British navy in the Mediterranean has ample reserves of oil, so any danger to the Mosul pipeline need cause no immediate concern. "Iraq is only a diversion; the main German operation must be expected against Egypt."—Reuter.

★Tobruk Defences Unpenetrated

(Continued from page 1)

"Australian troops offered strong resistance, even after the Germans had pushed through, and stubbornly attempted to defend isolated dug-outs."

The agency speaks of the repulse of several British counter-attacks and claims the capture of many prisoners and several British armoured-cars, and concludes by referring to the bringing up of British reinforcements and heavy British artillery fire.—Reuter.

S. Africans to be Sent

Capetown, May 4.

In response to a request from the British Government, South African troops will be sent from Abyssinia to the Western Desert, announced General Jan Smuts, South African Prime Minister and Commander-in-Chief, in the House of Assembly yesterday.

General Smuts declared that part of the South African Air Force was already on its way to Egypt.

"We are going to use our troops in Egypt and take part in that campaign to the fullest of our resources. The setback which has been suffered by the British forces in Libya presents us with a task with which we shall have to grapple. Under the circumstances the British authorities asked us that as soon as our troops can be released from the Abyssinian campaign that we should go to their assistance. The Government has agreed to do so.

"A portion of our air force is already on the move to Egypt."

The Abyssinian compaign is almost at an end," General Smuts added. The South African troops deserved their country's gratitude for their great work there, and great thanks are due to the way they have been led in the field by General A. G. Cunningham.

Referring to Greece, General Smuts said he could not see in the situation which faced Britain in the Balkans and Greece how she could have done otherwise than she did.—Reuter.

Rumours of Matsuoka Trip to U.S. Persist

Tokyo, May 4.

Current rumours mention a possible visit to the United States by the Foreign Minister, Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka.

In authoritative Japanese circles, quoted by a Japanese report, it is considered that after conclusion of the Japanese-Soviet neutrality pact, it is only "natural" that a settlement of problems outstanding with the United States should be the next important diplomtic step it is considered coubtful whether the time for such a visit is opportune.—Reuter.

Churchill Attacked By Hitler

Britain Alleged to Be Cause of European War In Reichstag Speech

Berlin, May 4.

"At a time when deeds are everything, I do not intend to come before you more than is absolutely necessary: I turned to you for the first time at the outbreak of the war when, thanks to the French-British conspiracy against peace, every attempt at a settlement with Poland had failed; all my attempt to reach, with Britain particularly, permanently friendly co-operation were frustrated by the wish and will of a small clique which turned down every German proposal for an understanding. The moving spirit of this plan, as fanatical as it was diabolical, to get war at any price, was even at that time Churchill and his assistants, the men who now form his government. The strongest, open and concealed, support was accorded these efforts by the so-called great democracies on both sides of the ocean."

Thus declared Hitler before a specially-convened meeting of the Reichstag this afternoon at 6 p.m. Berlin time (1 a.m. Monday, Shanghai Summer Time).

"At a time when discontent was increasing among the nations, the responsible men, with their failing art of government, considered that they could best master the problems for which there was no longer any other solution, by a successful war. Behind them stood the great international Jewish banks and exchanges and their munition referring to his so-called peace offer after the fall of France, Hitler said the European warmongers succeeded in inducing the populations to continue the struggle and, as once before, they were again ready to sacrifice the blood of nations without scruple in the interests of their gold. —Reuter.

Democracy Will Be Triumphant

Staunton, Virginia, May 4.

Speaking at Staunton, the birthplace of Woodrow Wilson, President Roosevelt today declared the American people are "ever right to fight again" for the existence of democracy in the world.

The President expressed faith that democracy would emerge triumphant from the "tragic conflict which the world witnesses today. The human race has made true advancement only as it has appreciated human values. Those unhappy peoples who placed their sole reliance on the sword have inevitably perished by the sword."—Reuter.

Mr. Menzies Praises British Women

Now Playing Vast Part in Country's War Effort

London, May 4.

"If someone asked me to say quickly what is my outstanding impression of Britain today," said Mr. R. G. Menzies in a broadcast, "I would think of many things—Winston Churchill, the resolute and supremely eloquent embodiment of British fighting spirit, the splendid boys of the R.A.F., the factories, surrounded in some cases by workpeoples' shattered homes, roaring out their busy answer to the enemy—but above all of Britain's women. Is it possible that not long ago we thought of them as the weaker sex in the passive role of 'men must work and women must weep'?

"But what do we find now? Women are conducting a vast war organization with conspicous success and achieving amazing marvels in war workshops. It marks the beginning of a new era which will usher in enormous social and other changes about which we can only speculate. From the Queen, whose cheerful, brave smile has brought comfort to thousands of people in wrecked homes, down to the humblest woman of the East End."—Reuter.

Simoniz Gives Lasting Beauty

MOTORISTS WISE
SIMONIZ
MAKES CARS STAY BEAUTIFUL

Feat in Greece Even Surpasses Dunkirk

London, May 4.

Dunkirk had come to be regarded as the greatest combined evacuation operation in the history of warfare, but in Greece the navy had to go in and take out, almost without any protection against dive-bombers, 45,000 men, said the First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. A. V. Alexander, in a speech yesterday.

"I regard it as almost a miracle that in this last evacuation we lost only two destroyers," he said.—Reuter.

Only Two Ways to Beat Britain, Say Nazis

Invasion of U.K. or Cutting Of Shipping Life Lines

Berlin, May 4.

"There is only one person in the world who knows if and when the invasion of Britain may take place. That is the Fuhrer's great secret," Thus states the official Nazi "Dienst aus Deutschland" today.

The alternative to an invasion, it declares, is the "severance of the life lines of the British Empire." These moves, the paper admits, are the "only two possible ways of forcing the British Empire to its knees and thus bringing the war to an end."—Reuter.

Von Papen In Berlin

Berlin, May 4.

German authorities yesterday said that contrary to their statement of Friday, Herr Franz von Papen, German Ambassador to Turkey, had returned to Ankara. Herr von Papen yesterday was still in Berlin and would "probably stay two or three days."—United Press.

Istanbul Evacuation Continues

Istanbul, May 4.

More evacuees left Istanbul on Friday when a third evacuation vessel weighed anchor, bound for Black Sea ports. Of the scheduled number of persons who applied for evacuation, however, only a third elected to leave. —Domei.

Enjoy Sunlight
Eliminate Reflected Glare With POLAROID
Best Sun Glasses of 1941

Large variety of style and colour
One Price Policy
STANDARD OPTICAL CO.
297 Nanking Road, Tel. 97026

Soviet Ships May Make Regular Run Here

Hopes That New Service May Reduce Prices

Filling an important gap in Shanghai, a Soviet shipping firm will be established here to start a regular run of Soviet steamers between Vladivostok and this city, it was reported last night. Quoting coal merchants, the report said that nine Soviet ships would arrive here soon carrying many commodities for daily use.

It was expected that with Soviet ships starting a run here, while other foreign ships are reserved for official use, the freight charges would be reduced thus helping to reduce prices. The same report stated that same enterprising Siamese merchants were also planning to place five ships on the same route.

Admiral Darlan Confers With Reich Ambassador

Vichy, May 4.

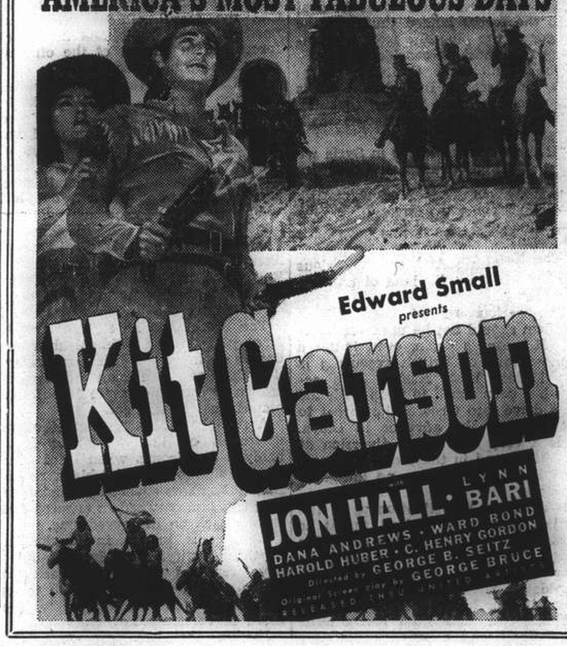
Admiral Darlan, Vice-Premier, conferred with German Ambassador Abetz at Paris, informed political circles reported.—Domei.

METROPOL
Returning Soon!

... the street where songs are born
JACK OAKIE
JOHN PAYNE
ALLEN JENKINS • ESTHER RALSTON • NICHOLAS BROTHERS • BEN CARTER

The TOWER NIGHT CLUB
DINNER from 8.30 | 9th floor CATHAY HOTEL | PHONE 11340
EVERY EVENING
EXCEPT SUNDAY
• MLLE CLAUDETTE •
AND THE
POPULAR "TOWER" ORCHESTRA
WILL ENTERTAIN YOU

NANKING — NEXT BIG ATTRACTION!
THE THUNDERING SPECTACLE OF AMERICA'S MOST FABULOUS DAYS


Edward Small presents
Kit Carson
JON HALL · LYNN BARI
DANA ANDREWS · WARD BOND
HAROLD HUBER · C. HENRY GORDON
Directed by GEORGE B. SEITZ
Original Screen Play by GEORGE BRUCE

SHANGHAI POWER COMPANY

To our Consumers:

In view of the present shortage in the supply of fuel for our Riverside generating station it is urgently requested that you reduce your use of electricity as much as possible.

Every effort is being made to obtain additional fuel and you will be informed the instant that any relief is secured. Until such time it is essential that you conserve the use of electricity.

L. M. Pharis,
Vice-President and General Manager.

Uncensored News From Norway

First-hand Impressions of Conditions Inside Country Recounted in Broadcast Talk

IN the first of a series of Sunday evening talks on conditions in his own country, which is now being ground under the Nazi heel, Mr. K. A. Persen, local Norwegian resident, yesterday quoted extracts from interviews given by two fellow-countrymen who have left the country. The people are not depressed or hopeless, declared Mr. Persen. His broadcast follows:—

"Some day in the sane and peaceful atmosphere of a new world based on true democracy, when the historians will record the events connected with the present holocaust brought about by selfishness and lust for power, the phase of the present passive resistance in Norway will form one of the most graphic and stirring chapters. It has been truly stated in an American journal recently that Norway is the only country in the world where the Nazis are on the defensive and that in spite of all their ruthlessness the representatives of the one hundred million 'master-race' quite often take a beating literally and symbolically at the hands of their 3,000,000 Norwegian 'subjects'.

Troops Changed

"In fact, and this is one of the reasons why Hitler constantly changes his troops in Norway, the Nazis there are learning too quickly, to the detriment of their impossible creed, what real culture means. They have discovered that there is something no brute force can conquer, and in the faces of the men, women and children of my country they read their ultimate fate.

"In this my first regular Sunday evening broadcast over this station let me emphasize what I stated some months ago. Since I commenced these talks I have tried to present you with facts. I have spared no efforts to check and verify all my information. I believe you know that I am not trying to mislead you and that the statements and information I have given you of the conditions existing in my country are true. We do not have to manufacture propaganda because we have a perfect case, a case which, as all the civilized world knows, requires no defence.

"Norway has proved, perhaps to a greater degree than any other country, that the Nazi campaign to establish their 'New Order', that perverted phrase, wich they rant so much about, is doomed to failure. Nothing can be more clear and above-board than the policy of the Norwegian Government in London, the only legally established authority that a real Norwegian recognizes. There has never been any ambiguity about any of the statements made by our leaders. We are not merely receiving scattered pieces of information about present conditions in Norway, but on the contrary we have a continuous stream of abundant evidence to prove that as far as the Norwegian people is concerned the Nazi attempts to impose their ideas by propaganda and brute force have met and are meeting with dismal failure. And if in a country that may justly lay claim to some degree of civilization, the Nazi way of life has been greeted with such scorn it means that the civilization which the world has come to recognize as such, has rejected a creed which can only be termed fanatical and destructive.

The Nazis always run true to their vicious system and the happenings in Norway are the general pattern for what is taking place in all the occupied countries.

Aviator's Impressions

"Not long ago a Norwegian aviator on his way to Camp Little Norway in Canada arrived in New York from Norway. His statement is a remarkable human document. It expresses in vivid terms a Norwegian's reaction grief, anger, bitterness—to that which he has lived through in his own country. Here are fragments of his story: It is a surprisingly long distance around the world and it takes a disproportionately long time to accomplish the journey under present conditions. Considering, however, that in two months I have travelled from the darkness of the mediaeval ages now manifest in Norway several hundred years to the 20th century culture in America, I must say that the speed and the transition is overwhelming. I am afraid that here on the last peaceful bulwark of our culture, Nazism is looked at in much the same innocent manner we in Norway did regard it before the war. It is simply impossible to have any idea how physically and psychically vulgar and rough it is before one has had the experience actually to live in the midst of these things in one's own community.

"I fear that, to some extent at least, America views Norway's fight and the fight of other countries as something partly not concerning America, because here they are of the opinion that it is only a question of the individual country's liberty. Believe me this fight is something far more important. It is the bitter defence of the principles of right, those human rights, that culture and humane behaviour which the modern democracies have attained after centuries of wars and bloodshed. In short, those essential conditions of living which bestow upon one the right to feel like a human being and not like an animal. From personal experience I can assure you, continues my countryman, that when the day comes that you discover you have become an animal you refuse point-blank to continue in that role and you will do everything within the limits of possibility to regain your human worth and self-respect. You will soon learn to understand what so-called German thoroughness is.

Costly "Defence"

"'Through the streets, daily, you will see singing and marching German soldiers who are defending you against the English. This defence costs Norway about 100,000,000 kroner per month. 'Heil Hitler' keeps buzzing about one's ears throughout the entire day. As often as not the streets are filled with as many Germans as Norwegians. They circulate in a steady stream between shops and restaurants. They are well provided with money and do not need rationing cards. In front of the Storting (Parliament Building) and other public buildings you see Nazi soldiers with fixed bayonets. In the halls and rooms of the Storting there are crowds of German functionaries, civil and military. They are directing the paralysed industrial life of Norway with that typical attention to details which only Germans can show. All Norwegian leaders have, to a lesser or greater degree, become mouth-pieces for the Nazi will. All those who have refused to do so—and gradually that has been the case with many—have received the opportunity to enjoy the scent of this 20th century 'flower-of-culture' called the Gestapo.

"'Perhaps you are sitting one day in a restaurant reading Aften Posten. It might just as well be Tidens Tegn because they are all alike. In the paper you will find, for example, an interview with yourself as the chief of the corn monopoly. In this interview, in an indignant manner, you kill all these evil rumours to the effect that the Germans have exported corn from Norway. You know of course that the Germans have exported large quantities of all food stuffs from Norway. But you are equally aware that it would be as impossible to deny your own statement as to travel to the moon.

German Lie Exposed

"Let me interrupt for a moment my countryman's impressions and relate an amusing incident concerning this export of food stuffs to Germany. You know of course that German films constitute an important ingredient of the Nazi propaganda diet in Norway since the Nazis firmly believe that no Norwegian would contest the veracity of actual photographs. The Nazis recently ran a film showing the unloading of German ships at one of the docks in Oslo, thus attempting to convey the impression that the Germans were bringing their own supplies to Norway. Suddenly a man rose in the audience and shouted:—Stop! You are running the film in reverse.

"The other day, on his return to Shanghai, the chief of the local Nazi propaganda news agency granted an interview to one of the local papers. He stated that living conditions were quite good in Berlin and that no ration cards are required for poultry and fish which are available in large quantities. I am glad one of the Nazis, and especially one occupying such an important position, confirmed what I have maintained all the time since the invasion, that his fellow-plunderers have made a thorough job of it in my country, and in other occupied countries. The latest information I have from Norway is to the effect that the Northland provinces, centre of the richest fisheries in all Europe, are faced with the extraordinary prospect of going without fish to eat! This is, of course, thanks to Nazi demands that practically the whole catch of fresh fish be shipped to Germany for consumption. While they are thus depriving Norwegians of sorely-needed fish and fish products the Germans boast that they are really helping Norway by creating a good market for fish. Life has always been hard for the fishermen of northern Norway, but now their hardships have been redoubled. Cut off from their usual supplies of fuel, bait and equipment, they have to pay exhorbitant prices for such material as can be purchased. Operating expenses have risen so sharply that with the prices paid by Germans for fish there is little or no profit in fishing nowadays.

How Gestapo Acts

"Just another glimpse from the young aviator's story:—For some reason you have been suspected of co-operation with the Norwegian Government in London. Gestapo must naturally provide proofs of its 'raison d'etre'. While you are sitting unsuspectingly in a restaurant reading the day's paper—as usual surrounded by your protecting Germans—a Nazi comes up to you and in faultless Norwegian requests you to accompany him. You anticipate the rest. but you are not permitted to inform your wife or children. You disappear without leaving any trace until your nearest discover your fate. That is not so difficult any longer. All you have to do is to go directly to the police station. You have not done anything and have nothing to say or you have done something and will say nothing. In any case the result is that you will be beaten senseless and sent to a hospital. Later, having recovered somewhat, you will receive the same treatment until finally something escapes you which can be used to commit you to prison or in the worst case—death. And, your attention is forcibly and unmistakably directed to the fact that if you had the opportunity to tell anyone about your treatment you will in any case be liable to punishment by death.

"Already half a year ago I knew from personal experience that the Norwegian prisons were full and amongst these prisoners you would find a number of the country's outstanding men. The situation can best be characterized by a remark made by one of our professors attached to the University in Oslo. Meeting a friend on the city's main street he shook his head and remarked:—'It is becoming almost embarrassing to take a walk on the Karl Johan Street now since almost every decent being is imprisoned'."

One of the members of the new Nazified Supreme Court of Norway, a certain Judge Mohr, is finding himself about as popular as a garlic-eating skunk. Not only does he have a whole subway car to himself when riding to Olso from his suburban home, but it is reported that members of his own family will have nothing to do with him since his appointment by the Nazis.

"Free People, the official organ of the Norwegian Nazi party has launched a campaign to increase its circulation. The person who signs up the largest number of subscribers will be given an autographed photograph of Vidkun Quisling; second prize in the contest will consist of a copy of Quisling's book Quisling Has Stated; and the winner of the third prize will have the singular honour of spending a whole day with the Norwegian Nazi Fuehrer.

"A Norwegian who had resided in Sweden since the early summer of 1940 finally decided to return home. As he entered the railway restaurant inside the Norwegian border his attention was drawn to two big placards on the wall. One of these placards concerned espionage and contained strong warnings to the effect that any contravention of its contents would be punished by death. The other placard bore an emblem resembling an eagle and announced in big letters Norway Calls. Below appeared these two words National Union. This placard was placed in such a position almost under the ceiling that it was impossible for anyone to reach it. How necessary this precaution was he said, I had the opportunity of discovering when later I went for a walk through this little town. Everywhere signs of torn down placards met my eyes. But in some places they had been left alone and for a particular good reason: Someone had written the word traitors at the bottom of the placard so that the text had become as follows: Norway Calls—National Union—Traitors. In the railway stand I had bought a copy of Free People which I had put on the table while leaving the restaurant for a moment. As I returned a young man was holding the paper, obviously in the act of throwing it into the stove. I was a little surprised, but explained at once that I was quite willing to let him continue with what he evidently wanted to do, since I had not bought the paper due to any sympathy with the ruling party. The man evidently did not believe what I said. He walked up to a table in another corner of the restaurant at which was seated four or five of his comrades. They looked at me rather sceptically and one of them walked across to the waitress. The result was that I had to wait three-quarters of an hour to be served with a bottle of lemonade. Evidently I had been taken for a Nazi.

"'When a couple of days later I arrived in Oslo I began to realize how difficult it is in Norway to be able to get hold of Quisling's chief publication. In Stockholm it was not difficult at all. There you only had to walk across to the Central Hotel and buy it. But what was one supposed to do in Oslo? To subscribe to it of course no decent Norwegian could possibly do. What would the neighbours say and what would the postman think? To buy it at one of the stands was not possible either. Certainly one did not want to appear suspicious to the lady at the stand or also to those standing about. Behind drawn curtains I found once more that atmosphere which is real Norwegian, and they were not depressed and hopeless. On the contrary. For the Norwegian who has lived outside the country's borders during this decisive period following last summer it is a singular experience to feel and see how people have managed to survive the strain. Whatever bitterness there may have been against the British has disappeared. England has become our people's great hope. German news no one believes. The King has never been so popular as at present and an additional reason for this may be that in our one-sided press he is mentioned if at all as the ex-King or Prince Carl". In by far the greatest majority of homes the evening broadcast from London has become an hour of real devotion and everyone feels that the words of a great Swedish paper are true when it states:—"Listen in the evening to Big Ben from London. Its powerful and beautiful chimes sound the hymn of liberty and justice'."

Captain Roosevelt Welcomed in Hongkong

Captain James Roosevelt, son of President Roosevelt, who has just left Chungking after staying there for a few days was recently welcomed at Hongkong on his trip to the Chinese wartime capital. Here he is seen in Hongkong together with Mr. O. K. Yui, the newly appointed Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs. Mr. Yui was Mayor of Greater Shanghai just prior to the hostilities.

Gaming House Revenues Said Declining

It was reported by the "Chinese American Daily News" yesterday that the business of the big gambling house, the Lu Kuo Fan Dien in Avenue Haig, was on the decline. It was said that the management could not even pay wages of employees for the last month. Last month, it was said, a bomb was tossed into the establishment and it exploded causing many casualties. Since then fewer gamblers have shown up. It was hinted that the gambling house may be closed soon of its own accord.

Greece Declared Enemy Territory

Simla, May 4.

The Government has declared Greece, with the exception of Crete, to be enemy territory under the Defence of India rules for the purposes of trading.—Reuter.

Gang Smashed by Central Detectives

Many Crimes Committed in International Settlement; More Arrests Expected

Aiming to smash another gang of armed robbers operating in the International Settlement detectives from Central police station swooped upon a Chinese lodging house on Saturday evening to start a series of arrests, netting them eight gangsters and three females, said to have in one way or another participated in crime. This number, however, should be increased within the next few days, since detectives believe that the gang is one of the largest to have perpetrated armed robberies here for some time.

Although no pistols had so far been seized in the raids carried out by the detectives, the latter were confident that they would find the firearms within the next few days. The number of crimes committed by the gang could not be ascertained yesterday, but it had been proved that the gangsters had been active in the Central, Louza and Chengtu Road districts. It may be also possible that they had operated in other districts of the International Settlement as well as in the French Concession.

The first raid was conducted by the Central station detectives late on Saturday evening when they visited a Chinese lodging house in Hankow Road. Coming unexpectedly, the detectives found the wanted men, five in number, in one of the rooms. These were taken back to the station where they were questioned as to their activities and accomplices. A little later, the detectives returned to the lodging house and took into custody three Chinese women, all said to have been connected with the crimes committed by the gang.

Visit to Concession

The next place to be visited by the detectives was another lodging house in Rue Lafayette, where the Settlement police had the co-operation of their French colleagues. Only one man was apprehended here, but his confession enabled the detectives to arrest two more members of the gang in Nantao.

Procuring the assistance of the Japanese authorities, the police raided a Chinese house near the Lao Sin Men (Old West Gate). Although expecting resistance from the gangsters, the detectives found none since the men were found to be unarmed.

It is believed that the gang has more members at large and their arrest will bring about the solution of numerous crimes. Preparations to smash the gang had been planned for some time, but it was only on Saturday that the whereabouts of the robbers had been discovered.

Rice Prices Decline After New Measures

Profiteering Will Be Checked by Merchants

Chinese circles in Shanghai expressed relief yesterday over the reduction of prices of rice seen in the Shanghai Rice Market on Saturday, as profiteers were suffering from a setback brought about by several encouraging factors, including the impending arrival of Hongkong rice which is much cheaper. The merchants themselves have started a system inside the market to check among buyers and sellers so that profiteers will have little chance to manipulate in the market. Prices were reduced by $2 or $3 per picul.

According to one Chinese commentator, however, this may not mean that prices will follow a downward trend for any considerable time, but it is said that it is a good sign that looseness also prevails in other markets. Speculators will have to wake up from their dreams, since they may lose much as they did last May when prices registered a sharp decrease in the Shanghai speculation market, it is said.

Portuguese Dance

Gay Function at Clube Lusitano

A large number of Shanghai's Portuguese community had a gay evening at the newly built Clube Lusitano on Avenue Joffre, on Saturday, when the Associacao das Senhoras Portuguesas—(Portuguese Women's Association) held their semi-annual club benefit. Well over 400 members and guests were present.

Miss Marie Britto, the President, with the assistance of the club committee, arranged the dancing, entertaining and refreshments. These ladies donned dainty aprons and served special Portuguese delicacies, ice cream, hot dogs, pies and sandwiches and soft drinks. Two orchestras, also composed of club members, played alternately for the dancing. Refreshments were also served in the attractive gardens where not a few couples danced under the stars.

The Mahjongg tables were kept filled while added attractions were novelty dances with prizes and fortune tellers. A friendly note prevailed and the scene was one of merriment from the very beginning until the last guest had reluctantly departed for home.

HOW TO MAINTAIN GOOD HEALTH.

Most things in life worth having require some effort to attain and good health is no exception.

You cannot expect to keep well unless you are prepared to discipline yourself to some extent in the matter of eating and drinking, in the amount and regularity of the exercise you take.

If, in spite of care, you find yourself losing weight, troubled with indigestion, with no appetite for food; afflicted with rheumatism or back pains, nervous and depressed, then your urgent need is a tonic which is capable of rehabilitating the blood, for an impoverished condition of the blood is the cause of many such health troubles.

Take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and you will soon notice an improvement.

The efficacy of these world-famous tonic pills has been further increased by the inclusion in the formula of the element vitamin B1 which is a great health benefactor. Chemists everywhere can supply them.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills,

Build up the Blood and Nerves

DOUMER Tel. 70248

TO-day, 2.30, 5, 7, 9.15

85 cts., $1.20, Reserved: $1.80

Tragic Love of Archduke Rudolph and Marie Vetsera

French Dialogue—English Sub-titles

NOTE:—Children Under 16 Not Admitted Unless Accompanied by Parents or Guardians

BRYNER & COMPANY

Room No. 403

Chartered Bank Building

No. 18 The Bund.

Telephone Nos. 16049 and 10353

Shipping, Forwarding, Storage and Customs Brokers.

-3301

CAPITOL

142 Museum Road Tel. 17100

To-day at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

"UNTAMED"

IN TECHNICOLOR

Ray MILLAND Patricia MORISON Akim TAMIROFF

80 cents, $1, $1.30

OPENS WEDNESDAY!

Henry FONDA

"GRAPES OF WRATH"

TOWELS

BATH TOWELS and MATS; FACE TOWELS and HAND TOWELS; ALL COLOURS TO MATCH.

REASONABLE PRICES

TUNG YU BROS.

508 SZECHUEN ROAD. TELEPHONE 10869

WESTERN BRANCH

831 BUBBLING WELL ROAD. TELEPHONE 36775

Intelligent Selection . . .

use PALM MARGARINE

Meet rising costs by intelligent selection of Vitamin Fortified Food

Palm Margarine

contains all the vitamins of the finest butter . . . .

10,000 Int'l Units Vitamin "A"
3,500 Int'l Units Vitamin "D"

The Children love its delicious butter flavor

Hazelwood Radio Program

Listen in every night

10 to 10.15 p.m.

Station XMHA—600 kcs.

National Broadcasting Company electrically transcribed special feature program direct from New York City.

—Don't Miss This Program—

It's NEW! *You'll enjoy it.*

Another Hazelwood Product

Made at Hazelwood Park

and guaranteed by

HENNINGSEN PRODUCE CO.

Federal Inc. U.S.A.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Cathedral Schools:
Amalgamation Action Wanted

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In reply to the Rev. P. C. Matthews' caustic remarks with reference to my suggestion, that I hoped that the "heads" of the respective Cathedral Schools, would be "big enough" to get together, in order to put into effect the proposed amalgamation scheme expeditiously.

However, I find now, that my phraseology was not in keeping with the propriety and dignity synonymous with the efforts of the "two groups of extremely busy and public spirited men" to whom my previous remarks are now directed.

My *nom de plume* is indicative of the fact that I cannot view the timely excellent, and far-reaching amalgamation scheme dispassionately, for I sincerely believe, that in putting this proposal through, we will find the solution to much-needed improvements in the teaching staff, achieve an enormous economy, and at the same time we will be heeding the National appeal for economy and thrift.

In conclusion, I hope that no further obstacles will be placed in the way of the amalgamation scheme, and that the "groups" responsible for the management of the respective schools, will concentrate their efforts in putting this very excellent and popular amalgamation scheme in operation, with as little delay as possible.

MOTHER OF GIRLS.

Shanghai, May 2.

Teaching Qualifications

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—With reference to previous correspondence on the subject of the amalgamation of the Cathedral School for Girls and the Cathedral School for Boys, (H.L.E.) I see that the Rev. P. C. MATTHEWS draws a comparison between the fees which would have to be paid in England and the fees paid in Shanghai.

Such a comparison should only be made when all the conditions are equal.

In England the Board of Education grants recognition to qualified men and women as teachers in secondary schools. The Cathedral Schools are expected to provide the secondary type of education.

Perhaps Mr. MATTHEW: could tell us how many teachers, and/or helpers, there are on the staffs of the Cathedral Schools who are not recognised by the Board of Education as teachers in secondary schools.

BURNHAM SCALE.

Shanghai, May 2.

Wharf Squeeze:
A Seaman's Complaint

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I read OWNER DRIVER'S letter about the horn menace and inability of the S.M.P. to enforce any rule. Now what about the squeeze racket on the pontoons and Roosevelt Wharf? What are the police of the Settlement and Concession doing concerning the above-mentioned? On the Roosevelt wharves, seafering men bringing their personal belongings are stopped by coolies in the presence of Annamite police and forced to pay a ridiculous amount. On the pontoons a matter of a few dollars to a C.P.C. will result in coolies being chased off the premises, otherwise the coolies get what they want. What is the matter with all these pontoons and wharves? Sooner or later the crews of different ships will have to arm themselves to come ashore.

I have seen wharves under Japanese Navy control and wish to point out how things go on such places. On Japanese-controlled wharves no squeeze rackets exist, coolies work hard and dare not approach seamen for squeeze. One single Japanese sentry is enough to chase them away. The Japanese sentry will never take cumshaw, but the C.P.C. will, I have seen it. I would suggest that sentries be placed on Roosevelt Wharf (French or Japanese, no Annamite or Chinese.) The appearance of armed sentries would clear the wharves of racketeers.

On the pontoons there are S.V.C. Russian Regiment on duty; these men are either asleep or not interested at all. If the C.P.C. takes squeeze in the presence of S.V.C. members, I suppose they are of that opinion, but we are of different opinion. We insist on law and order and hope to get it.

DISGUSTED SEAMAN.

Shanghai, May 3.

Indian Cuckoo:
Arrival in Shanghai

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Yes, she has come. I mean (per DUMB DORA) the Indian cuckoo, the one-more-bottle, or the Joao Makako. Heard over the Haig district at 7.10 a.m. today.

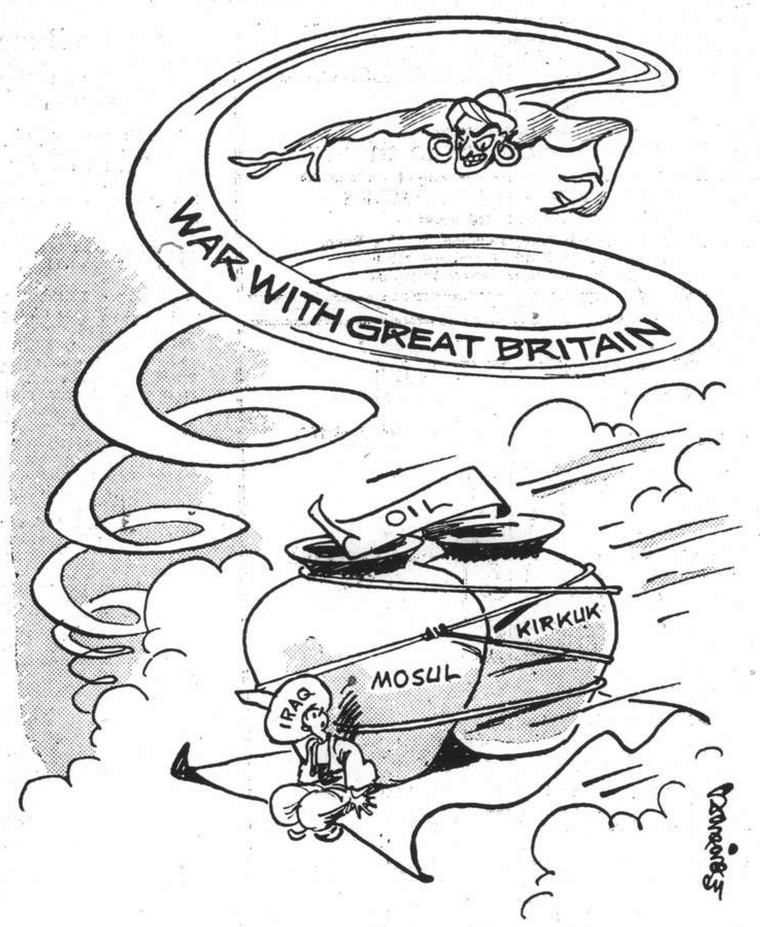
J. C. DE B.

Shanghai, May 3.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF MAY 5, 1871

M. Thiers, after a contest with Count Bismarck which was prolonged for days, yielded at last, and signed a treaty by which France cedes all Alsace to Germany, with the exception of Belfort, and Lorraine up to the western side of the arrondissement of Metz; agrees to pay £200,000,000 as a war indemnity, and consents to the occupation of certain territories until the payment is complete. Nothing is said in the Treaty about deductions, though it is rumoured allowance will be made for the Alsatian share of the debt and the value of the State railways, say £25,000,000 in all; a mean little rider is appended compelling France to pay interest on such of the indemnity as is not paid at once. The whole is to be cleared off in three years, and when the first £20,000,000 are paid the Germans will quit Paris and Normandy; but they will continue to hold all the territory between Rheims and Vosges, including the fortress of Belfort, until the remainder has been liquidated. The expenses of the garrison will be paid by France, but it will be gradually reduced to 50,000 men, and no requisitions are to be levied in the occupied districts.



BY SAPAJOU

The Thief Of Baghdad

The Power to Forgive Sins

Radio Talk on the Sacramental Confession by The Rev. Leo. F. McGreal, S.J.

IT is interesting to note that during the past twenty years there has been a remarkable change in the attitude of the average layman towards the idea of confession. This change is also reflected in the non-Catholic religious bodies which fifty years ago held the idea of confession in holy horror. We are told that in one of the current popular religious movements public confession of sins is among the most soul-stirring rituals.

More than ordinary success is reported by "body and soul clinics," "Emmanuel movements," "life adjustment centres" and other such agencies, and it is not difficult to understand why their therapeutic and hygenic effects should be healthy. However, there is an essential difference between a "soul clinic" and the Sacrament of Penance, which we commonly call confession. The confessional is not merely a special kind of psychiatric clinic; it is a device instituted by Christ for washing away the stains of sin. In sacramental confession, as practised in the Catholic Church, confidence and courage and peace of mind come not so much from the admission of guilt, as it does from the absolution of the priest, from the certain conviction that one's trangressions against the law of God are really and truly forgiven.

Sacramental Confession

This conviction that guilt is washed away in sacramental confession rests upon the clear and simple statement of Christ, and this faith in Christ brings a vast and overwhelming consolation, which can be fully appreciated only by those minds and souls that have been torn by the conscious guilt of unforgiven sin. The certain knowledge that he is re-instated in God's friendship strengthens a man with fresh courage and animates him with a profound sense of internal peace.

Consciousness of Sin

Father Daniel Lord, in his remarkable little pamphlet entitled "Confession is a Joy," notes that one of the strangest and most terrifying of human emotions is the universal consciousness of sin. The consciousness of guilt runs through human history like a scarlet thread. Down through the centuries from the first rebellion in the Garden of Eden to the present day we see men everywhere and all the time longing for an assurance that the haunting feeling of guilt be wiped away from their souls, and that they no longer be criminals in sight of the Diety or deities which they worship. In view of this universal phenomenon it is not surprising to find that when the Son of God came into the world to redeem man from sin, He should concentrate a great portion of His ministry to alleviation of that haunting fear in the heart of man. He healed the body, He gave relief from physical pain, but He was not satisfied to stop there. Peace of body, relief from physical infirmities was something, but he had a far greater gift which He gave freely. Go in peace, thy sins are forgiven thee. Peace to both body and soul. Here was something the world had always sought but never found relief from the torturing sense of sin. Here was someone who could say with convincing authority: thy sins are forgiven thee.

Right to Forgive Sins

But there were sceptics, even in those days. You remember the scene from the Gospel narrative where Christ cured the paralytic. They let the sick man down through the roof of the house where Jesus was, because the crowd was so great they could not enter by the door. He, seeing their faith, said to the man sick of the palsy: Son, thy sins are forgiven thee. The sceptics, the pharisees, were speechless, but the Gospel tells us they were thinking in their hearts and saying to themselves: Who is this who speaketh blasphemies? Who can forgive sins but God alone? But Jesus, knowing their thoughts, said to them: Why think you these things in your hearts? Which is easier, to say to the sick of the palsy, thy sins are forgiven thee, or to say: arise, take up thy bed and walk? The sceptics were still speechless. As God there could be no doubt that He had the power and the right to forgive sins. But the point was that He forgave sins as man. He had to prove that as man He had the power and the right to forgive sins. That was the object of His famous dilemma. If He could work the miracle which they could see, He had proved to them that He could work the wonder they could not see but which the sick man had already experienced in his soul. Calmly, then, He said to the sceptics: But that you may know that the Son of Man hath power on earth to forgive sins (then He said to the man sick of the palsy): Arise, take up thy bed and go into thy house. And immediately He arose, and taking up his bed, went his way in the sight of all, so that all wondered and glorified God, saying: We never saw the like. Christ had proved to the sceptics and the assembled multitude that as man He had the power to forgive sins.

Christ Had the Power

The dramatic circumstances of this incident show us that Christ wanted it to be understood clearly by all that one of His great purposes on earth was to relieve men of that oppressive uncertainty about their guilt in the sight of God. The primary purpose of His coming upon earth is indicated in the name announced by the angel: Thou shalt call His name Jesus, for He shall save His people from their sins. The most touching scenes in His earthly existence reveal His compassion and mercy for weak and sinful humanity. So marked was Christ's consideration and mercy towards sinners, that the pharisees complained to the disciples, saying: Why doth thy Master eat with publicans and sinners? But Jesus, hearing it, said: They that are in health need not a physician, but they that are ill. Go, then, and learn what this meaneth, I will have mercy and not sacrifice. For I am not come to call the just, but sinners.

In the light of the evidence presented in the gospels, no fair-minded person can doubt the fact that Christ had and exercised the power to forgive sins, and that the primary purpose of His ministry on earth was to reconcile sinners to their God. In view of those facts a few logical questions present themselves. Was that power to cease with His death on Calvary? Was Christ interested only in reconciling the sinner of His day, or was it His intention to restore all mankind to the friendship of God? Was He the Saviour of all mankind, or the Saviour of a few chosen souls? If He is the Saviour of all mankind, we would naturally expect Him to provide means whereby all men, at all times and in all places would be as assuredly and as certainly freed from the guilt of sin as they were when He walked the earth.

Certainly we would have reason to complain if He treated us differently, or if He deprived us of the most consoling part of His ministrations.—thy sins are forgiven thee. Till the end of time He would continue to repeat those consoling words. He would speak with a human voice, the voice of His mystical Body, the Church. Through His Mystical Body He reconciles the sinner and re-establishes him in the friendship and the sonship of the Father: Whose sins you shall forgive, they are forgiven them. He had the power. He gave it explicitly to His Church. And His Church unfailingly used it,—uses it now, and will continue to use it until time is no more.

He Gave His Apostles Power

Solemnly He had promised His apostle the power to forgive sins when He said to them: whatsoever you shall bound on earth shall be bound also in heaven, and whatsoever you shall loose on earth shall be loosed also in heaven. More solemnly and more dramatically and more specifically did He confer upon His apostles the power to pardon sins, when, appearing to them after His resurrection, He said: Peace be to you. As the Father hath sent me, I also send you. When He had said this, He breathed on them and He said to them: Receive ye the Holy Ghost; whose sins you shall forgive, they are forgiven them; and whose sins you shall retain they are retained. Simple and solemn words; whose sins you shall forgive they are forgiven them. Simple and solemn words in which Christ repeats in plain, literal language what He had previously said in the figurative terms of binding and loosing.

Can anyone who believes in Christ, who believes the Gospels, doubt that our Lord intended to give His apostles the power to forgive sins? Can these words have any other reasonable meaning? Christ had the power to forgive sins, and He expressly gave that power, His own power, to the Church which He founded. Where is that power today? Did Christ expressly take it away from His Church? Has it been lost in the course of the centuries? You cannot presume either without presuming that the Church which Christ founded has disappeared from the face of the earth.—that Christianity no longer exists,—for Christ promised that He would be with His Church until the end of time.

I Also Send You

For the benefit of the sceptics whom we have always with us, let us examine the text from St. John, chapter 20th, verses 21st to 23rd, which record the conferring of that tremendous power of forgiving sins upon the Church. It is to be noted that Christ prefaced the actual words with a very important remark. He said: As the Father hath sent Me, I also send you. He begins by affirming the identity of their mission with His own. He says to them in effect: As the Father hath sent Me into the world to reconcile sinners to their God, so likewise I call upon you to continue the same mission. The Father sent Me in My human nature, as man; so I also send you, as men.—whose sins you shall forgive they are forgiven them.

It is to be noted also that the power given was a real and absolute power. He did not give them power merely to announce that sins were forgiven, but actually to forgive them. When a priest who has jurisdiction from Christ says to you: I absolve you from your sins in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Ghost,—you have a message from heaven. You know for certain that your sins are forgiven, for Christ said to that priest: Whose sins you shall forgive they are forgiven them.

The apostles were given the power to forgive or to retain sins. The power, therefore, is juridical. The form is that of a judgment. In order to form a judgment, specific knowledge is required, and this specific knowledge is acquired by acknowledgement or confession of the sin. The priest must know not only your sins but also your dispositions. He must know whether or not you are sorry for all your serious offenses against the law of God. He must know whether you are resolved to avoid those sins in the future. He must know whether you are willing to do penance, to make satisfaction for your sins. If the proper disposition are present, he forgives. If they are not, he retains. Lastly, it should be noted that the power conferred upon the apostles is not restricted to any particular kind of sin, but is extended to all without exception.

Confession Brings Calm and Peace

Confession is not always pleasing to human nature. Most people find it difficult. There is no reason why it should be easy. Peace of mind is a precious gift, and we should be willing to make great sacrifices to obtain it. Confession with assurance of forgiveness does give calm and peace to the homan soul, and the human soul cries out for calm and peace. Those who have rejected or lost that precious gift whiih Christ gave us in the Sacrament of Penance have been forced to seek a substitute, a natural means to calm and quiet the human soul weighed down with the guilty sense of sin,—a natural means that lacks the assurance and the authority of the human voice of the God-man: Thy sins are forgiven thee.

NEILSON'S CANADIAN CHOCOLATES

ever popular and always delicious, are here for the last time this season.....

You will enjoy Canada's best chocolates, they look and taste better than ever.

"Homemade", "Every Piece Different",

"Aristocrat", "Nuts and Hard Centres",

"Peppermint Patties", etc.

Obtainable only at :—

WATSON'S

INSURE WITH

GENERAL ACCIDENT FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION, LTD.

(Incorporated in Great Britain)

18 The Bund Telephone 17455

KENNETH S. MACKENZIE, *Resident Representative*

TO-DAY'S RADIO

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

XCDN

"The Voice of Democracy" in Shanghai
Wave length 208m. Frequency 1440kc.
P. O. Box 433, Shanghai
Telephone 16966-7

Today's Programme

12.00 Selections from Operas
12.45 **News in English**
1.00 News in Chinese
1.15 News in Hindustani
1.30 Peter Adam's German Programme
2.00 Czechoslovak News and Commentary
2.30 Dance Music
3.30 Woman and Home, including "News from Home," at 3.50
4.30 Chinese Programme
7.00 Polish Programme
7.30 French News and Commentary
7.45 Light Music
8.00 **Relay of B.B.C. News and Talk (Conditions Permitting)**
8.30 "Star Discs"—Jeannette MacDonald, Richard Tauber, The Eight Piano Symphony
9.00 **News in English followed by B.B.C. Programme and Local Announcements**
9.20 "Men and Their Arms." Talk by Alexander Carlisle
9.30 Musical Atlas—Songs and Music of Many Lands
11.00 **Late Night Final**
11.10 Peter Adam's German Programme
11.40 **Moviegoers' News Summary**
11.50-12.00 News in Chinese

FRENCH BROADCASTING STATION

FFZ

193 Avenue Joffre, Shanghai
TELEPHONE 80567

Medium wave: 214m. 1400kc.
Short wave: 24.80m. 12.09mc.

Daily broadcast in four languages.

Time table

12.00 Light music.
1.00 News in French.
1.15 Light music.
4.30 Light music.
5.30 Chinese lesson for foreigners.
5.50 French lesson for Chinese students.
6.10 Chinese music.
6.15 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect).
6.30 Chinese music.
6.35 News in Chinese (Mandarin).
6.50 Light music.
7.20 Music by Russian composers.
7.30 News in Russian.
7.45 Music by Russian composers.
7.50 Light music.
8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière. Talk on the history of French music. George Bizet.
8.15 Light music.
8.30 News in French.
8.45 Light music.
9.00 New in English.
9.30 Concert:

Haydn: Oratorios.

The creation; The seven words of Christ on the cross.

THE King's Head Hotel

Five Lanes, Altarnun
CORNWALL

MAY WE REMIND YOU?

Free House Ten Bedrooms
First Class Accommodation
Electric Light Throughout
Free Garage Moderate Terms

A splendid centre for your Summer Holiday.

Telephone: Pipers Pool 241

J. W. BARBER, *Proprietor*

AUCTIONS

L. MOORE & Co., LTD.

Established in Shanghai 1874 *Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances*

FIRE LOSS ASSESSORS AND AUCTIONEERS

STORAGE TERMS ON APPLICATION *Branch Office:* TOPLIS & HARDING

88 MUSEUM ROAD, SHANGHAI.

In Rear Salesroom—Now on View

On Tuesday, May 6, 1941, at 9.30 a.m.

Gents' and Ladies' Clothing, Furniture and Sundries

In Main Salesroom—On View Tuesday

On Wednesday, May 7, 1941, commencing at 9.30 a.m.

Household and Office Furniture and Sundries

Noël, Murray & Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)

AUCTIONEERS AND APPRAISERS

Will sell by public auction under instructions from the concerned

IN OUR SALESROOM (160 CANTON ROAD)

On Tuesday, May 6, 1941, at 9.30 a.m.

Superior Household, Office and Wicker Furniture, Morocco Leather Covered Settees and Chairs, Tile Ice Chest, Radios, Electric Porcelain Insulators and Wiring, Piece Goods, Clothing, etc.

(Some furniture made by Arts & Crafts, Ltd.)

ON VIEW MONDAY

HUGH MARTIN, *Managing Director.*

USE

AN AUTOMATIC GAS LIGHTER AND SAVE MATCHES

On sale at our showrooms

SHANGHAI GAS COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

Head Office:—656 Yu Ya Ching Road, Tel. 93333
Showrooms:—709 Bubbling Well Road, Tel. 38093
1304 Avenue Joffre. Tel. 76164
891 North Szechuen Road, Tel. 45435

MILLIONS PRAISE THE 'ASPRO'

INFLUENZA SERVICE

FLU LOSES ITS TERROR

TWENTY-TWO years of international success is proof that "ASPRO" is the world's greatest antidote against Colds and Influenza. Millions of people do not now fear the 'Flu—they know that "ASPRO" will protect them—they have proved that quick action with "ASPRO" will speedily smash up a Cold or a bad attack of 'Flu. *Quick action* means taking "ASPRO" immediately you feel the first signs of a Cold or 'Flu attack coming on. 'Flu and Colds are quick-action complaints. They need quick-action treatment. Neglect may mean the difference between recovering quickly or spending several miserable days in bed. At the first symptom of a 'Flu attack take "ASPRO"—Take it strictly according to directions. Don't delay. Don't take risks—TAKE *"ASPRO"*

Sold at all dispensaries and stores. Packed in 5's, 11's and 27's.

(Made in Australia)

M 3 DODWELL & CO., LTD., *Distributors*

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the news columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

IRAQ SITUATION

When the *coup d'état* in Iraq was effected last month, and Rashid Ali seized power, a situation was created which was immediately recognized as grave. His assurance that he would abide by the Anglo-Iraq Alliance deceived no one, for he was well known as a German agent. Consequently, it was not surprising when the British moved into Basra for the purpose of protecting their interests. Obviously Hitler's design is to make the British position in the Middle East more difficult and already he has created a situation which will necessitate firm handling. It has been rightly said that if Hitler had been in the British position Rashid Ali would doubtless have been liquidated by now, but the British policy seems to be at present to protect its own position and await the organization of the strong section of Iraq opinion, which opposes Rashid Ali and his followers, into a movement to throw out the usurping Government. That should not be impossible, especially with British assistance, and it would be a much better line to take than throwing substantial forces into Iraq which is precisely what Hitler wants.

That there will be a heavy drain on British resources in the Middle East may almost be taken for granted, but the speed with which the British moved clearly indicates that they were well alive to the potentialities of the situation. It may be doubted whether the declaration of a holy war by a usurping Government will meet with much response throughout the Moslem world, especially when the opposing elements in Iraq itself would refrain from joining it. This entry of an illegal Iraq Government into the war against Britain is highly significant for Turkey and Syria on both of which Hitler has designs. Turkey can be subjected to a squeeze by Germany, Russia and possibly Iraq which may prove exceptionally embarrassing. But Hitler is out for oil first. His need for it is becoming desperate, and while the cutting of the pipe lines from the Mosul and Kirkuk oilfields, depriving Britain of very valuable oil supplies in the eastern Mediterranean, would in itself amount to a major success the securing of those supplies for himself would be even greater.

As the "Daily Mail" rightly says this is no time for kid-glove methods. If force is necessary to bring Iraq into the line her legal Government pledged her to, then force must be used. If it is necessary to destroy the Mosul and Kirkuk oilfields to prevent their produce falling into enemy hands, they must be destroyed and kept destroyed. The movement of British troops from Trans-Jordania to Haifa indicates that, should the Germans make any attempt upon Syria, Britain will strike on their flank. What seems most probable at the moment is that the Germans will seek to drop substantial parachute troops in Syria and Iraq for the purpose of cutting the two pipe lines running to Tripoli and Haifa. The length of those two oil ducts suggests that it may prove very difficult to maintain effective protection over them, and from that point of view they are very vulnerable.

The situation of Turkey will naturally arouse some anxiety until the position is clarified. There are signs that Germany and Soviet-Russia may have some secret understanding for another territorial grab at the expense of the Turks, who for the time being are as completely surrounded as were the Poles when Hitler invaded their country. The Turks even at this late hour announce their determination to defend their interests wherever they may be menaced. They may conceivably obtain some respite while the struggle for the Iraqi oilfields is decided, but that they will in turn be attacked seems now to be a foregone conclusion. It appears to be only a question of time, unless Britain can foil German machinations in Iraq, which may be difficult but should not prove impossible. A reverse to the Germans in this part of the world would be just as bad for them as one would be for the British. The latter will not occur if the British continue to move with the rapidity and the firmness, they are displaying at present.

THREE ARTISTS

It was interesting to read the other day that Mussolini is reported to have complained that one of the disadvantages of being a dictator was that he was unable to give the time he would like to practicising on the violin. No further information was available. No indication whether he played well or not; just the plain statement that he was not getting enough practice. It is a pleasant thought that when the two chief actors in the drama of destruction which the world is now witnessing are able to get away from the planning and execution of evil, the one seeks solace in music, while the other, Hitler, probably takes up his painting again. Hitler in his youth badly wanted to become an artist. He was told when he applied at the academy in Vienna for instruction that he had no talent, and inspection of reproductions of some of his work clearly proves that the people in Vienna knew what they were talking about. At least one of the water colours suggested that he was very much taken with old ruins as subjects for his "art." That may account for the apparent glee with which he sets about making them throughout Europe, and why he is filching all the art treasures he can lay his hand on, either to satisfy his lust for possession, or to sell them abroad to obtain the much-wanted exchange.

Being unable to satisfy his ambition as an artist, but still, apparently, determined to paint something, Adolf went into the decorating business. What he did in this direction is not known, but there is the possibility that if he had succeeded as a house painter he might have been contented with his lot and never have aspired to become a dictator. The indications seem to be that he was a failure in that business, and so embittered Adolf went into politics. Mussolini started life as a journalist. He seems to have done fairly well in that line, but he committed the mistake of trying his hand at a novel. As a novelist he was not a conspicuous success, and his effort "The Cardinal's Mistress" is just about as naive a piece of writing as could possibly be expected. Nevertheless if he had confined his efforts to perfecting himself in the writing of fiction, Italy would have been spared a great amount of present distress, and that more which is yet to come. But he regrets he does not have time to play his violin. It may confidently be said that he has fiddled enough already, fiddled away an empire, and is now apparently trying by land-grabbing in the Balkans to rehabilitate a kingdom, for the word empire is, it is reported, no longer current in Italian pronouncements.

Opposed to these two pseudo-artists is Mr. Winston Churchill. A writer of probably the best and most forceful English of the present day, Mr. Churchill is an artist of no mean merit, producing work good enough for exhibition and sale. That Hitler could never do. In addition the British Prime Minister is a bricklayer, and can build houses for himself in the best workmanlike style, doing something constructive. That is in distant contrast with Hitler. The man poses as having some architectural knowledge, and insists on playing the rôle of an expert when it comes to planning governmental buildings in Germany. On the other hand he is an adept at destroying things. There is to be seen the great difference between the two leaders of the warring ideologies. In Mr. Churchill there is the constructive man anxious to build up to improve the world. In Hitler there is the personification of destructive evil willing to tear everything down in order that his ambitions shall be satisfied. In the one there is the desire to preserve and enhance that freedom for which the world has been struggling for centuries; in the other only a wish to go back to the dark ages and shackle the world with the gyves of abject slavery, perhaps more abject than that of any other period in the history of the world. Thus when this war is reduced to terms of the three leaders it is being fought between a good artist on the side of democracy and two bad ones in opposition. The chances are that, as Mr. Churchill can outpaint Hitler and out-write Mussolini, what appears to be numerical inferiority on the part of the Allies will eventually turn out to be in fact real superiority in talent which will give the forces of good the final victory.

Free Frenchman's View

For the last few months there have been appearing in the "Nineteenth Century and After," the well known British magazine, instalments of an article, over the pseudonym Jaques, entitled "A Free Frenchman Speaks" which he ultimately concludes with the following passage:—

> Assuredly, in choosing to share the fate of my English friends to the end, I have not followed the Italian precedent of ranking myself on the stronger side. I have been happy to stand to, beside the weaker; anything else would be the shipwreck of honour. I have no regrets. England is wounded: she suffers in her flesh, in her soil. The blood of women and children cries from the ground. Living the life of one of her sons, I watch her in her agony, with pity, and with admiration. She did not know the horror of war on her own soil. Now she knows it, and does not give an inch.
>
> So it has come about that the choice I made, purely for honour's sake, has proved itself plain sense. England holds. We hold. Every day that passes anchors us more firmly in our resolution. Every day that passes, with the assailant come no nearer, is, a victory for England. Hitler could attempt an invasion: he does not dare. He could send parachute troops; he knows it is useless. The Fifth Column does not exist in this country, that has kept its sanity. He cannot reach military objectives; they are too well guarded.
>
> So what remains for him to do? To bomb here, there, everywhere. Kill women and children, exchange the soldier's armour for the butcher's apron.
>
> The mere fact that the enemy is reduced to this form of warfare, at once the cowardliest and the least effective, proves his disorder. Here is the first victory for England: the others will come in their time. When England chooses, when she is sure that her strength equals that of the enemy, victory will change sides.
>
> The blitzkrieg is spent. The war of endurance begins, and time will work for us. A united nation, one in heart and soul, can stand. An empire of enslaved peoples, diverse, seething with hate and rebellion, fermenting with grief, cannot stand. Apart from any question of material, here time is on our side.
>
> A victor who cannot advance has suffered his first defeat. It is the law of history. The day will come when, attacked from without by his adversary now become the stronger, mined from within by the victims who feel the hour of their deliverance drawing nigh, the evil thing, the colossus with the feet of clay, will crumble, and the German people will curse the idol whom they worship today. The name of Hitler will go down to join those other conquerors who fell as he will fall, who believed, as he believes, that they were supermen, because they were incapable of being men.

There is much of significance in that extract. Britain, as he says rightly, did not know the horror of war on her own soil, had not known it for centuries past, not in fact since the Civil War, but, now that she has come to know it, has shown the world that she does not flinch. The fact that Hitler has had to wage war in the way he has is Britain's first victory. The *Blitzkrieg* was defeated, and Britain has settled down to the task of holding up Hitler, while she proceeds with the work of building up her strength until it equals that of the enemy. That time will surely come, and, when it does, Hitler will rue the day he ever started this war.

STRAY NOTES

Shanghai, April 26.—It is always a pleasure to come back to Shanghai, however one may feel about a dirty city when reviewing it mentally on a gloriously clean sea beach: burglars, bandits, bombers, brokers and bankers may be doing their worst ... but the birds in my garden sing me a welcome, and the willows and poplars dressed in vivid green remind me that the young Magpies are already out of their nests. Out in the country the crops have grown waist-high ... dandelion and blue-eyed Speedwell brighten every little patch of fallow: in parks and gardens *pseudo-acacias* are a mass of white blossoms, while horse-chestnuts have put a match to their flowering candelabra: horsey men are reading race-books and the first white "bags" will soon be lining up against the bar: in fact, while I can say "summer is icumen in," I cannot add "loud sings Cuckoo" because it is not yet the first of May. Thinking thus, I strolled out into the Hungjao area this morning looking for some early snipe, and was quickly rewarded with the sight of a large fat "Swinhoe" which might well have been mistaken for a Woodcock: following up the trail among the smaller creeks, I soon walked up a smaller snipe which refused to act according to the manner of his kind: instead of rising swiftly and disappearing with a raucous "bleat" this bird merely hopped (after the fashion of airmen) over a narrow creek and parked itself behind a few scanty reeds within five yards of me: none of my quiet movements disturbed it; I focused my field-glasses to short range and studied every feather while the bird stayed still as if it were asleep. I realized quickly that this was a male Painted Snipe ... the *Rostratula benghalensis* so rarely seen in these parts: to get the bird to fly (so that I could better see its underparts) I had actually to wave my arms and say "Boo"—or whatever it is the more timid are unable to say to a Goose. Then, and then only, did this bird rise ... with dangling legs, like a Grebe or Rail—thus finally proving its identity,—E.S.W.

U.S.-CANADIAN PACT

St. Lawrence Waterway Agreement

The signing of the St. Lawrence Waterway agreement in Ottawa represented more than an engineering project. It laid the groundwork for far greater economic co-operation between Canada and the United States than has ever been possible in the past, states the "Christian Science Monitor." Though few people noticed it in the mass of financial and economic data, the United States committed herself in the waterway negotiations to supply whatever weapons are needed for the victory of the British Commonwealth in this war. Significantly, President Roosevelt made this promise in the final diplomatic note to the Canadian Government, covering the seaway scheme. It is a promise which will mean much to Canada.

When experts of the United States Government went to complete the St. Lawrence negotiations they found Canada committed to a war programme far larger than they had realized—far larger, indeed, than the Canadian people have yet realized. That programme could not be completed without the aid of the United States.

Now it is known that if she needs it, Canada can get American aid on the most advantageous basis, and at a minimum of cost. The Canadian Government so far has made no move to accept such offers but the extent of its present commitments suggests that, before the war is over, some new form of co-operation will be needed.

If Canada finally decides to borrow in the United States in any form she will want to know first what form repayment is to take—chiefly, whether the United States will take payment in goods, in trade, after the war. This country has a horror of piling up debts which must be paid in cash when cash is so difficult to accumulate in the present world of autarchy and barter.

On the other hand, the American people can be certain from the taxation plans of the Government in Ottawa that Canada will never borrow a nickel or a single weapon, she will pay cash until she has exhausted the total capacity of her taxpayers. Only as a last resort will American aid be asked or accepted, but the knowledge that it is available gives Canada new hope and confidence, makes her ready to redouble her efforts in the war.

Closer Co-operation Assured

The first step, it is expected, will be to rationalize and mesh still further the war production of the two countries. Until she knew how far the United States was prepared to go in the war, Canada had to make her own war production as self-contained as possible. She could not be sure, in the early stages of the war, of getting any large amount of materials, weapons or financial support from the United States. Since the United States has guaranteed to supply the weapons necessary for a British victory, Canada can proceed now to concentrate more on the war production which she can most easily master, and leave the more complicated mechanical processes to the United States.

Co-operation undoubtedly will go further than the factory and work bench. Canada will need the co-operation of her neighbour, economically and financially, before the war is over.

The immediate problem is exchange. Canada is running behind in her total business with the United States at the rate of some $300,000,000 a year and cannot maintain this drain of American dollars. There is the best reason to believe that the United States has indicated its willingness to aid Canada in curbing this flow. The exchange situation could be rectified by several alternative measures—by American loans of money or materials, by repatriation of American securities held in Canada, by American contributions to Canadian defensive works which help to defend the entire Continent.

The next step, and it must be taken soon, will be the selection of the best method. The basic problem has completely disappeared, with the United States' decision to back the British Commonwealth, including Canada, to the point necessary to achieve victory. American statesmen are rather surprised that Canada has not sought direct aid from the United States already. The Canadians are extremely conservative people. They do not like foreign debt. In fact, one of the Government's chief satisfactions, as stated in Parliament, is that, through the repatriation of British securities recently, Canada's outside debts have been heavily reduced. Thus Canada has not sought loans of any sort from her neighbour.

IN PARENTHESIS

Correct

"WHISKEY kills more people than bullets."
"Well, that's because bullets don't drink."

* * *

Old-timers

"I'm rather old-fashioned, I'm afraid."
"Yes, I notice you tell all the jokes my grandfather used to."

* * *

Nothing New

"WHAT did you say when Jimmy asked for a kiss?"
"Same old thing."
"And what did he do?"
"Same old thing."

* * *

Revelation

SHE: Believe me, my work is certainly telling on me.
He: Gosh! What kind of work are you doing?
She: Writing my biography.

* * *

Puzzled

"PROFESSOR, there's one thing about astronomy that puzzles me."
"What's that?"
"How the astronomers learned the names of the stars."

* * *

Not So Slow

THREE men named Jones, all in the same line of business, opened shops next door to one another. The one on the right had the name "Jones" painted in large letters over the door. The one on the left immediately did the same thing.

The sign-painter then approached the centre Mr. Jones, asking him if he would like his name painted also.

"No," said the wily one. "I want you to paint the word 'Entrance' over my door."

* * *

Angry

MAN on beach: I'm trying to find out which one of you fellows saved my mother-in-law's life.

Lifeguards: Control yourself, pal. We're four to your one.

* * *

Oddments

"It's raining cats and dogs outside!"
"Swell, darling. Rush out and get me a Persian and a Peke!"

This cutie knows a married woman who's colour-blind. Every time she picks a blonde hair from her husband's lapel she sees red.

"Tell me, do you consider me the breezy type?"
"No, windy!"

"In regard some of the performers on amateur hours," grins Catherine, "it's a matter of hear today and gong immediately afterward."

"Say, pal, lend me $10 so I can get a haircut."
"But what will you do with the other nine?"
"Buy a hat to hide the haircut."

"Such an extraordinary profile! I wish you'd pose for me!"
"Oh, are you a portrait painter?"
"No, I make silhouettes for Halloween decorations."

Kailan Mining Administration

has frequent sailings from
SHANGHAI to CHINWANGTAO DIRECT
Reservation for passenger accommodation may be made at the
KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION
SHIPPING OFFICE, 3rd Floor
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building, 12 The Bund, entrance Foochow Road, Telephone 11070 or through the principal Travel Bureaux.

THE OCEAN
ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE CORPORATION, LIMITED

17 Canton Road, Shanghai — Telephone 13407 (4 lines)

SUMMERTIME
As from April 28, 1941 the Office Hours of this Corporation will be 8.30 a.m. to 4,30 p.m, Saturday:—8.30 a.m. to 12 noon,
Manager for China: E. LESTER ARNOLD

YOU IN SHANGHAI ARE IN THE RESERVE LINE
SEND HELP TO THE SOLDIERS, SAILORS, AIRMEN & CIVILIANS AT THE FRONT
via
THE CENTRAL BRITISH WAR FUND
Hon. Treasurer, Mr. G. H. Stacey
c/o Hongkong & Shanghai Bank
(Space donated by: Thos. Cook & Son Ltd.)

"Public Preference our Best Reference"
International Funeral Directors
207 Kiaochow Road — *Telephone 34220*
Artistic Memorials — *Floral Tributes*
R. O. SCOTT, Managing Director

Just Received
AMERICAN FANCY SOCKS
for present wear in new designs and colourings

MATTAMAC RAINCOATS
light in weight, durable and throughly waterproof

Jaeger light weight
"SLIPON" SWEATERS AND COLIC BELTS

MACBETH, GRAY, & CO.
TAILORS, HABITMAKERS, SHIRTMAKERS AND OUTFITTERS
142 Nanking Road — Telephone 14247

The finest blades ever made!

Use these Blue Gillette blades—and you're using the finest blades in the world. They are honed to the keenest cutting edge—an edge that will give you quicker, closer, more comfortable shaving than any other blade! And because they *stay* keen, Blue Gillettes will not only give you one perfect shave—they'll go on and on with the good work. Perfect shaving at the lowest possible cost per shave—that's what these blades mean to you! Blue Gillette blades fit new and old type Gillette razors.

Health and Joy through
NESTROVIT

NESTROVIT
VITAMINS
A+B1+C+D

Nestrovit is the ideal nutritive tonic and protective diet supplement for young and old. Nestrovit is far better than codliver oil because Nestrovit contains the vitamins A, B_1, C and D in a concentrated form, in carefully balanced proportions, standardized in International Units. These 4 vitamins are absolutely necessary for the maintenance of normal growth and development. Nestrovit is pleasant-tasting and safe even for babies.

Dose for children of over 4 years of age and for adults: 2 Nestrovit tablets daily.
Dose for infants: one teaspoonful of Nestrovit Emulsion daily.

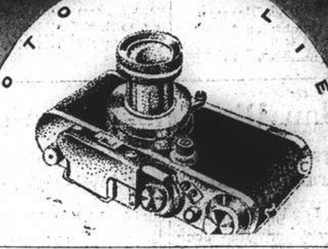
PACKINGS:—*Nestrovit Emulsion in bottles of 125 c.c. and Nestrovit tablets in tins of 20 and 60 obtainable at all chemists.*

Nestrovit is very reasonable in price.
F. HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE & CO. LTD
BASLE, SWITZERLAND
MAKERS OF MEDICINES OF RARE QUALITY

Saridon stops any pain
IN LESS THAN 10 MINUTES
AND IS PERFECTLY SAFE AND HARMLESS
F. HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE & CO. LTD.
BASLE, SWITZERLAND
MAKERS OF MEDICINES OF RARE QUALITY

FORD HIRE CAR SERVICE 30189

CHIYO YOKO
CAMERAS FILMS PAPERS PLATES
Your inspection welcomed



for
TRUE ECONOMY

"CRESCENT" Baking Powder

has a special importance in household economy because of its remarkable leavening qualities and low cost. These factors enable "Crescent" to do the work of other Baking Powders for about one-third the cost. At the same time, "Crescent" actually bakes better! Order a tin to-day and see for yourself.

Send for our "Crescent" Recipe Booklet to-day and prove the quality for yourself.

Obtainable at all Stores.
SOLE IMPORTERS:
The Geddes Trading & Dairy Farm Co., Ltd.
WHOLESALE MERCHANTS

THE SPORTS PAGE

Pirates Celebrate Wagner's Birthday....

Honus Wagner is shown blowing out the candles on a cake presented to him by the Pittsburgh Pirates in honour of his 67th birthday.

Rookie Hurler Routs Phillies In First Major League Game

Solitary Base Hit Robs Gornicki of Perfect Game; Derringer Driven from Mound; Drops Match to Bees

New York, May 3.

"ROCHESTER" Gornicki today yielded a lone single as the St. Louis Cardinals blanked the Philadelphia Phillies 6 to 0, to retain the leadership of the senior circuit.

Alfred Benjamin's base hit robbed Gornicki of a perfect game. The St. Louis rookie hurler, obtained this year from the Rochester club, was starting his first Major league game.

The Cards scored their first run in the fourth, collected four more scores in the seventh and one in the ninth.

The Boston Bees chased Paul Derringer from the mound with a seventh inning rally that accounted for all of their runs and defeated the Cincinnati Reds 3 to 2.

Tough on Derringer

It was a tough game for Derringer to drop as he yielded only four hits. Jimmie Tobin went the full route for the Bees, allowing five hits.

The Boston rally started with Moore singling and Max West getting on base through Lin Frey's error.

Ed Miller then doubled, scoring Moore, and West came home on Dahlgren's infield out. The rally ended with a successful squeeze play which resulted in Miller scoring.

Dodgers Nose Out Cubs

Brooklyn's Dodgers nosed out the Chicago Cubs in an exciting 4 to 3 tussle at Brooklyn.

The winning run was scored in the eighth by Rosar, who was batted in by "Ducky" Medwick's single. Earlier in the game Fletcher batted in one run and scored another.

The Cubs scored two runs in the sixth and their other counter in the seventh. Three of the Dodger's runs were accounted for in the fifth and the winning score was collected in the eighth.

Higby and Wicker handled the mound duty for Brooklyn, while the veteran Charlie Root went the full route for the Cubs.

Pirates Defeat Giants

At the Polo Grounds the Pittsburgh Pirates defeated the New York Giants 3 to 2. The Pirates pushed over their first run in the first, and then added single scores in the seventh and eighth. The Giants scored both of their runs in the seventh.

Al Butcher pitched the full game for the Pirates and allowed six hits. Bill Haman started on the hill for the Giants but gave way in favour of Joe Bowman in the eighth.

Box Scores

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburgh	3	10	0
New York	2	6	0
Batteries: Butcher, Lopez; Lohrman, Bowman, Danning.			
St. Louis	6	12	0
Philadelphia	0	1	1
Batteries: Dornicki, Mancuso; Crouch, Beck, Warren.			
Cincinnati	2	5	2
Boston	3	4	0
Batteries: Derringer, Beggs, Lombardi; Tobin, Berres, Masi.			
Chicago	3	6	1
Brooklyn	4	7	1
Batteries: Root, McCullough; Higbe, Wicker, Owen.			

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Boston	2	6	1
Cleveland	4	7	1
Batteries: Harris, Wilson, Pytlak; Milnar, Desautels.			
Washington	7	9	0
St. Louis	9	14	0
Batteries: Sundra, MacFayden, Carrasquel, Ferrel; Kennedy, Grube.			
Philadelphia	3	9	1
Detroit	4	6	2
Batteries: Marchildon, Hayes; Newhouse, Benton, Sullivan.			
New York	6	9	4
Chicago	5	14	1
Batteries: Chandler, Murphy, Rosar; Lee, Rigney, Appleton, Tresch.			

Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.
Cleveland	14	4	.778
New York	12	7	.632
Chicago	10	6	.625
Boston	8	8	.500
Detroit	8	8	.500
Washington	6	11	.353
St. Louis	4	10	.286
Philadelphia	4	12	.250

NATIONAL LEAGUE

St. Louis	12	3	.800
Brooklyn	15	5	.750
New York	8	8	.500
Cincinnati	8	8	.500
Boston	7	9	.438
Chicago	5	9	.357
Pittsburgh	5	10	.333
Philadelphia	5	13	.278

—United Press.

English Football Results

London, May 4.

Following are the results of football matches played yesterday:—

INTERNATIONAL

Scotland 1, England 3

(HALF-TIME)

Scotland 1, England 1..

LONDON CUP

Chelsea 2, Queen's Park R. 3
Arsenal 3, Tottenham 3

FOOTBALL LEAGUE SOUTH

Brighton 4, Watford 2
Luton 2, Portsmouth 1
Norwich 5, Southend 3

SOUTH REGIONAL LEAGUE

Aldershot 3, Fulham 3
Northampton 5, Millwall 1
Reading 6, West Bromwich A. 3
West Ham 3, Brentford 2
Bournemouth 2, Southampton 3

NORTH REGIONAL LEAGUE

Barnsley 3, Chesterfield 2
Blackpool 1, Manchester City 1
Bradford 5, Rotherham 1
Bury 2, Oldham 3
Halifax 4, Middlesbrough 2
Manchester United 1, Liverpool 1
Newcastle 3, Leeds 2
Preston 1, Blackburn Rovers 0

REGIONAL MATCHES

Chester 1, Stoke City 0
Doncaster 2, Mansfield Town 1

MIDLAND CUP (FINAL)

Leicester City 2, Walsall 0

LANCASHIRE CUP (2ND ROUND)

Everton 0, Burnley 3 after extra-time

OTHER MATCHES

Grimsby Town 4, Royal Air Force 2
Rochdale 6, Royal Air Force 2

SCOTTISH LEAGUE

Albion Rovers 1, Dumbarton 2
Hearts 1, Queen's Park 0
St. Mirren 3, Third Lanark 2.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Plan Big Cricket Season

Matches Arranged Against Rest of England, Empire And Army; Robbins Likely to Captain Air Force XI

London, May 4.

From plans so far known the Royal Air Force, more than anybody else, are preparing for a very good cricket season. Wing Commdr. W. S. Dailey, Inspector of Physical Fitness, appears to be a leading light, and if all his ideas materialise, 1941 should be a grand year for Royal Air Force cricket.

While several representative matches have been arranged, notably those against the Rest of England, an Empire team, the Army and Sir Pelham Warner's Lords XI, it is not the general desire to take men away from local stations for a succession of games; rather is it to get a blend of available talent in each locality, so that the "stars" appear in the same team as "novices" and provide the enjoyment on the spot.

In this way, as Wing Cmmdr. Dailey puts it, "R.A.F. cricketers will be able to show the flag in the Provinces." Towards this end he hopes to arrange for matches in the West of England, the Midlands, and the North, apart from the games fixed for the London area.

The main thought behind the Lords fixtures is charity, and when realising the number of county cricket stars who have changed their white flannels for Air Force blue, strong teams come to mind. No doubt Walter Hammond, who now has a commission, would have been the unanimous choice for captain of a Royal Air Force team, but he is now in the Middle East. R.W.V. Robbins, another England player, is, however, available; in fact there are many men worthy of this distinction and the honour may go round.

It is almost certain that as many men as possible will get the chance of playing in the R.A.F. teams as it is the intention to compile a central register, not only for cricket but for other games as well, so that teams may be varied.

Chances of there being a programme of inter-county matches this summer are very slender. The M.C.C. have certainly given no lead as yet, although Sir Pelham Warner, acting Secretary in the absence of Col. Rait-Kerr, is all in favour of seeing that Lords keeps the game alive.

"It is important, too, that we should keep cricket going in the schools" he added. "Last season the M.C.C. arranged 40 games with schools, and all but six were played. That will be done again because, wherever possible, we think the schoolboys should be encouraged to play cricket. Meanwhile there will be plenty of cricket at Lords this Summer, weather permitting."—Reuter.

Sub-Griffins Derby Plate Feature Event for Today

Dunhuang Fancied to Win With Boom Town and Luna Park in Minor Berths; Cluniehill for Hunt Cup

BY "THE CHASER"

THE choice Sub-Griffins of the year will be pitted against each other for the first time this afternoon when they meet in the ninth race—the 1941 Sub-Griffins Derby Plate—which is the most valuable and consequently most important event on today's racing, the second day of the Shanghai Race Club's Spring Meeting. With the weather showing signs of behaving once again, there is every prospect of a dry and fast course this afternoon and the best of the ponies should be seen.

The programme of twelve events for today has been swelled by one more event as the Stewards have decided to classify the ninety-one entries in the Fokien Handicap into three divisions instead of two as previously planned.

Luna Park is Likely Favourite

A likely starter in the 1941 Sub-Griffins is White Midget, as I understand, that his owner was so pleased with his win on Wednesday, that he has decided to give the little "X" pony a crack against the "Y's". But having analysed his possibilities carefully I do not think his chances are very great, in fact none at all. Luna Park will probably face the Starter a raging favourite. This is quite understandable when his impressive four-length win on Saturday is recalled. Of course Great General and Final Victory stand more than a fighting chance. Undoubtedly two of the principal contenders in this race are Dunhuang and Boom Town and I think the winner is either one of them, but for preference I take the former. Third place may be filled by Luna Park, but if S. Y. Sung takes the lead too early he may not even place.

Another race which should be the centre of more than casual interest is the Hunt Cup, the tenth race, which will be a "pukka" stayers race as it will be run over the distance of two miles. My choice here is Cluniehill to win from Bagshot and Un-Un-Un. Northwood, it is reported, will be starting in his later engagement.

field is expected to be large. The eighth race may see National Leader heading the field past the winning post. He was second in his first outing in good time. Furioso has been running consistently well and should place while Merry Bowman is the best of the "X" lot of the "Merry" ponies and should fill third berth. The eleventh race will see some of the topnotch old ponies in action and come what may I think Magic Circle will win. Busted Straight is sure to provide strong opposition while Northwood, on his recent running, should be among the first three.

"A.1" Bet in "1.A." Race

The "C" class of the Fokien Handicap is the first item on this afternoon's programme and I wonder whether the "C" stands for common, as the lot of 26 ponies are definitely not "class." Buffalo should be able to deal with this field and win, while El Chico and Brown Bomber, both of the same stable, may fill the place positions. The second race of the day will be known as race "1A" and an "A1" win bet here appears to be Petruska despite his weight of 159 pounds. His most dangerous rivals are Prince Charles and Pivot Boy who should be close on his heels when he passes the winning post. The next event had me puzzled for quite a long time but I finally came to the conclusion that White Lord is the pony to back among this lot, especially over seven furlongs. Lively Morn and Optimiste should be good enough to place here.

"X's" in Action

The "X's" will be seen in action in the third race over the sprint distance of half-a-mile and I think National Patriot is the pony we want to back here. Furioso is expected to start later in the day. A profitable place bet may be Minimax. The remaining place should go to Buckaway. There is a conglomeration of nothing less than 49 entries in the fourth race which means that we may expect to see about 30 ponies parading the paddock at the time of the race. Although Island Hero was a winner on Saturday I think he will meet his master in Smokey—a pony of whom we have not yet seen the best. Island Hero should be placed however. Cobbler is another good place bet.

The Austral Trial Plate is the fifth race, and if Mistral starts here I do not think there is anything to touch him, especially as I understand that Girl O'Speed will be making her bid in the Austral Chu-Ka-Za Cup. Friskyray and Golden Hen appear to be about the safest wagers for places.

"She Cannot Be Beaten"

It is futile to look for something to beat Girl O'Speed for the Austral Chu-Ka-Za Cup, the sixth race, because she cannot be beaten. Her nearest rival may be Sunmaid, provided of course, if his jockey can get him to start and can stay on his back. Foxylight should take the remaining berth.

I do think it is necessary to look further than Rye for the winner of the seventh race. Columbus and White Night should give him a fairly good race, in fact either of them may win, if he is blocked or interfered with. This is quite possible as the

The Chaser's Tips For Today

1st Race—1. Buffalo 2. El Chico 3. Brown Bomber Outsider: National City.

1stA Race—1. Petruska 2. Prince Charles 3. Pivot Boy Outsider: Happy Challenger.

2nd Race—1. White Lord 2. Lively Morn 3. Optimiste Outsider: Birthday Candy.

3rd Race—1. National Patriot 2. Minimax 3. Buckaway Outsider: What Now.

4th Race—1. Smokey 2. Island Hero 3. Cobbler Outsider: Asia Victory.

5th Race—1. Mistral 2. Friskyray 3. Golden Hen.

6th Race—1. Girl O'Speed 2. Sunmaid 3. Foxylight Outsider: Australian Princess.

7th Race—1. Rye 2. Columbus 3. White Night.

8th Race—1. National Leader 2. Furioso 3. Merry Bowman.

9th Race—1. Dunhuang 2. Boom Town 3. Luna Park Outsider: Joey.

10th Race—1. Cluniehill 2. Bagshot 3. Un-Un-Un Outsider: Hill Song.

11th Race—1. Magic Circle 2. Busted Straight 3. Northwood.

12th Race—1. King's Hall 2. Agonist 3. Manchu Prince Outsider: Grand Slam.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Ningpo Stakes Winner

White Parade, with I. E. House in the saddle, being led in after his victory in the Ningpo Stakes on Saturday.

In the Dugout.....

If Form Runs True Cincinnati Reds and Dodgers Expected to Be at the Top When September Comes

THE Cincinnati Reds are trying for their third straight pennant in the National League and have their supporters. As the 1941 race approaches, Bill McKechnie still has the best balance in the circuit. Brooklyn, built into a contender by Laughing Larry MacPhail, expects to hold one half of the next World Series at Ebbets Field. If form runs true, these two favourites will be one-two when the race turns into September. However, baseball does not always run according to the book. History is jammed with upsets and reversals.

You must remember the Cardinals. They waited until 1926 for their first World Series and then participated in five in the comparatively short space of nine years. Three times during that period they defeated the American League opponent. But since the fall of 1934 they have either chased the pennant winner across the line, or strayed into the second division.

A Year Ago

Just a year ago the critics were picking the Cards to push the Reds through September. Instead, the Dodgers leaped into the picture and eclipsed the Red Birds, who changed managers at the height of the season. First Ray Blades and later Billy Southworth struggled with unpredictable pitching. The Cards came in third.

This year the St. Louis club is working with one of the finest crop of rookies that ever dug spikes into Florida sand, and if two or three of them live up to early promise, Southworth is going to cause a few anxious moments for McKechnie and Leo Durocher. In fact, he will anyhow. But if some of those good looking newcomers stop National League hitters or hit National League pitching, Billy will leave the Reds and Dodgers somewhere in the rear.

For example, Southworth has five new outfielders who in 1940 had a combined batting average of .315 in the higher minors—Rochester, New Orleans, Houston and Columbus. The infield is strengthened by the arrival of Frank Crespi, a .301 hitter at shortstop for Rochester, and Steve Mesner, whom the Chicago Cubs cut adrift and who hit .341 at San Diego. He is a third baseman. To replace Mickey Owen on the catching staff, Southworth has Walker Cooper, Morton's brother, who appeared in 131 games with Columbus last season and hit .302.

Brother Battery

In the Coopers, Mort and Walker, Southworth has a new attraction—a brother battery. Mort last year won 11 games for the varsity and this year should be better. Walker, because of his heavy backstopping at Columbus, was voted the third most valuable player in the American Association. Phil Rizzuto of the Yankees was number one.

Added to an offence which already includes the loaded bats of Johnny Mize, Enos Slaughter and Ernie Koy, is the freshman bludgeon of young Harry Walker, outfielder. Harry's older brother, Dixie, is with the Dodgers, which should make some interesting copy during the summer. Harry batted a mere .313 for Columbus, but hidden in this average were 62 extra-base hits. He smashed 17 homers.

Among the new pitchers are Henry Gornicki, who won 19 at Rochester; Herschel Lyons, with 19 wins at Rochester; and Matty Surkont, with his 19 triumphs at Decatur. But perhaps the most promising newcomer is left-hander Ernie White, who had a 13 and four record at Columbus and an earned run average of 2.25—the lowest in the American Association.

By-Plays

Drafting Athletes

One of the chief topics today in sporting circles is the drafting of athletes for military service. Under the selective service law all men, which includes athletes, within certain age limits are subject to the call.

There are certain conditions under which those who come under the draft may be exempted or put in a deferred class. Those having dependents as well as those who are found to be physically under requirements come within these classifications.

When the draft boards have received the questionnaires required, those men whose numbers are next in line for service are called to appear for general examination and if they pass, they are inducted into the service.

When the ordinary citizen fails to qualify because of physical condition there is little said regarding it; but when the athlete fails it attracts much attention and causes no little surprise.

Gregory Rice is a case in point. On March 23 Greg Rice, the greatest distance runner ever produced in the United States, ran the fastest two-mile race, indoors or outdoors, ever recorded when in the Chicago indoor track and field meet he set the sensational time of 8.51.1. His feat bettered the accepted world record of 8.56.2 which he set in 1940. It also bettered his recent 8:53.4 time for which recognition had been asked.

Physically Unfit

Yet a few days later Rice had to appear before the Draft Board for examination prior to possible induction into the Army for a year's training. The Board pronounced him physically unfit for military service, and disclosed that he was suffering from a triple hernia.

It does seem strange that a man who can be a star at baseball, football or any other game should not be able to perform military service. It is hard to figure out how it is that such service should require more physical ability than is needed to take part in the strenuous exercise that sports involve.

It is gratifying to note that few indeed are the athletes who have asked to be exempted or put in the deferred class. They are glad to do their part and it does seem as if they should be accepted and given the same kind of work to perform as is given the non-athlete.

Some persons have put forth the idea that a professional athlete who is drawing a big salary can contribute more by continuing in his field of activity and so paying a large tax to the government than he can by doing military service. There may be some justification for this claim; but we fail to understand the standards whereby it can be claimed that he is not a fit subject for military service because of physical unfitness.

Canidrome Results

1—300 yd. flat.—1, Mad Plume; 2, Swallow.
Also ran:—Wild Rose, Mirette, Wee Dell, Harvard.
½ length.—Time, 18.79.
Win, $15.10. Forecast 5-2 Div. $121.40
Place, 1st $11.10; 2nd $18.80.

2—300 yd. flat.—1, Mixed Guard; 2, Hei Jen Ya Kiao.
Also ran:—Luss Wave, Dai Wu Day, Texas Beauty, Golden Age.
6 lengths.—Time, 18.16.
Win, $16.40. Forecast 4-3 Div. $53.30.
Place, 1st $10.10; 2nd $13.30.
Double Event 1/2 5-4 Div. $21.70.

3—440 yd. flat.—1, Glenmore Laura; 2, Golden Adagio.
Also ran:—Cute Villain, Dusty Lad, Frisky Bambino, Golden Rock.
5 lengths.—Time, 26.77.
Win, $42.70. Forecast 4-3 Div. $255.30.
Place, 1st $20.20; 2nd $13.10.
Double Event 2/3 4-4 Div. $50.50.

4—440 yd. flat.—1, Cute Vicerine; 2, Celtic Castle.
Also ran:—Wanstead, Only Babbler, Grey Vulcan, King Chu Bar.
3½ lengths.—Time, 26.22.
Win, $12.40. Forecast 4-5 Div. $22.70.
Place, 1st $7.30; 2nd $8.10.
Double Event 3/4 4-4 Div. $34.40.

5—500 yd. flat.—1, Sandy Walmer; 2, Wild Flower.
Also ran:—The Pyramid, Wild Charm, Master Bill, Paddy Blue.
2 lengths.—Time, 31.20.
Win, $11.30. Forecast 6-2 Div. $86.70.
Place, 1st $8.50; 2nd $13.
Double Event 4/5 4-6 Div. $8.90.

6—500 yd. flat.—1, Belle O'New York; 2, Triumphant Tom.
Also ran:—Careless Orontes, Wilful Bill, Great Rambler, Bowsterman.
2 lengths.—Time, 30.96.
Win, $10.80. Forecast 2-5 Div. $33.60.
Place, 1st $7.90; 2nd $9.80.
Double Event 5/6 6-2 Div. $9.90.

7—500 yd. flat.—1, Black Opal; 2, Beaconsfield.
Also ran:—Erin Beau, Adam's Ruin, Open Blade, Don Juan.
2½ lengths.—Time, 30.53.
Win, $10.70. Forecast 6-2 Div. $30.60.
Place, 1st $7.60; 2nd $8.20.
Double Event 6/7 2-6 Div. $12.70.

8—500 yd. flat.—1, Flash Vixen; 2, Moody Mask.
Also ran:—Sir Sewu, Lone Plume, Dover Convoy, Open Beach.
3½ lengths.—Time, 30.36.
Win, $35. Forecast 6-3 Div. $147.40.
Place, 1st $19.20; 2nd $10.40.
Double Event 7/8 6-6 Div. $39.30.

9—500 yd. flat.—1, Sweet Moon; 2, Great Rascal.
Also ran:—The Buck, Paddy Boy, Yeoman Commander, Sappaire.
½ length.—Time, 30.39.
Win, $24. Forecast 1-3 Div. $135.30.
Place, 1st $11.60; 2nd $15.60.
Double Event 8/9 6-1 Div. $70.50.

10—500 yd. flat.—1, Radiant Scene; 2, Captain Charming.
Also ran:—Scotch Buddy, Paddy Bashful, Fly Catcher, Double Six.
6 lengths.—Time, 29.57.
Win, $21.80. Forecast 5-6 Div. $73.70.
Place, 1st $12.40; 2nd $7.20.
Double Event 9/10 1-5 Div. $63.90.

11—500 yd. flat.—1, Peerless Style; 2, Dover Cliffs.
Also ran:—Copalet, Sandy Whizzer, Esquire, Peerless Special.
2 lengths.—Time, 30.06.
Win, $84.30. Forecast 5-6 Div. $188.60.
Place, 1st $19.10; 2nd $8.10.
Double Event 10/11 5-5 Div. $106.

12—500 yd. flat.—1, Flying Duchess; 2, Fair Evening.
Also ran:—Cordon Vert, Don't Forget, Ocean Beauty, Real Wizahd.
A head.—Time, 29.56.
Win, $27.90. Forecast 3-5 Div. $80.70.
Place, 1st $9; 2nd $6.70.
Double Event 11/12 5-3 Div. $167.50.
Cash sweep:—1st dog No. 420; 2nd dog No. 1061; 3rd dog No. 2962.
Unplaced:—3452, 2410, 3579.

Whirl Away Shatters Record To Win Kentucky Derby

Staretor Places Second, Market Wise is Third; Porter's Cap, The Favourite, Finishes Fourth

Louisville, Ky., May 3.

WARREN Wright's Whirl Away scored a stunning upset victory today in the Kentucky Derby, beating a crack field in the historic classic before a record breaking crowd of 100,000 spectators. The crowd was the largest ever to witness a horse race in North America.

Whirl Away covered the mile and one-quarter distance in the record shattering time of 2 minutes 1-5/10 seconds. Whirl Away's time broke the track record set by famed old Twenty Grand in 1931 by 2/5 of a second. Whirl Away flashed across the line eight lengths ahead in an easy win. Staretor placed second in the race, following by Market Wise and C. S. Howard's Porter's Cap, who was the west's hope for the first California winner of a derby in history.

Porter's Cap, who won the US$50,000 Santa Anita Derby and held the fastest workout time for the distance, was the pre-race favourite at odds of 2 to 1.

Whirl Away paid US$7.80 to win, US$5 to place and US$4.40 to show. Staretor paid US$35.20 to place and US$17 to show. Market Wise paid US$10.80 to show.

Winner Outsprints Field

Whirl Away held far back in the race until the final turn and then outsprinted the field. He was ridden by the veteran jockey Eddie Arcaro, who rode Lawrin to the Derby triumph in 1938.

Dispose, who entered the race at 8 to 1 odds, led the field early, but weakened as the three-quarters pole flashed past. Whirl Away, driving down the stretch under Arcaro's whip, wore down both Porter's Cap and Blue Pair to win handily by eight lengths.

The field went to the post at 5.45 p.m. as the hot, blazing sun rode down the western sky in perfect blue grass weather. The track was fast and hard and the rollicking throng of 100,000 spectators cheered lustily for the start of the classic of the American sport parade.

All eleven entries started, although for a time it was believed that Market Wise would be withdrawn because of a sore foot. Whirl Away received about US$60,000 for his win.—United Press.

Cricket Season Opens With Minor Matches

London, May 4.

Instead of the usual heralding trumpets, the cricket season made a modest beginning yesterday with several minor matches, in which the London Fire Service, taking a well-earned relaxation, again stole the lime-light by opening the season at Lords, cricket's headquarters, against Reading University who won by seven runs.—Reuter.

HINDS & BARR

Turf Accountants & Commission Agents

100 Central Arcade Tel. 15154-15155

CANIDROME RESULTS

Sunday, May 4, 1941.

Race	Placed Dogs		$5.00 Win F'cast Pool	Course D/Events $2
1	5	2	121.40	
2	4	3	53.30	21.70
3	4	3	255.30	50.50
4	4	5	22.70	34.40
5	6	2	86.70	8.90
6	2	5	33.60	9.90
7	6	2	30.60	12.70
8	6	3	147.40	39.30
9	1	3	135.30	70.50
10	5	6	73.70	63.90
11	5	6	188.60	106.00
12	3	5	80.70	167.50

Yesterday's Cash Sweep Results:—

1st prize No. 420 $3,462.00
2nd ,, No. 1061. $1,442.50
3rd ,, No. 2962 $ 865.50
Unplaced Nos. 3452 2410 3579
($50) each.

England Win Soccer International

Beat Scotland at Glasgow; Avenge Previous Defeat

London, May 4.

An atmosphere reminiscent of peace time Internationals prevailed at Hampden Park, Glasgow, when 75,000 people, saw England beat Scotland by 3 to 1 in a fast and exciting game and avenge their defeat in the first match in February.

The Scottish team, described as the best seen in recent years, dominated the first half. Ventners gave them the lead with a surprise shot from twenty-five yards, and thereafter, until just before the interval, when Welsh equalised, the English defence had a gruelling time.

With the English defence holding the Scottish forwards, the English attack functioned perfectly in the second half and penned Scotland mostly in her own half.

Goulden and Welsh scored for England, to win the game.—Reuter.

English Rugby Results

London, May 4.

Following are the results of Rugby games played yesterday:—

RUGBY LEAGUE CUP (SEMI-FINAL)
Leeds 10, Bradford Northern 10
Halifax 11, Wakefield Trinity 2

FRIENDLY

Huddersfield 45, Hull 17.—Reuter.

PARC DES SPORTS HAI ALAI Today 7.30

ELECTRICAL
LIGHTING — HEATING — BELL
INSTALLATIONS
Estimates free on application
L. LARSEN & CO.
Electrical Engineers and Contractors
133 Szechuen Road Telephone 16156

SHANGHAI RACE COURSE

TO-DAY, at 1.30 p.m.

SECOND DAY SPRING RACE MEETING

A PROGRAMME OF TWELVE FLAT RACES

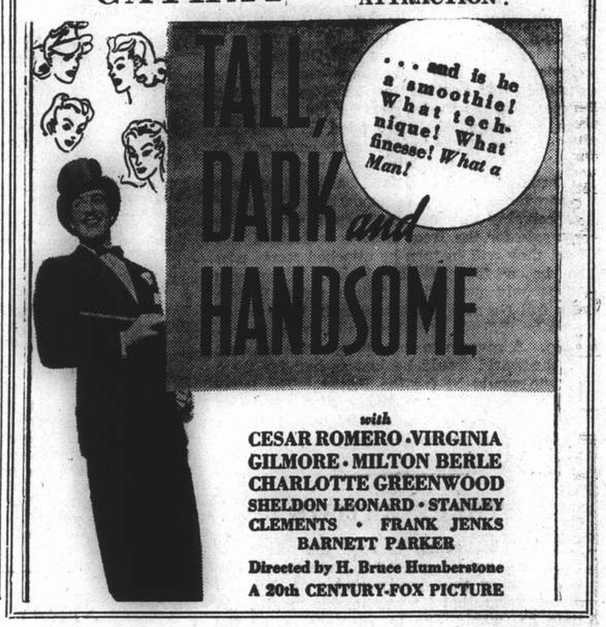
From this day's racing the Club will forward a donation to British War Funds.

CASH SWEEP TICKETS

All through chances for Sweeps on Seven Races each Race Day at $20 each. Special Sweep on Champions, Race No. 9, 4th Day, Spring Race Meeting, May 7, 1941, $10 each Ticket of Eleven (11) Sections. Single Sections $1 each. 10% OF THE GROSS SWEEP WILL BE DONATED TO CHARITY AND WAR FUNDS
For further information, regarding Sweeps apply to A. W. OLSEN, 304 MOHAWK ROAD.

1261b

CATHAY— COMING BIG ATTRACTION!



with
CESAR ROMERO · VIRGINIA GILMORE · MILTON BERLE
CHARLOTTE GREENWOOD
SHELDON LEONARD · STANLEY CLEMENTS · FRANK JENKS
BARNETT PARKER
Directed by H. Bruce Humberstone
A 20th CENTURY-FOX PICTURE

Obtainable at all
C. Ingenohl's
Cigar Stores
"La Perla del Oriente"
and other tobacconists

How British Troops Were Withdrawn From Greece

Thousands Taken in Transports, Fighting Ships In Most Difficult, Dangerous Conditions

London, May 4.

IN terse sailor's language, an Admiralty communique yesterday tells the story of the withdrawal of 45,000 British Imperial troops and a large number of refugees from the Greek coasts.

The main body of the troops was embarked in the face of great German air superiority during four nights, April 24 to April 27, though the final embarkation was only completed on April 30.

During the same period, three empty troop transports were lost and one fully loaded was bombed and set on fire. Two British destroyers, after rescuing 700 survivors from a bombed transport, were bombed and sunk the next morning.

Admiral Sir Andrew Cunningham, Commander-in-Chief in the Mediterranean, has sent a message of appreciation to the British and Allied merchant vessels which co-operated in the withdrawal.

The day by day, or rather night by night, story of the Greek evacuation of the Imperial forces was told in this communique.

Dangerous Work

It was known the operation would be one of extreme difficulty and danger owing to the Nazi command of the air, the configuration of the Greek coast and the unuseable condition of most of the major Greek ports by reason of air attacks.

The successful withdrawal of over 40,000 men and a large number of refugees began on the night of April 14/15, when 13,500 men were withdrawn from the Rapthis and Nauplia areas. An empty transport ran aground, was bombed and burnt out.

On the night of April 15/16, 5,500 men were withdrawn from the Negara area. One empty transport was bombed and sunk, and another empty transport, damaged by an air attack, was taken in tow by a destroyer, but afterwards became a total loss.

Thousands Withdrawn

During the night of April 26/27 a total of 16,000 were withdrawn from Greece, 8,000 from the Kalamata area and over 4,000 from Nauplia and 3,500 from the Raphina and Raphis areas. One transport loaded with troops off Nauplia was bombed and set on fire and the destroyer Diamond, formerly on the China Station, went to the rescue. The destroyer was continually attacked from the air, but she picked up 600 men.

The Diamond was joined by the destroyer Wryneck and the latter rescued 100 men, then the Diamond torpedoed the burning wrecked transport as it was a danger to shipping. The next morning both destroyers having left Nauplia were attacked and sunk.

On the night of April 27/28, warships took 4,200 from Raphis, and the final embarkation was planned for the following night, when 8,500 troops and a number of Yugoslav refugees were evacuated from the Kalamata area.

R.A.F. Men Safe

Soon after midnight on April 29, however, it was reported that the Kalamata area was in enemy hands; despite this, nearly 500 men were taken off from this area during this night and at the same time 3,750 from Monemvasia and 750 R.A.F. personnel from Kithera.

The Kalamata area was visited the following night by destroyers and again the night after, picking up 65 officers the first time and a further 23 officers and 179 men the next night.

Soon after midnight on April 30, the Commander-in-Chief in the Mediterranean reported that 45,000 Imperial troops and R.A.F. personnel and a large number of refugees had been withdrawn, and, following consultations with military authorities, it had been decided that no further withdrawals could take place. Naval forces were consequently being withdrawn from the vicinity of the Greek coast.—Reuter.

Lindbergh Urges U.S. Isolationism

Claims That American Aircraft Production is Far Behind Germany's

St. Louis, May 4.

Col. Lindbergh said that the total American flier, addressing an anti-war rally here last night, urged isolationism and asserted the United States was not prepared to participate in a European war.

The United States, said Col. Lindbergh, was facing major disaster and being "led into the same morass" as France and England.

Col. Lindbergh said that the total air strength of the United States, including both Army and Navy modern and obsolete types of planes "was not more than Germany can produce in a few weeks." U.S. air strength, he said, represents only a small fraction of Germany's current air strength.

The noted flier, who resigned from the Army Air Corps reserve because President Roosevelt attacked his isolationist stand, ridiculed suggestions that Anglo-American aircraft production could overtake the German output, except over a period of years.

The concept that war can be won through the United States building great quantities of fighting planes and shipping them to England to enable Britain to gain air superiority originated "in the minds of politicians and idealists," he said.

Not Informed

Col. Lindbergh charged that the people "never were accurately informed about the progress of the European war."

He said that intolerance, hatred and confusion were creeping steadily closer to the United States.

The situation which resulted in his resignation from the Army Air Corps arose, he said, "because I, with millions of American, believe the nation should not enter the war, while the President and many with him believe we should take part in the war....We know America is being led into a major disaster.

"We would be poor Americans indeed if we remained silent....America is not in a position to wage a war successfully abroad."—United Press.

Nazi Blockade Runner Believed Sunk

Lech Said to Have Sailed From Rio de Janeiro

New York, May 4.

The fate of the German blockade-runner cargo steamer, Lech 3,290 tons, is at present a mystery.

The Lech arrived at Rio de Janeiro on March 3 from Bordeaux with a cargo of chemicals and aeroplanes after running the British blockade. Her captain, Friedrich Brinkman, boasted "Germany delivers the goods", and declared the Lech would remain in Rio until the end of the war.

The Lech, however, was reported to have left Rio five days ago for Bergen with a valuable cargo, and, according to New York maritime sources, was intercepted by a British auxiliary cruiser off Bahia, Brazil and was sunk. It is believed she scuttled herself.

Official Brazilian and British circles in Rio de Janeiro are unable to confirm this report.—Reuter.

German "Tourists" Now Allowed in Morocco

Previous Ban Lifted by Vichy Authorities

Vichy, May 4.

Reports circulated here yesterday that the French Government had agreed to allow German "tourists" to enter French Morocco.

Germany was said to be pressing France to launch a drive to recapture Free French colonies in Africa, as the French contribution to Franco-German "collaboration".

M. Fernand de Brinon, Vichy's Ambassador-at-Large in Paris, according to unofficial reports, signed visas to allow the "first allotment of German citizens" to go to Morocco.

There has been a ban on German "tourist" travel in Morocco and the present action merely gives Germans what were described as "equal rights with Americans, British and other foreigners" in Morocco.—United Press.

Italians Occupying Corfu Island

Wrecks of Many Mussolini Ships Seen in Adriatic

Corfu, May 4.

Italian forces yesterday hastened to complete occupation of Corfu island, off the Greco-Albanian frontier. Fortification of the island will strengthen Italian defence of the Adriatic.

In almost every Albanian harbour, are wrecks of Italian ships, their rigging and stacks barely showing above the water—mute evidence of British and Greek attacks.—United Press.

Clipper Takes Off on Singapore Flight

San Francisco, May 4.

Inaugurating the longest route of the Pan-American Airways, the California Clipper left yesterday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock for Singapore on a 9,472 mile flight.—Domei.

Belgium Fights on in Africa

Belgium has a considerable fighting force in the colony of the Congo. Recently some of them have taken part in the fighting in East Africa and have acquitted themselves well. A Belgian colonial mission recently visited General Cunningham, the British commander-in-chief in East Africa. The picture shows M. de Vleeschauwer, Belgian Minister of Colonies; taking the salute at Nairobi airport. To the right are M. Ryckmans, Governor of the Congo, and General Cunningham.

Germans Trying to Make Holland Economic Colony

Dutch Shipping Activities Transferred to Nazi Ports; Finance, Agriculture Controlled

Washington, May 4.

THE Nazi conquerors of the Netherlands are transforming the Dutch into an "economic colony" of Nazi Germany, according to authoritative reports received in diplomatic quarters here.

The transfer of vital Dutch shipping activities to German ports, these reports state, provide the latest advancement of Germany's plans to change the Netherlands from a liberal, free trade middleman into a "directed economy" fitting into the Nazi "new order" scheme for Europe.

Storage, trans-shipment, financing and insurance facilities, which have made Rotterdam and Amsterdam into two of the world's most active and prosperous ports, have now been shifted to Hamburg and Bremen, their German competitors.

German occupation authorities have already established domination over Dutch finance, industry and agriculture, say the reports, by purchasing, requisitioning or assuming control over banks, factories and agriculture.

But in spite of German efforts to make Holland "a paying conquest" the reports show that the British blockade, the breakdown of normal industrial and shipping facilities and other effects of the war are creating increasingly severe problems, particularly where the nation's food is concerned.

Holland has normally been a large exporter of dairy products but a shortage of foodstuffs and fodder, formerly imported, has caused milk production to decline as much as 14 per cent.

Lack of Food

The slaughter of animals, also resulting from the shortage of foodstuff, has forced the occupation authorities to cut the meat ration from 1 lb. a week to 1 lb. every 10 days.

Maximum prices have been set for most foodstuffs, which are already rationed. A new and more severe rationing system for clothes and textiles was introduced on February 1.

Another conservation measure, to save wear and tear on railway equipment and iron and steel imports, forced the Netherlands railways to reduce the speed of electric trains from 120 to 100 kilometres, and of steam trains from 100 to 80 kilometres an hour.

An estimated 80,000 workers have been given work in Germany. (Any worker who refuses such an "offer" is refused the small dole allowed Dutch unemployed.)

To meet spring agricultural requirements, reports state, a new class of conscripts will be drafted for the labour service in the near future and will include all young men normally subject to a call to military service.—Reuter.

U.S. Atlantic Patrol To Avoid Clashes

Only to Shoot When in Danger of Being Sunk

Washington, May 4.

The United States Atlantic patrol has been ordered to "avoid shooting at all costs short of being sunk," well informed sources said here yesterday.

The patrol was said to be operating within 1,500 miles of western British ports and was instructed to merely spot Axis surface ships, submarines and aircraft, broadcast the information of their whereabouts, and remain in contact until British forces overtake them.—United Press.

Hitler May Speak at Reichstag Meeting

Berlin, May 4.

The German Reichstag will meet on Sunday at 6 p.m. Reich Marshal Hermann W. Goering, Reichstag President and Chief of the German Air Force, announced yesterday.

The Reichstag was called to hear a "declaration by the Reich Government," it was announced.

The declaration will be broadcast by all German radio stations. The meeting will be the first since July 19, 1940.

Reliable but unconfirmed reports said that Chancellor Adolf Hitler would speak.—United Press.

Nazis Want Nickel Mines in Finland

Talks Said in Progress With Owners

London, May 4.

The Nazis are trying to get control of the nickel mines at Petsamo in northern Finland, which were wrecked during the fighting in Finland 18 months ago.

The German Foreign Office announces that negotiations are going on with the "Partners in the mines," presumably Finland and Russia, as it is understood the mines were taken over by the Finnish state from Anglo-Canadian interests after the Russo-Finnish war, and the Soviet is said to have claimed the controlling interest.—Reuter.

U.S. Army Promotions On Merit Alone

Length of Service Not Necessarily to Count

Washington, May 4.

The War Department yesterday invoked a policy of selection by merit instead of by length of service for temporary promotions of majors and lieutenant-colonels to colonels.

The action does not apply to retired officers on active duty, who continue to be promoted on length of service.

"The policy eventually may lead to extension to all grades and all components during the present emergency," the Department announced.—United Press.

Indian Troops Abroad to Benefit from War Fund

Nagpur, May 4.

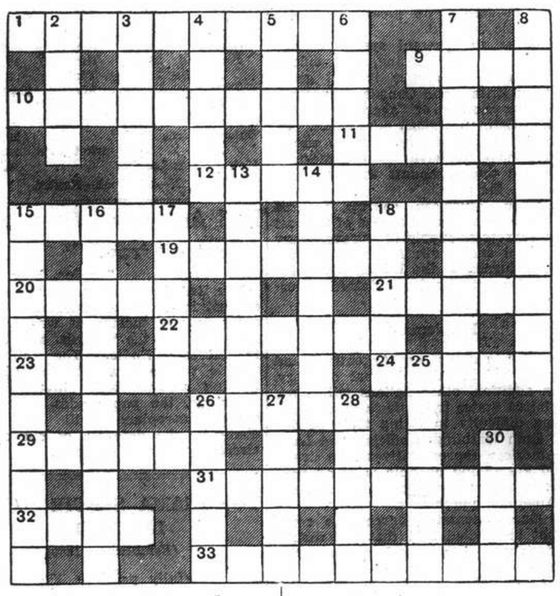
The Governor of the Central Provinces announced today that 50 per cent. of all contributions to the Governor's War Purposes Fund would be devoted hnceforth for the benefit of Indian troops serving abroad.—Reuter.

SOLUTION OF SUNDAY CROSSWORD No. 610

P	A	G	E	A	N	T		C	A	P	I	T	A	L
A		U		P		A		H		I		I		O
P	E	T	A	L		M	O	O	N	L	I	G	H	T
V		T		O		E		W		U		H		T
R	H	E	U	M	Y			B	O	T	T	L	E	
U		R		B	E	T		S	O	W				R
S	L	I	P		W	R	O	N	G		T	R	O	Y
		N				I		I			E			
P	A	G	E		S	P	A	C	E		H	A	L	F
A				A	L	E		H	E	G		R		A
R	O	S	A	R	Y				L	U	G	G	E	R
A		L		R		H			L		U		T	
G	R	A	V	I	T	A	T	E		L	O	A	T	H
O		N		V		C		L		E		R		E
N	E	G	L	E	C	T		M	A	T	A	D	O	R

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 486

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

1 The smell of a red herring? (two words—5, 5)
9 French author (4)
10 A person in this doesn't make his remarks snappy (two words—4, 6)
11 War shelter of taste not English (6)
12 This cross meant trouble (5)
13 Sometimes accounts for Scottish greeting? (5)
14 No harmonious meeting (5)
19 This isn't inside the bar, of course (two words—4, 3)
20 No back-answer is inquisitive (5)
21 Its poor little brain is turned (5)
22 Moderate people don't go to it (7)
23 You may see him changed several times (5)
24 Some of the frillings (5)
26 One doesn't make it at one's leisure (5)
29 Wherein life seems in suspense (6)
31 The card player who is this is obviously above a crooked deal (10)
32 One goes to war with him (4)
33 Tough growth from paltry hand (two words—5, 5)

DOWN

2 Very expectant (4)
3 Stern pressure is brought to bear on it (6)
4 Material direction re turkey (5)
5 Let your ideal run away with you (5)
6 Even a minute error can make one this (5)
7 He is mad on one thing (10)
8 Take this opportunity, or fail (two words—4, 6)
13 A hindrance to getting a move on (7)
14 Heed (7)
15 Missing with middle East? (two words—4, 6)
16 Always ready for more (10)
17 Part of the theatre (5)
18 No weakling wins the toss with this (5)
25 The ancients had to this to read (6)
26 It grows on itself (5)
27 The mark of the beast (5)
28 Opposite of 32 across (5)
30 Only of outside interest to millers (4)

Japanese Expect New Agreements

Foreign Policy to Be Speeded Up with Return Of Foreign Minister

Tokyo, May 4.

The "Asahi" yesterday predicted that Japan's foreign policy will be brisk after Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, Foreign Minister, returns on Monday night from the Ise Grand Shrine, where he went last night to report to the Sun Goddess on his European trip.

Formal signing of the Japanese negotiated French Indo-China-Thailand peace treaty was expected this week, the "Asahi" said. Also expected was official confirmation of pledges by both signatories not to conclude agreements harmful to Japan. Such pledges would confirm Japan's dominant position in East Asia, the newspaper said.

Asserting that the Soviet-Japanese neutrality pact presaged conclusion of a basic fisheries treaty and generally helped Japan's East Asia position, the "Asahi" said that Japan's only remaining question, therefore, was concerning the United States.

Japan must learn the attitude of the United States "which has come to show a serious concern about Japan's southward policy," the "Asahi" said.

"How this country will proceed in this respect depends undoubtedly on future developments of the international situation, the "Asahi" said.—United Press.

Manila Area Swept by Huge Fire

Many Chinese Among Sufferers

Manila, May 4.

Twenty thousand persons were homeless here today as firemen mopped up after a 5,000,000 pesos blaze which destroyed the Tondo business and residential section last night.

Fifty Chinese general merchandise stores and hundreds of Chinese bamboo houses were razed during the fire which swept through 40 square blocks and destroyed some 1,200 homes in all.

A number of Chinese residents of the section were missing, but the known death toll remained at three early today.

The blaze, which raged for hours before firemen brought it under control shortly before midnight, was the largest in Manila's history.—United Press.

Iron Guard Members Get Long Sentences

Bucharest, May 3.

Heavy sentences were meted out by a local court to several members of the Iron Guard faction for having participated in the uprising of last January. Four of the accused were given sentences ranging from 10 to 15 years of hard labour, while 25 will serve from one to eight years in prison.—Havas Telemondial.

Rumania Take Over More Jewish Firms

Bucharest, May 3.

A certain number of industrial concerns belonging to Jews have been confiscated for the benefit of the state. Most of these concerns were engaged in manufacturing pharmaceutical products and in the distillery trade.—Havas Telemondial.

British Call For U.S. Troops Seen By Some

New York, May 4.

Answering the question "Do you think Britain will call for help from the United States army before the war is over"—put by the latest Gallup poll—57 per cent. of the replies received were in the affirmative. Fourteen per cent. thought that Britain was already doing so, twenty per cent. said "no" and nine per cent. were undecided.—Reuter.

Chinese Priest Given Vatican Diploma

Lyons, May 3.

It is learned from the Vatican that Father Joseph Young, Chinese member of the Congregation of the Lord's Disciples, has just been awarded the diploma of Master of Biblical Sciences.

Father Young is the first Chinese priest to obtain this diploma.

He will now devote himself to a new translation of the Bible into Chinese.—Havas Telemondial.

Two British Battleships Now At Gibraltar

La Linea, May 3.

Accompanied by several other warships, the British aircraft-carrier Argus was seen leaving Gibraltar today. At present there are two battleships, one aircraft-carrier, and several destroyers in Gibraltar harbour. Thirty merchant vessels, including two tankers, were preparing today to leave Gibraltar in a convoy.—Havas Telemondial.

ROXY TEL. 60727
TO-DAY 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
800 LAUGHS in their 8TH TRIUMPH!
JUDGE HARDY AND SON
with LEWIS STONE MICKEY ROONEY CECILIA PARKER FAY HOLDEN
Original Story and Screen Play by Carey Wilson
Directed by George B. Seitz
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURE
NEXT CHANGE!

GOLDEN GATE THEATRE 745 AV. POCH TEL. 74456
3 Shows To-day at 2.30, 5.30, 9.15 p.m.
Admission: $0.80, $1, $1.30
KAY'S IN A DAZE OF BAD HUMOR MEN
—He's got the movies' three meanest menaces on his trail—5 sock songs on his band racks—and another big laugh hit on his hands!
KAY KYSER "YOU'LL FIND OUT"
with PETER LORRE · BORIS KARLOFF · BELA LUGOSI
Opens To-morrow:
The Year's Prize Package Of Fun And Excitement!
Kay FRANCIS Jack OAKIE George BANCROFT
in "LITTLE MEN"

UPTOWN TEL. 38484
BY SPECIAL REQUEST!
LAST FOUR SHOWS
At 2.30, 5, 7 and 9.15 p.m.
You've Never Seen a Deanna Like this!
DEANNA DURBIN in
"SPRING PARADE"
Robert Cummings Mischa Auer
OPENS TO-MORROW!
"THE HOUSE OF THE SEVEN GABLES"

GRAND NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
"She Can't Have Him ...Now!"
All her love in one brief letter... all her life to regret it!
BETTE DAVIS in "The Letter"
From the Story by W. SOMERSET MAUGHAM
HERBERT MARSHALL · JAMES STEPHENSON
FRIEDA INESCORT · GALE SONDERGAARD
A WILLIAM WYLER PRODUCTION
A WARNER BROS. · First National Picture · Screen Play by Howard Koch · Music by Max Steiner
ADDED ATTRACTION: "FIGHTING 69½"—Color Cartoon

METROPOL NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
1940's ACADEMY AWARD WINNER!
A Lonely Man, A Lovely Woman, against the Secret of Manderley!
SELZNICK INTERNATIONAL presents
Rebecca
starring LAURENCE OLIVIER · JOAN FONTAINE
Directed by ALFRED HITCHCOCK
COME EARLY! Feature Starts Promptly on Time!
$1.20, $1.70, $2.30 $1.20, $1.80, $2.50, $3.20

NANKING NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
THE RED, RAW, REAL BARBARY COAST LEAPS TO LIFE!
The most exciting screen shock of the year!
BURGESS MEREDITH IRENE HERVEY BARRY FITZGERALD in SAN FRANCISCO DOCKS
with RAYMOND WALBURN ESTHER RALSTON ROBERT ARMSTRONG LEWIS HOWARD

CATHAY NOW SHOWING! at 3, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
THE MAGNIFICENT LOVE STORY OF A BEAUTIFUL REBEL!
"1941's Battlefield of Love"
"VIRGINIA" in Technicolor
starring MADELEINE CARROLL · FRED MacMURRAY
A Paramount Picture with Sterling Hayden · Helen Broderick · Marie Wilson Carolyn Lee · Produced and Directed by EDWARD H. GRIFFITH
Have you met Hey, lovely CAROLYN LEE?
Come Early! Feature Starts Promptly on Time
$1.50, $2.50, $3.50 $1.50, $2.50, $3.50, $4.50
Downtown Booking at SAM LAZARO BROS.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

New York Stocks

Saturday's Closing Quotations

New York, May 3.

Very quiet conditions prevailed on the Stock Exchange today, with prices generally finishing fractions up on balance.

Although trading was desultory, due to the continued reluctance of operators to enter the market and interest centred on the spurt in the cotton market, some firm spots, however, were noted here and there, especially rails and oils which enjoyed investments support. The buying of the latter was probably influenced by reports of the fighting in Iraq.

Meanwhile, attention is focussed on developments in the Near East as well as possible action by Washington on convoying supplies to Britan.

The volume of trading amounted to only 200,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	115.76	115.33	115.55	—0.17
20 Rails	28.71	28.51	28.68	+0.17
51 Utilit.	17.88	17.75	17.85	+0.05
40 Bonds	——	——	91.74	+0.10
11 Commod.	——	——	65.73	+1.11

	May 2	3		May 2	3
Adams Exp	5½	5½	Int T & T	*1½	2½
Alfi Lud	20½	*20⅝	Johns Man	56½	*57⅝
Allis Chal	26½	*26	Kennecott	32½	32½
Amer Can	79⅛	79⅜	Libbey	31⅝	*31
Am Cyan B	35½	34½	Lockheed	21½	21⅜
Am For Pr	⅜	11/16	Loew's	29⅛	29½
„ $7 pfd	16½	*16½	Martin	26½	26⅞
Am Loco	11⅞	11⅞	Mont Ward	32	31⅞
Am Metal	16	*15⅝	Nat Avian	7⅞	7⅞
Am Radtr	6⅛	6⅛	N City B	*25	*25
Am R Mill	14	*13⅜	Nat Dairy	12⅞	13
Am Smelt	37½	37⅛	Nat Dist	18	18
Am Sug	*15	15½	Nat P & L	6	6
Am T & T	150	150½	Nat Sup	5	5
Am Wtwrks	4½	4½	N Y Cent	12	12½
Am Tob B	67⅝	*67½	Niag Hud	2⅜	2⅜
Anaconda	23½	23⅜	N A Avia	12⅛	12⅜
Atch T & T	27½	28½	Nth Am Co	12⅜	12⅜
Avian Cpn	2⅛	2⅜	N Pacific	6½	6⅜
Bald Loco	13¼	*13½	Packard	2⅜	2⅜
Balt & Ohio	3⅜	3½	Paramount	11½	11½
Barns Oil	8⅜	9¼	Penn R R	23⅜	24
Bendix	34½	35	Phil Pet	40½	40⅝
Beth Steel	70	69½	Pullman	23⅜	24
Bliss	14⅜	*14⅜	Pure Oil	9⅛	9⅜
Boeing	13⅜	13½	Radio	3⅜	3⅜
Borg War	17½	17½	Reading	14⅜	*14½
Briggs Mfg	18⅜	18⅜	Rem Arm	*4⅜	*4½
Budd Mfg	3⅜	3½	Rep Avia	3⅜	3⅜
Can Pac	3½	3⅜	Rep Steel	17½	17½
Celanese	*20⅛	20½	Rey Tob B	29½	29⅝
Chase N B	*29	*29	Schenley	8⅜	8⅜
Ches & O	37½	37½	Shell U O	13	13⅛
Chrysler	57½	57½	Soc Vac	9⅛	9⅜
Col G & E	2⅜	2⅜	Sthrn Pac	11½	11⅝
Col Credit	*25⅛	25½	Sthrn Rly	24½	24½
Com & Sth	⅜	⅜	Spicer	28	28
Cons Edis	19½	19½	Std Brands	5½	5⅝
Cons Oil	5⅝	6	St G & E	*0½	*0½
Copid St	14½	*14⅜	Std O of NJ	35⅞	36⅛
Curtiss Wr	8⅜	8½	Studebaker	5	4⅜
Douglas	65½	66	Swift Int	*18	18½
Du Pont	138⅜	139	Technico	8⅜	*8⅝
E P Lead	7⅞	7⅞	Tex Corp	37⅜	37⅝
Elec A Lite	26½	*26⅛	Transamer	4⅛	4⅛
Elec B & S	2	2	Tw Cent	5⅛	5⅛
„ $5 pfd	55½	*54½	Un Bk & F	10½	*10⅞
„ $6 pfd	58	*58½	Un Pac	79	79
El P & L	33⅜	*33⅛	Un Air	38	38
Flintkote	12⅛	12⅛	Un A Lines	10⅝	10½
Gen Elec	28⅜	28⅛	Un Corp	0⅝	0⅞
Gen Motors	37⅝	37½	„ $3 pfd	22	21⅜
Gen Rly	*11¼	12	Un Gas	7	7
Gen T & R	*10	10⅜	U S Rub	21	21⅛
Goodrich	12⅜	12⅛	U S Steel	52½	52½
Goodyear	17	17	Vanadium	23⅛	23½
Gt N Ore	14	*13⅛	Vultee	5	*4⅜
Gt N Rly	25⅜	26⅛	Walworth	4⅛	4⅛
Gt W Sug	22⅜	*22	War Br Pcts	3⅛	3⅛
Int Nickel	25⅛	24⅛	West Elec	88½	87⅞
Int Paper	13	13⅛	Woodward	26	*26

BONDS

Am For Pr	56	*55½	Erie	24	2
Australain	*56½	58½	Int T & T	43½	43⅝
Brazil	19½	19⅜	New Eng	61⅜	61⅜
„ 6½%	16⅜	16½	Sthrn Pac	53⅛	54⅛
City Serv.	9⅜	9⅜	St Gas & E	89	89

*—Bid. †—Ex Div.

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices early drifted irregularly lower today and then rallied. Rails were again in the lead. A sharp rise in steel operations and carloadings is anticipated next week as a result of the re-opening of coal mines. However, it is generally agreed that war factors are dominant, and some fears are being expressed that any collapse of the British in the Mediterranean area may cause a considerable market slump.

Stocks:—The market continues to be a selective affair. We favour oils, rails and coppers. The "Times" Index of business activity for the past week was 120.4, against 118.6 for last week and 100.1 for the corresponding period of the previous year.

EARNINGS

Stock	Period	1940	1939
Amer. & For.Power, $7.00 pfd.	Yr. 31/12	$6.59	$5.76

Cotton and Wheat:—The markets advanced strongly on the Senate Agricultural Committee vote for a 35 per cent. parity loan, which is estimated to equal 13.49 cents for cotton, 96.6 cents for wheat and 69.9 for corn, exclusive of other benefits, with authority for acreage reductions. Strong House opposition is indicated, and there is considerable belief that a 75 per cent. loan will eventually be seen.

Rubber:—Was strong at the advance, despite the availability of increased freight space.

Hides:—Ruled quiet but steady.

Cocoa:—The market will remain closed on Saturdays until October 1.

Pepper:—A further sharp advance is probable on the Batavia announcement of curtailed shipment space.

Cotton Oil:—Reflects the strength of cotton and lard and a good demand for actual.

Sugar No. 4:—Conditions were quiet but steady.

U.S. Commodities

Saturday's Closing Quotations

New York, May 3.

Trading in the cotton market was active today, with prices marked-up from 8 to 16 points at the outset on general buying. Subsequently, the advance was accelerated on reports of the unanimous approval of 85 per cent parity loans by the Senate Agricultural Committee, which precipitated heavy shorts covering and active mill demand and brought prices to new seasonal high levels. At the close, quotations ranged from 22 to 27 points up from the previous final levels.

The main influence in the Chicago Wheat Pit today was the unanimous approval by the Senate Agricultural Senate Committee of a 85 per cent parity loans. Later, prices reached new high ground on general buying and shorts covering, with mills very active on the buying side. At the final bell, gains from 2⅝ to 3½ cents were recorded.

Active and strong conditions were witnessed in the market for raw rubber futures on a broad speculative demand and reports of active buying by factories in the "spot" market on the belief that free supplies were running low. Meanwhile, apprehension continued to exist over the possible interference with shipments from the Far East. At the last callover, new contract months ranged from 40 to 53 points up from yesterday.

New York Cotton		New York Rubber	
May	11.81-81 +27	May	23.13 N —43
July	11.83-83 +26	July	(N.C.)
Oct.	11.85-88 +22		25.83-83 +53
Dec.	11.89-89 +23	Sept.	(N.C.)
Jan.	11.87 N +25		23.27-27 +42
Mar.	11.68-88 +23	Dec.	(N.C.)
			22.95-95 +40

N. Y. Sugar No. 3		N. Y. Sugar No. 4	
May	2.47-48 +02 B/A	July	0.79-79½ —½ B/A
July	2.47-48 +02 B/A	Sept.	0.85-85½ unc. B/A

Chicago Wheat		Chicago Corn	
May	94⅛-94 +2⅝	May	69-69 +⅝
July	93⅜-93¼ +3¼	July	69-68⅞ +⅞

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London: May 3.

Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	1⅛%
Bank Bills,	6 months	1⅛%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2¾%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3¼%
Call money		¾%

New York:—Closed.—Reuter.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Statistical Data Concerning Leading Stocks

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Name of Stock	Dividends: Annual rate	Dividends: Date of 1st quarterly payment	Book value	Earnings or Deficits: 5 yr Average 1926-30	1938	1939	1940	Yield on basis of price in %
No par value except where indicated								
Adams Express	0.40†	Irregular	12	—	0.16	0.29	—	3
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	1.50†	Apr. 1	18	—	D 1.04	1.49	—	7
Allis Chalmers	1.50	Mar. 30	33	—	1.44	2.09	2.84	6
American can	4	Feb. 15	48	6.29	4.35	6.22	5.88	5
Am. Cyanamid "B"	2.10	Apr. 1	17	—	0.91	2.01	—	6
Am. and Foreign Power	—	—	—	1.43	D 8.66	D 8.88	—	nil
Am. and For.P. 87 cum.Pref.	1.40	Mar. 15	110	23.49	6.83	6.21	—	8
Am. Locomotive	—	—	6	6.20	D 4.90	D 4.45	0.50	nil
Am. Radiator	0.55†	Irregular	10	1.84	D 0.08	0.34	0.70	9
Am. Rolling Mill	0.35†	Irregular	28	2.46	D 1.16	0.69	1.96	2
American Smelting	2.75†	Feb. 28	38	7.27	3.24	4.36	4.21	8
Am. Sugar Refining	0.50	Irregular	137	—	D 6.10	D 0.84	—	3
Am. Tel. and Tel.	9	Jan. 15	24	1.30	8.32	10.18	11.26	6
Am. Tob. "B"	5	Mar. 1	10	6.00	4.89	5.42	—	7
Am. Waterworks	—	—	59	2.80	0.38	0.95	1.21	nil
Anaconda Copper	2.25†	Mar. 25	260	4.97	1.10	2.33	4.01	9
Atch. Top. & S. Fe	1	Irregular	37	19.16	0.83	0.94	2.69	4
Baldwin Locomotive	—	—	—	126	D 1.09	0.41	1.75	nil
Baltimore and Ohio	—	—	—	11.36	D 6.04	D 1.55	—	nil
Barnsdall Oil	0.60	Feb. 1	122	—	1.26	0.75	—	7
Bendix Aviation	3	Mar. 1	15	—	0.07	2.14	—	8
Bethlehem Steel	5.50†	Irregular	5	7.06	D 0.70	5.75	—	8
Bliss (E. W.)	—	—	15	—	0.01	D 0.99	—	nil
Boeing Airplane	—	—	16	—	D 0.77	D 4.55	0.34	nil
Borg-Warner	1.65†	Apr. 1	—	—	D 0.01	2.43	2.88	9
Briggs Manufacturing	2.25	Mar. 30	16	—	0.42	109	3.09	11
Canadian Pacific Rly.	—	—	40	3.11	D 0.32	0.32	1.13	nil
Chase Nat. Bank	1.40	F.A. 1	32	4.04	1.96	1.80	—	5
Chesapeake & Ohio	3.50†	Jan. 1	51	5.67	2.62	3.49	—	9
Chrysler	5.75†	Mar. 13	40	4.69	4.32	8.47	8.69	10
Columbia Gas and Electric	0.40†	Irregular	12	2.08	0.31	0.46	—	14
Commercial Credit	3	Mar. 31	29	—	4.60	4.01	—	12
Commonwealth & Southern	—	—	5	0.67	0.08	0.13	—	nil
Consolidated Edison	2	Mar. 15	45	4.50	2.09	2.22	2.23	10
Consolidated Oil	0.65	Feb. 15	18	—	0.55	0.55	—	11
Douglas Aircraft	5	Irregular	21	1.50	3.76	4.81	18.05	7
Dupont de Nemours	7.00†	Mar. 15	42	5.17	3.75	7.66	7.23	5
Eagle Picher Lead	0.50†	Irregular	14	—	—	1.29	1.42	6
Elec. Auto Lite	3	Apr. 1	18	—	1.53	4.72	—	11
Electric Bond & Share	—	—	19	2.15	0.18	0.24	0.29	nil
Elec. Bond & Share $6 Pref.	6	Feb. 1	—	—	—	—	—	10
Flintkote	1.25†	Irregular	13	—	1.21	2.11	—	10
General Electric	1.85†	Jan. 25	11	1.81	0.90	1.43	1.95	6
General Motors	3.75†	Mar. 12	19	4.83	2.17	4.06	4.32	10
General Railway Signal	—	—	16	7.99	D 0.85	0.34	—	nil
Goodrich Rubber	0.75†	Irregular	26	2.09	0.14	3.51	—	6
Goodyear Tire and Rubber	1.25	Mar. 15	26	5.12	1.34	3.20	3.44	7
Great Northern Ry. Pfd	0.50†		157	9.47	1.09	3.47	—	2
Great Western Sugar	2	Jan. 2	14	—	3.08	1.47	1.67	9
Int. Nickel	2	Mar. 30	14	0.85	2.09	2.39	2.30	8
Int. Paper & Power	—	—	27	—	D 2.07	0.14	—	nil
Int. Tel. and Tel.	—	—	30	3.45	1.10	0.76	—	nil
Kennecott	3†	Mar. 30	32	3.67	2.10	3.14	—	9
Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass.	3.50	Mar. 15	16	—	1.57	3.21	4.05	11
Lockheed Aircraft	1.50	Irregular	9	—	0.60	4.04	3.17	7
Loew's Inc.	3	Mar. 30	56	6.17	5.65	5.37	4.82	10
Montgomery Ward	2	Jan. 15	34	2.51	3.50	4.91	4.14	6
Nat. City Bank N.Y.	1	F.A. 1	27	4.12	—	2.25	—	4
Nat. Dairy Products	0.80	Jan. 13	13	3.58	1.69	1.97	1.66	6
National Distillers	2	Feb. 1	22	—	3.85	3.43	—	11
Nat. Power and Light	0.60	Mar. 1	22	1.74	1.28	1.12	—	10
New York Central	—	—	142	12.63	D 3.13	0.70	1.75	nil
North Am. Aviation	1.25	Irregular	3	—	0.55	2.06	—	10
North American Co.	1.20*	Jan. 2	21	4.47	1.55	1.84	1.92	9*
Pacific Gas and Electric	2	Jan. 16	30	2.83	2.42	2.84	2.68	7
Packard Motors	—	—	3	1.11	D 0.17	0.04	—	nil
Paramount Pictures	0.65†	Irregular	17	—	0.55	1.08	—	5
Pennsylvania Railroad	1.50†	Irregular	89	7.01	0.84	2.43	3.51	6
Phillips Petroleum	2	Mar. 1	38	3.69	2.03	2.21	—	5
Public service of N. J.	2.35	Mar. 30	24	3.15	2.34	2.88	2.42	9
Pure Oil	0.25	Irregular	22	1.77	0.38	1.11	1.21	3
Radio Corp.	0.20	Irregular	nil	1.32	0.30	0.35	0.42	5
Reynold Tobacco "B"	2.25	Jan. 1	15	3.04	2.37	2.56	2.55	7
Schenley	—	—	33	—	2.46	2.52	—	nil
Sears Roebuck	4.25	Mar. 16	47	5.03	4.18	6.60	6.32	6
Socony Vacuum Corp.	0.50†	M.S. 15	22	—	1.29	1.09	—	5
Southern Pacific	—	—	123	10.19	D 1.81	1.63	1.89	nil
Standard Brands	0.50	Jan. 2	4	1.53	0.62	0.51	—	9
Standard Gas & Electric	—	—	—	6.59	D 2.49	D 1.34	—	nil
Standard Oil of N.J.	1.75*	J.D. 15	49	3.47	2.86	3.27	—	5
Union Carbide & Carbon	2.70†	Jan. 2	30	3.40	2.77	3.86	4.55	4
Union Pacific Railway	6	Jan. 2	—	17.53	6.62	8.74	6.96	8
United Aircraft	3.50†	Irregular	12	—	2.05	3.53	4.94	9
United Airlines	—	—	8	—	D 0.66	0.21	—	nil
United Corp.	—	—	3	0.55	0.07	0.07	—	nil
United Gas Improvement	0.80	Mar. 23	11	1.29	0.99	1.07	—	11
U.S. Rubber	—	—	24	nil	0.43	2.91	3.58	8
U.S. Steel	4†	Irregular	119	12.90	D 3.79	1.83	8.84	8
Vanadium	1.50	Irregular	29	4.59	0.61	3.25	2.84	7
Warner Bros. Pictures	—	—	18	1.84	0.41	0.36	—	nil
Westinghouse Elec.	4.87½	Feb. 28	71	7.22	3.38	5.18	7.10	5

*Plus extras D Deficit E Est †Dividends are for the latest four quarters

Yugoslav Bauxite War Factor

Germany Said to Get Half Of Ore for Aluminium From Balkan Country

The Nazi industrial machine would have lost half its vital supply of bauxite ore, from which aluminium is made, if Yugoslavia, when she joined the Allies, had not been overrun by the Axis partners. The Nazi economy already has lost considerable bauxite imports from the Netherlands Indies and Greece, says Mr. K. L. Austin in the "New York Times."

Germany obtains less than 2 per cent of her bauxite requirements at home. Sources of supply still available to her are Hungary and Italy and a trickle of bauxite is beginning to flow from unoccupied France to German aluminum plants after eighteen months of interrupted trade. The French bauxite mines in the Var and Herault Departments on the Mediterranean coast are among Vichy's strongest economic cards.

Yugoslav Mines

The large Yugoslav bauxite mines are 200 to 300 miles away from the Italian and Hungarian boundaries and at some distance from the Dalmatian coast. While Yugoslavia also is a large supplier of copper, lead, zinc and chromium ores to Germany, these minerals are readily available in Poland and other areas under Nazi control and have been obtained in large quantities from Russia as well.

Shipment of Output

Yugoslav bauxite, which yields 53 to 50 per cent aluminum, could not have been replaced if lost by Germany, however. For many years virtually the entire output has been shipped to Germany, and bauxite undoubtedly is one of the main reasons why the Nazi Government was more circumspect in its attitude toward Yugoslav at first than in its relations with other Balkan nations. Rumania probably would have been accorded similar respect had not Soviet actions and threats made German occupation seem the lesser of two evils, as Rumanian oil is as vital to Germany as is Yugoslav bauxite ore.

In commercial dealings with Germany in recent years Yugoslavia had shown considerable astuteness, although her trade with free-currency countries has contracted sharply. For the five years ended with 1938 Yugoslav trade with Germany was subject to clearing agreements which obliged the former to take a plethora of harmonicas, radios, hardware, sporting goods and other manufactures in exchange for bauxite and other minerals, farm produce and lumber.

Two weeks after Chancellor Hitler demanded the Sudeten area from Czecho-Slovakia and less than a month before he marched into that area the Yugoslav Minister of Finance decreed that exports of bauxite and other minerals were to be paid for in "free currencies," obviously a move to regain some freedom in trading with countries other than Germany.

Trade Situation

The European war approached too rapidly for Yugoslav to attain her ends, but none the less she was able to improve her trade situation with Germany materially. The volume and value of Yugoslav exports to Germany rose in 1939 and 1940 and instead of harmonicas and such items the Balkan country imported war materials of every sort in payment for her supplies. Indeed, Yugoslav purchases of guns and munitions were so heavy that in a few months she passed from a credit position to a heavy debit position in her trade with Germany.

In the mounting volume of Yugoslav shipments to Germany, however, there was a decline in exports of bauxite and other minerals except copper for two principal reasons. First was a sharp decline in mining production from 1938 to 1940 for reasons yet unknown. Yugoslavia's output of bauxite fell the considerable amount of one-third in that period.

Secondly, shipments of bauxite ore from Yugoslavia to Germany last year were hampered seriously by Nazi compliance with Italian demands that ore shipments up the Dalmatian coast be held to a minimum, apparently through fear of attracting the British Navy to the Adriatic. The Germans obligingly handed most of the traffic by rail, a more costly and otherwise less satisfactory channel for shipments of bulk materials.

Production

For the first ten months of 1940 Yugoslav production of bauxite was 238,043 metric tons, including an output of about 260,000 for the full year; this compared with 314,439 in 1939 and 404,570 in 1938, or a two-year decline of 35 per cent.

German Imports

In 1938, the last year for which German statistics are available, the Reich imported 1,184,647 tons of bauxite and produced only 18,212, or less than 2 per cent of her needs. In the same year Germany was the lagrest producer of aluminium in the world, turning out 165,600 metric tons, compared with 583,024 produced in all countries. The United States was second with 120,129 tons and Canada third with 66,000.

Of Germany's 1938 imports of bauxite, she received 363,256 tons from Hungary, against 472,313 in 1937; 348,068 from Yugoslavia, against 465,825; 192,368 from the Netherlands Indies, against 138,813; 96,593 from Italy, against 111,271; 92,272 from France, against 95,037; and 84,796 from Greece, against 86,669.

While it is conceivable that Germany might have been able in 1939 and 1940 to obtain larger tonnages of bauxite from Hungary and possibly from Italy and temporarily from Greece, the French and Netherlands Indies supplies obviously were reduced to the vanishing point and the foregoing record shows a shrinking Yugoslav supply. Authorities vary as to how much aluminium Germany has on her stock pile, but it hardly can have grown in the last two years. At the same time, it would be foolish to venture the opinion that a serious shortage is impending.

German Mission Arrives In Rome

London, May 4.

A special German mission has arrived in Rome to inspect Italian anti-aircraft organization, according to the Rome Radio.—Reuter.

Rome's Failure in Air Due to Self-Deception Qualities

Exposal of the Weakness of Italy's Air Arm; Planes of Antiquated Spanish Design

IT is doubtful today whether Italy could muster 1,000 military aircraft which could lift themselves off the ground. If this number could be found, they would be outmoded planes of Spanish war vintage, useful only where there is no modern air opposition, writes the Rome correspondent of the "Christian Science Monitor." There are no new Italian plane models of any military significance.

The so-called picchiatelli, or dive bombers, mentioned in Rome communiqués are German Stukas under an Italian name. Neutral observers in Rome have not been able to trace freshly produced machines even of the older types in any quantity. It is probable that the Italian aircraft industry is manufacturing parts for German planes.

A pilot receives his military brevet in Italy after approximately 100 hours of flying. This compares with an average of 250 hours in the United States.

During this period everything is done to spare the plane and spoil the pilot. Gasoline and equipment are more precious than gold in Italy, and planes are harder to replace than men. The pilot's crosscountry training consists usually of one carefully conducted hop in which he simply follows his instructor. He has had perhaps two night flights, which consisted of taking the plane off the field, circling round within a carefully restricted area, and setting it down again.

This is the reverse of the American system, which turns out a self-reliant veteran of much night navigation and of many cross-country hops "on his own." The Italian pilot out of school and "ready for service" has none of that night-flying technique which is basic to modern bombing. He has little or no expert knowledge of navigation. He is trained only for formation flying which is dangerous business today, and is too nearly helpless when by himself. Instead of being experienced, he is green and is expected to gain his experience in battle.

"I was in a panic," confessed a young aviator to a friend of mine, "the first time I flew over Malta. It wasn't because of the British planes or the anti-aircraft fire. I was afraid to lose sight of my squadron leader. If I had, I should have been unable to find my way back alone!"

Improper Training

Improper training showed up fatally when serious air operations were attempted. Lacking ability as navigators, Italian aviators were incapable of establishing accurate, methodical reconnaissance over the Mediterranean of which they boasted complete air control. British convoys were located, too often by hit-or-miss methods, only to be lost again. This would be grounds for dismissal in other air forces.

Pilots were not trained in surface naval strategy, which is essential to supporting a sea action. Nor were they taught to recognize ships. This caused one of the more ironic incidents. In the first battle of the Ionian Sea, Italian planes rushed to the rescue and furiously bombed—their own ships. They simply didn't recognize them. Moreover, they did not scrupulously maintain radio communications as they should have done. They did not hear the frantic radio signals sent up by their enraged comrades below.

Happily for the Italians the aviators' aim was satisfactorily inaccurate. Nothing was hit.

Pilots, going into battle for the first time, were amazed at their own technical incompetence. "Why didn't someone tell us?" groaned one of them after realizing how poor his training had been. The answer is simple: "It isn't good Fascism to tell. Loyalty is placed above all other Fascist virtues; and it is disloyal to criticize. Officials in Italy are expected to make glowing reports to their superiors saying that under Fascism, all is well.

One Type of Plane

Consider the facts relative to the Italian planes. Their designs date from the period of the Spanish war. Only one type used by the Air Force was designed more recently than from three to five years ago. It was not a success and few were used. Most of the ships actually were produced more than three years ago. Three years is an aeon in modern air history.

The Air Force therefore was entirely based on conclusions drawn from the Spanish war experience. These conclusions were erroneous. The Italians then had no heavy gun opposition in the air. They had no effective anti-aircraft fire to stop their low flying. The bombing they did was "area bombing" rather than precision bombing. Strategy in the Spanish war was chiefly concerned with dog-fighting in which Italian pilots excel; whereas today, precision flying and good gunnery are the rule.

Immediately after the Spanish war, today's Italian Air Force was produced in a Fascist-sealed vacuum. Italian engineers were convinced they had the best planes. Therefore they spent their time, trying to keep their secrets from the outside world. They ignored developments elsewhere.

I know of recent cases where Italian research engineers were labouring on problems long since solved in the United States or Germany, with the results openly published in American and German trade magazines. These magazines were not subscribed to nor read in Italy. It was unpatriotic and un-Fascist to do so. Once again, the Party's rule against self-criticism barred the door to technical efficiency.

The illusion of a good air force was heightened by several exploits which made the Italians quite self-assured. Italo Balbo's famous mass flight from Italy to the United States was executed superbly. But Marshal Balbo took the pick of the Air Force. He drilled his men for six solid months for this one flight.

Special Models

Italian aeroplanes captured several world records for height, distance, and weight carrying. But these were made by specially "suped up" planes. It didn't occur to anyone to incorporate the lessons learned into the regular Air Force.

Meanwhile, the Italian bomb-sight was very poor. Target practice had been far too casual, for Italy couldn't afford to "waste" ammunition on practice. When Italian aviators found themselves held at great heights by the British naval and land anti-aircraft fire, so that they couldn't swoop down to lay their bombs near the ground as in the Spanish War, they were helpless. The bombs were scattered far and wide.

The British tested this, and in early fall found the Italian attacking power so feeble that they impudently ran the Queen Mary and the new Mauretania through the Sicilian Channel right under the Italian bombracks, without damage.

When the Italians finally met Hurricanes and Spitfires in Lybia, it was, as one of them bluntly said, "suicidal."

"What could I do," he groaned, "with my two forward guns against the British eight? Or with my 400 kilometres an hour against the British 600?" His Fiat plane wasn't as good as the old British Gloucesters which had been retired and sent to Egypt to be turned out to pasture.

As for the Italian planes which went north to attack London, they had a hard time of it. The old wooden struts in some of the planes swelled, sprung the wings and fuselage, and splintered under the British guns. The fabric rotted in the damp weather and gave way. Motors were not accustomed to starting under the protracted cold.

Some of the aviators admitted that they had returned to Italy on the train! They simply couldn't get their planes off the ground. Perhaps half the planes failed to return.

Italian aviators are brave, frequently even recklessly so. They continued to fight against terrific odds. But their bravery takes the form of a dashing, personal gallantry, unsupported by discipline and continuous hard work. Without meaning to be unkind, an expert critic in Rome said: "They all want the glory of soaring through the air, without any of the drudgery of mastering the technique of their trade."

U.S. Exports to Latin America Retarded

Needed Shipments Delayed Says Chilean Ambassador

Officials interested in promoting Latin American trade are trying to keep national defence needs and aid to Britain from halting United States exports to other American republics, states the "Christian Science Monitor."

The threat of such a condition has been a source of worry to Latin American representatives in Washington, and day by day efforts of the State Department and Nelson A. Rockefeller's office have been directed toward smoothing out delays arising from export control restrictions.

Chile Complains

Recently Rodolfo Michels, the Chilean Ambassador, in a conversation with Adolf Berle, Assistant Secretary of State, argued that, red tape was causing much inconvenience by delaying delivery of needed exports to his country.

A recent survey disclosed that approximately one-third of the United States' $4.000.000,000 export trade is subject to control restrictions in the interests of national defence.

The major commodities under such control include semi-manufactured and manufactured steel products, leather, aircraft, chemicals, various types of machinery and machine tools, and strategic raw materials.

It was pointed out, however, that not all the troubles of Latin American buyers stem back to export licence regulations.

In some cases where permits are readily granted the question of priorities arises and in still other cases materials needed are not available because of the greatly increased domestic demand.

Under the present system of export control licensing, an official explained, preference is first given Great Britain and Canada, then other nations victims of aggressors, and then Latin American purchasers. He added that as far as possible efforts are made to give Latin American buyers those amounts they received before the war.

Latin American sources pointed out, however, that because of the loss of sources of supply in Europe, many Central and South American nations have turned to the United States for articles previously obtained overseas.

Problems Arise

Such nations as Argentina and Chile would fall into that category. In addition, other nations with close United States trade ties also are finding difficulty in filling their needs.

Both Washington officials and Latin American representatives here stressed everything possible is being done to provide needed exports for Latin American purchasers.

One diplomatic source who could not be quoted said that the regulations were becoming less obstructive each day. Another called the situation one that would naturally follow the United States' change from peacetime production to the peak of supplying extensive rearmament needs.

17 Nazi Planes Downed Over U.K. in a Week

London, May 4.

During the week ending on May 3, seventeen German planes were destroyed over or round the coast of Britain, according to an official survey. No British aircraft was lost in the same area and period.—Reuter.

U.S. Commodity Price Control Test

Dependence on Far East For Rubber, Tin, Silk Tungsten and Quinine

Wholesale commodity prices in general in the United States as typified by the U. S. Bureau of Labour's index covering 887 items, have advanced about eight per cent. since the outbreak of the war, says the First National Bank of Boston in the bank's New England Letter.

On the other hand," continues the letter, "sensitive imported raw materials have gone up more than 40 per cent. during this period. The principal factor responsible for this spectacular advance is the growing tension in the Far East, an important source of these commodities. For some time the government has been accumulating huge supplies, of materials for defence needs and it is reported that about one half of the scheduled amount has been delivered to this country."

Depend Upon Far East

Continuing the bank says, we depend upon the Far East for about 97 per cent of our crude rubber requirements. It is estimated that we have on hand and afloat a sufficient supply to cover about eight months of our regular requirements.

About nine tenths of our tin imports come from the Far East Stocks on hand and afloat will meet domestic needs for about fifteen months. Our government has arranged for large purchases of tin from Bolivia as well as for the construction of a tin smelter in this country. In the event of any interruption to shipments of this metal, the supply could be conserved by allocation or substitutes. Other commodities for which we are dependent upon the Far East include silk, manila fibre, tung oil, tungsten and quinine.

The tight situation in lead is being relieved, through larger imports and increased domestic production. The position of copper is being improved by scheduled shipments of 25,000 tons a month from Latin America. In the case of zinc, a voluntary system of rationing has been worked out.

Mandatory priority has been placed upon aluminium, with the consequence that non-defence supplies have been curtailed. The output of this metal is being steadily increased so that by mid-summer of 1942 it is expected to be approximately twice as large as in 1940, and the available supply should then be sufficient for all requirements. The urgent demand for magnesium led the defence commission in mid-February to restrict its use to defence purposes for 90 days.

Exports Are Low

While domestic demand for farm products is the highest on record, our exports are the lowest since the Civil War. Supplies of practically all farm products are superabundant, with prices bolstered by loans and subsidies as well as by marketing through Federal relief agencies. The situation can be relieved somewhat by heavy shipments of foodstuffs to Great Britain and elsewhere under the provisions of the Lend-Lease Bill.

The real test of our ability to keep prices within bounds will come perhaps when industry is operating at full capacity with approximately all available workers employed.

The method of financing the heavy governmental expenditures will also have an important influence upon the price trend. The sale of government securities to the public will have a restraining effect upon prices as it will cut down on consumption.

Finally, it has been proposed that the government

FROM DAY TO DAY

THE death occurred on February 23, at Wells, Somerset, of Fanny, widow of Captain F. G. Monsarrat, late of Shanghai.

STEPHEN Gavin's musical atlas—the Monday programme at 9.30 p.m. from XCDN—introduces both wit and originality in the form of parable and anecdote.

As sulphuric acid is a base for the manufacture of chemicals, the Kiangsi Provincial Government is planning the establishment of a sulphuric acid factory, says a Taiho message to the "Cheng Yien Pao."

VICE-Admiral Shizue Tsuda, Director of the Central China Liaison Office of the Asia Development Board, will leave for Nanking where he will consult with Japanese and Chinese officials, returning to Shanghai tomorrow, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reported yesterday.

AN unarmed robbery was reported to the West Hongkew police station shortly after 12.30 p.m. yesterday when the complainant stated that seven men had entered his home at Lane 36 House 3 North Honan Road and stole about $400 in cash. No arrests were made in the case.

FOLLOWING conversations with officials of the Japanese Embassy, and the Japanese Expeditionary Forces in China at Nanking, Major-General Yasushi Inoue, Vice-Director of the Central China Liaison Office of the Asia Development Board, returned to resume his duties here on Saturday, the "Shanghai Mainichi" stated yesterday.

MR. Hirose Hiramoto, chief accountant of the Japanese Residents' Corporation; on Friday was appointed director of the Corporation's Financial Bureau, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports. The bureau came into being with the recent reform of the administrative set-up of the Corporation. There are now three bureaus, the Financial, Educational and General Affairs.

PRETENDING to be customers, four Chinese gangsters robbed a Chinese watch store in Nanking Road yesterday morning, the total loss being estimated by the complainant at about $1,200. According to the shop assistants of Nee Tai-ziang watch store at 396 Nanking Road, four men came in at about 11.30 a.m. and asked to be shown some watches. This was done to the satisfaction of the newcomers, two of whom suddenly whipped their pistols out, grabbed the watches and decamped before the assistants could raise an alarm.

IN order to effect direct railway connections between Central and North China, the Central China Railway Company will commence the operation of a train ferry between Hsiakwan and Pukow sometime next March, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports. According to the paper, the ferry will be a 2,600-ton vessel capable of carrying across the Yangtze a twelve-car passenger train, together with its locomotive, or a 36-car freight train. Time of passage is estimated to be 30 minutes.

BY a strange enough coincidence Lady Idina Soltau, sister of Earl De La Warr, has lost two ex-husbands within the space of three weeks. Her first husband was Capt. Euan Wallace, who died early in February. Her third husband, the Earl of Erroll, died in Nairobi on January 24. For an Englishwoman Lady Idina has the unusual record of five marriages. Her second husband was Capt. Charles Gordon, her fourth Mr. Donald Haldeman, her fifth is Flying-Officer Soltau. Like the late Lord Erroll, she has made her home in Kenya during recent years.

THE tenth annual conference of the China Engineering Society is to be held at Kweiyang on the occasion of the "Double Tenth," October 10, national day, which marks the founding of the Republic of China, according to a Kweiyang report to the "Chen Yien Pao." The Society, which has a membership of over 5,000 persons, most of whom are now assisting the Chinese Government in promoting national defence and reconstruction enterprises, has invited Mr. Wu Ting-chang, chairman of the Kweichow Provincial Government, to become its honorary chairman, the report states.

MAJOR-Gen. Michael O'Moore Creagh, distinguished for his leadership in the Libyan battles, is another Irishman to whom the war has brought renown. Trained as a cavalryman in the 7th Hussars, he commanded the 15th/19th Kings' Royal Hussars and took to the mechanized cavalry as a duck does to water. Expert in keeping together the vital links of an attacking force, he has made our mechanised formations a most formidable weapon in the field. The tactics and strategy he has shown in Libya mark him out as a first-class soldier, full of dash and initiative.

THE City Champion of Winchester, wearing the 18th-century robes of his office and heralded by a moot horn, accepted on March 1 the challenge of the sister cathedral city of Canterbury to a War Weapons Week tournament. The quaint ceremony took place at the opening of Winchester's War Weapons Week, when the Mayor, Gen. F. H. Griffiths, announced that Canterbury had already raised nearly £400,000. So Winchester, instead of planning to raise £320,000 for a small destroyer, decided to aim at £450,000 for a large one. Lord Chatfield, opening the week, spoke of Winchester's association with the Royal Navy since the days of King Alfred.

MRS. Neville-Rolfe, who has just been awarded the Snow Medal by the Americans for her pioneer work in social hygiene, is not yell known to the public, for that work has been in connection with diseases not usually talked about. She tells the story of how, after she had helped to form the Council of Social Hygiene at the beginning of the last war, a certain colonel refused to meet her at dinner on the ground that she was what he called an abandoned woman. The family into which she married claims kinship with Princess Pocahontas, the beautiful Red Indian who married John Rolfe in the 17th century. Mrs. Neville-Rolfe, wife of Comdr. Clive Neville-Rolfe, D.S.O., is herself a daughter of the late Admiral of the Fleet Sir Cecil Burney.

May a Month of Anniversaries

Chinese Will Remember Many Set-backs on Days Of Humiliation

During this eventful month of May in which the Chinese are commemorating several national humiliation days, all of which are linked with Sino-Japanese relations, there is probably no day more important than yesterday, Youths' Day, or the 22nd anniversary of the May 4 Movement, as far as China's internal developments are concerned. Twenty-two years ago yesterday students in Peking staged an uprising by beating several pro-Japanese diplomats who failed to iron out China's difficulties in respect to the Shantung question at the Paris Peace Conference.

No meetings or demonstrations were held in Shanghai yesterday, but in other places in this country such meetings were held. Despite the changed situation, Chinese young men in Shanghai were reported by the Chinese press to have sent a telegram to General Chiang Kai-shek, the text of which was withheld from publication by the censors. In America, young men there were said to be sympathetic with Chinese youths. American youths were reported to have raised money yesterday in support of Chinese youths. On Saturday, Chinese here commemorated the Tsinan Tragedy which occurred 13 years ago as a result of Japanese intervention in General Chiang's northern expedition. Chinese national flags will be hoisted in the city today marking the anniversary of the inauguration of Dr. Sun Yat-sen as the Extraordinary President.

Yesterday is important because it is the turning point of Chinese politics and civilization. Some years before the student uprising in Peking which was then under the control of northern warlords, China accepted the notorious 21 Demands on May 9, the chief national humiliation day which will be commemorated on a nation-wide scale a few days later. She did so at the height of hostilities during the World War. Although China failed to obtain what she actually wanted, the abolition of the 21 Demands or rather the retrocession of Shantung at the Paris Conference, the uprising prevented Chinese diplomats from signing the Peace Treaty and enabled her to secure what is generally considered to be a more rational settlement of the issue in Washington later.

Marking an Epoch

Although the day was marked by violence directed by patriotic youths against "traitors" in connection with a diplomatic question, it opened the way for what is generally termed the Chinese renaissance. It is epoch-making as far as the Chinese civilization is concerned. The new literature movement in which educated Chinese sought to simplify the classical language, the great changes in the Chinese social system and ideas, the exchange of thought between the east and west, and revaluation of practically everything Chinese, contributed much towards the building of the new China.

Leaders of the country began valuing the help of young men in their work and this was evidenced by the successful Northern Expedition led by General Chiang from Canton, which later established the Kuomintang's power at Nanking. Even today General Chiang emphasizes the youths' movement with himself at the head of the Three People's Principle Young Men's Corps. Members of the corps are working for their government in every part of the country. Members of the corps in Shanghai had been working for a long time even after the withdrawal of Chinese officials and troops from this city until a few months ago, when several of their leaders were forced to surrender to Wang Ching-wei's Shanghai headquarters.

Poles Celebrate Their National Day

Reception Held at Polish Legation; Many Attend

Yesterday was the day when Poles celebrated the 150th anniversary of the promulgation of the Polish Constitution of May 3, 1791. The celebrations were started with a mass at the Franciscan Church in Avenue Dubail at 10 a.m., the service being attended by almost the entire Polish community of Shanghai.

At 11.30 a.m., a large number of local Polish residents, including Mr. J. G. Chudzinski, representative of the Polish Red Cross Association, and Dr. S. L. Tomaszewski, gathered at the Polish Legation at 26 Route Delastre. Representatives of the local Czech and Yugoslav communities, Major J. Stepan and Mr. E. P. Betchitch, attended the ceremony, during which Mr. Stanislaw B. M. de Rosset, Polish Chargé d'Affaires, and Dr. Tomaszewski, chairman of the Polish Residents' Association, addressed the meeting.

The meeting was held in the spacious garden of the Polish Legation, decorated for the occasion with Polish national colours. A reception, attended by about 150 members of the Polish community, was given by Mr. and Mrs. de Rosset after the meeting, and the celebrations were culminated by the entire attendance singing the Polish national anthem.

Hongkong Monopoly For Rice

War-time Measure Passed For Colony

Hongkong, May 4.

The Hongkong Government is assuming a monopoly of rice imports and exports on June 1 as a war-time measure.

The decision was taken following an emergency meeting of the Executive Council yesterday.

The monopoly is linked with the agreement with the Shanghai Municipal Council, under which similar control will be exercised in Shanghai.

"Because of the excessively high price of rice, the uncertainty of future supplies and the increasing scarcity of shipping facilities, the Government is assuming a monopoly of all rice imports and exports," states the official announcement.—Reuter.

SHIPPING NEWS

The ss. **Dairen Maru**, another D.K.K. liner operating between Shanghai and northern ports, is due to arrive here on Wednesday afternoon. She will remain in port until May 9, when she will sail at 3 p.m.

* * *

The ss. **Tientsin Maru**, express liner of the D.K.K., operating between Shanghai, Tsingtao and Dairen, is expected in port tomorrow afternoon. She will dock alongside the company's Whangpoo Wharf and will remain here until 3 p.m. on Wednesday when she will sail on her return voyage to the northern ports. Passengers are requested to embark at least half an hour before sailing time.

* * *

The ss. **Nagasaki Maru**, of the Toa Kaiun Kaisya line, operating between Shanghai and Nagasaki, is expected in port this afternoon and will dock alongside the company's Wayside Wharf. The steamer will sail on her return voyage to Japan at 9.30 a.m. tomorrow. Registered mail for Japan will be closed at the Post Office at 8 p.m. today, while ordinary mail will be accepted until 7.15 a.m. tomorrow

* * *

The new American freighter **Cape Alava**, operated by the American Mail Line, is due here tomorrow from Seattle, Tacoma and Vancouver on her maiden voyage. She is the first of the new type of vessels to be added to the American Mail Line fleet and has a service speed of fourteen knots and a cargo capacity of 7,900 tons, and augments the fleet of six vessels which the line has been operating for the past year. She will dock alongside the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive today are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From NAGASAKI: Nagasaki Maru, with mail, due 4 p.m., Wayside Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York			From Seattle		
Tokai M	—	6/5	Cape A'va	15/4	6/5
D. Aniceta	—	8/5	C'sworth	25/4	17/5
Tosan M	—	8/5	W Cuseta	25/4	18/5
P Garfield	—	14/5	**From Honolulu**		
Kyusyu M	—	23/5	Nitta M	16/4	12/5
P Monroe	—	28/5	K'kura M	22/4	26/5
From Los Angeles			**From Manila**		
P Taft	—	7/5	P Pierce	2/5	7/5
Nitta M	7/4	12/5	Tatuta M	3/5	8/5
P C'land	—	25/5	**From Yokohama**		
K'kura M	14/4	26/5	Okitu M	—	6/5
Yawata M	28/4	2/6	Nitta M	26/4	12/5
From San Fco.			**From Kobe**		
Yawata M	2/5	2/6	Taiyo M	6/5	8/5
			From Nagasaki		
			Kobe M	5/5	6/5

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen			From Hongkong		
T'tsin M	4/5	6/5	P Pierce	5/5	7/5

Vessels Sailing

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

SOUTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA PORTS, INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

J.C.J.L. 3 SAILINGS MONTHLY TO AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA and NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES PORTS.—For Freight and Passage please apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap, Shanghai N. V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Telephone 16247.

AMERICA

TOKAI M. May 8. NEW YORK via LOS ANGELES.—O.S.K. Line ss. Tokai Maru, will leave from Shanghai on Thursday, May 8. For Freight apply to Osaka Syosen Kaisya, 20 Canton Road. Tel. 15323, 15324. 8-5

SOUTH AFRICA

U.S.A. Sailing to MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, DAR-ES-SALAAM, BEIRA, LOURENCO MARQUES, DURBAN, PORT ELIZABETH, and CAPE TOWN. (On or about May 8.) For Freight please apply to Union Steamship Agency, 51 Canton Road. Telephone 11706. 8-5

The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Capetown		For Manila	
P Garfield	15/5	Cape Alava	7/5
P Monroe	29/5	P Taft	8/5
For Karachi		D. Aniceta	10/5
Okitu M	7/5	Nitta M	13/5
Anyo M	24/5	P Garfield	15/5
For New York		Kamakura M	27/5
Tokai M	8/5	P Monroe	29/5
D. Aniceta	10/5	**For Hongkong**	
P Garfield	15/5	Cape Alava	7/5
Tosan M	16/5	P Garfield	15/5
P Monroe	29/5	P Taft	21/5
For Los Angeles		P Monroe	29/5
Tokai M	8/5	**For Kobe and Yokohama**	
P Pierce	8/5	Tatuta M	9/5
Tatuta M	9/5	Taiyo M	12/5
P Taft	21/5	**For Nagasaki**	
P Cleveland	31/5	N'saki M	6/5
For San Fco.		Kobe M	7/5
Tokai M	8/5	Shanghai M	9/5
P Pierce	8/5	**For Dairen**	
Tatuta M	9/5	Tientsin M	7/5
P Taft	21/5	Dairen M	9/5
P Cleveland	31/5	Hoten M	11/5
For Seattle			
Cape Alava	7/5		
Collingsworth	20/5		
West Cuseta	21/5		

Yesterday's Arrivals

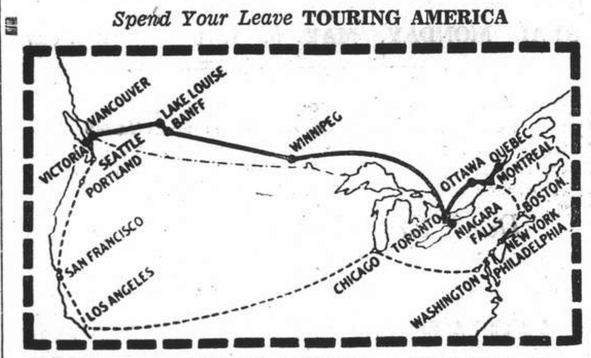
Name	From	Consignees
Yosyu M.	Dairen	Y.K.K.
Anwoo	Hsinkong	Chung Hua
Taiei M.	Japan	—

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Shanghai M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Hukuken M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Myoken M.	Jap.	T.K.K.

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

Spend Your Leave **TOURING AMERICA**



1. SPECTACULAR MOUNTAIN JOURNEY.....600 thrilling miles of Canadian Rockies. See Banff, Lake Louise en route.
2. CANADA'S FERTILE PLAINS....the greatest prairies of the western provinces.
3. GREATEST CHAIN OF LAKES in the world....Canada's inland oceans, the Great Lakes.
4. FALLS FAMED AROUND THE WORLD....Niagara Falls.
5. LARGEST INLAND PORT IN THE WORLD....Montreal, 1,000 miles from the sea.

Air-conditioned trains across Canada, dock-to-dock, with no extra rail fare for single use of compartment or drawing-room. Convenient connecting train service to United States points.

Canadian Pacific
WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM

The Bund and Peking Road, Shanghai Telephone 19490

LYCEUM THEATRE
"XCDN CALLING"
MARK THE DATES!
May 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 at 9.15 p.m.
Matinee May 17 at 3 p.m.
BIGGER, BRIGHTER, BETTER THAN BEFORE
Book now at Moutrie's and Lyceum
Popular prices: $10 $7, $5, $2
All profits to Central British War (Air Raid Relief)
(This space is donated by Butterfield & Swire)

Express Service
Shanghai—34 DAYS—New York
To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal
SAILINGS ON APPLICATION
For Freight and passage Rates apply to
DODWELL & CO., LTD.
17 Canton Road Telephone 11369

GLEN & SHIRE LINES
Sailings to and from
THE UNITED KINGDOM
For details of freights and passage apply to:
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Agents
27 The Bund Telephone 15290

D.K.K. DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE (Summer Time)

ss. HOTEN MARU ..	(Arrive) May 1	(Leave)	May 3	at 9 a.m.
ss. TIENTSIN MARU ..	May 6		May 7	at 3 p.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU ..	May 7		May 9	at 3 p.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	May 9		May 11	at 9 a.m.

DAIREN-TIENTSIN LINE (Sailing from Dairen)

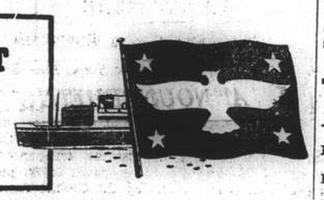
ss. PEKING MARU		May 4	at 4 p.m.
ss. CHOHEI MARU		May 5	at 4 p.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN LINE (Freight only)
ss. HAKKA MARU ..... May 4

ISBRANDTSEN-MOLLER
World-Wide Carriers of Freight
OPERATING MAERSK LINE
HOMEWARD
Via Japan for LOS ANGELES, NEW YORK, BOSTON PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE
Next Sailing To Be Announced Later
OUTWARD
From NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, NORFOLK and SAVANNAH
Next Arrival To Be Announced Later
EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION
AGENTS
17 The Bund Telephone 12634

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER *Sailings*



TRANS-PACIFIC: Via Japan and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

PRES. PIERCE	May 8
PRES. TAFT	May 21
PRES. CLEVELAND	June 8
PRES. COOLIDGE	June 17

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA

PRES. TAFT	May 8
PRES. GARFIELD (Maiden Voyage)	May 15
PRES. CLEVELAND	May 26

ROUND-THE-WORLD: via Capetown and Trinidad to New York.

PRES. GARFIELD (Maiden Voyage)	May 15
PRES. MONROE	May 29
PRES. JACKSON	July 10

Agents for:—

Transcontinental and Western Airlines

United Air Lines
American Gulf Orient Line
American Pioneer Line
United States Lines

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES
Round World Services

51 CANTON ROAD Tel. 15309

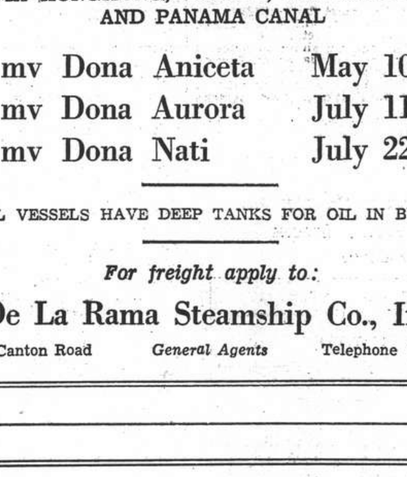
P. & O. B. I.
E. & A.
For Sailings to Japan, Hongkong, Australia, Calcutta, Bombay, Straits and United Kingdom.
All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route and the route and all sailings are subject to cancellation, change or deviation with or without notice.
For particulars apply to the Agents:
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
27 THE BUND Telephone 11428

DE LA RAMA LINE
NEW YORK
VIA HONGKONG, MANILA, LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA CANAL

mv Dona Aniceta	May 10
mv Dona Aurora	July 11
mv Dona Nati	July 22

ALL VESSELS HAVE DEEP TANKS FOR OIL IN BULK
For freight apply to:
De La Rama Steamship Co., Inc.
51 Canton Road *General Agents* Telephone 15044

BURNS PHILP LINE
mv. NEPTUNA



PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT SERVICE TO
AUSTRALIA
Next Sailing from Hongkong
FIRST HALF OF JUNE
for Madang, Salamaua, Rabaul, Sydney and Melbourne.
Passenger and Freight Agents:—
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.
100 Jinkee Road, Shanghai. Telephone 16940

Rooms Without Board

WEST Concession: Comfortable, quiet room with private bath, for American or British gentleman. Breakfast and seat in car optional. Telephone 92730. -6519

Rooms with Board

LARGE double room in English-owned house. Garden. Mrs. Chalmers, 45 Route Ghisi. Telephone 78219. 12307

FRENCH boarding house, double room, private bath, all conveniences, garden. 367 Cardinal Mercier, Telephone 73362. -6524

Houses and Land

LAND ideal summer resort, sporting ground, factory or plantation, about 6 mow, near Hungjao Road, water, power lines established. Cheap sale. Apply International Trust Co., Hongkong-Shanghai Bank Building, The Bund. Telephone 17604. -6380

LARGE and small residences, apartment buildings for sale. For details apply Shanghai Land and Estate Brokers Corp., 17 The Bund, Telephone 15455 Extension 5. -6361

EIGHT terrace houses and four garages on 2½ mow land on Avenue Petain, for sale. Very good investment at very reasonable price. Address Box 3027, NCDN. -5977

14 mow land for sale on Frazer Road (near Hungjao Road). Price cheap. Address Box 2879. NCDN. -5692

Unfurnished Houses

128 Amherst Avenue, Lane 140, Nos. 4 and 14 Columbia Road. Five/six room houses available for immediate occupation. For particulars apply Palmer and Turner, Property Office, 17 Canton Road, Telephone 15100. 12329

FIVE-ROOMED house, all comfort, garden, garage, Concession. Property Department General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. No advance payment whatsoever. -6465

95 AMHERST Avenue: Extremely attractive residence available immediately. Agents: Asia Realty Company, 110 Szechuen Road. Telephone 18770. 12453

LARGE house and garden available in the western district, 8 rooms, 5 bathrooms. Apply The Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. 12392

Medical

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(New York and Berlin Clinics)
Specialist in
Urology and Skin Diseases
HAMILTON HOUSE, Office 218
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
320 Szechuen Road, Arnhold Building
Hours: 10.30-1, 3-6 Telephone 17779
86 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
Hours: 8-10, 6-8, Telephone 83992

EVERY DOG HAS HIS DAY

if you believe that a dog—and all other animals—should be fairly used, then

Join the S.S.P.C.A.

by sending $5 with your name and address to

The Secretary, S.S.P.C.A.
184 Mohawk Road
Telephone 36536

"Deficiency of information in Japanese English-language newspapers is completed very successfully in Kobe by the **Japan Chronicle**.... on it pages can often be found criticisms of the political and economic actions of the Japanese Government and various other information which gives the opportunity to observe and to analyse the Japanese economic situation. In addition to the usual material obtainable from all the Japanese English-language newspapers, **The Japan Chronicle** gives a very detailed and comprehensive review of the foreign trade of Japan It regularly prints statistics pertaining to Japanese exports and the state of the home market."—*Extracts from U.S.S.R. Chamber of Commerce Journal.*

"The Japan Chronicle"
DAILY AND WEEKLY
Head Office: 65 Naniwa Machi, Kobe

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS
Strictly Prepaid

	Per insertion
One insertion	per word 25 cts.
Three insertions	" " 20 cts.
Seven or more	" " 15 cts.
Positions wanted, any number of insertions	" 15 cts.

Minimum of 14 words

Replies to Box Numbers should be addressed care of "North-China Daily News," 17 The Bund (or P.O. Box 707), Shanghai, unless otherwise stated.

In applying for positions copies of references and not originals should be sent.

A feast of colour
SHANGHAI
SCHIFF
and
ELLEN THORBECKE
Depicting Shanghai in a delightfully informal way.
PRICE $15
Send to the
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE
for a copy

More Classified Ads. Overleaf

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Fine and sandy weather with strong north-westerly winds over Tientsin and Shantung. Fine, cloudy and hazy with fresh south-westerly to north-westerly winds over our regions. Cloudy and fine with local morning fog and moderate northerly to easterly winds along the coast to the south of the Saddles. Thundery in places.

		At Cathedral		At Siccawei	
Temperature	yesterday	min. 55.0	max. 78.0	min. 50.7	max. 79.3
„	same date last year	min. 50.0	max. 64.0	min. 47.5	max. 63.0

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, MONDAY, MAY 5, 1941 (10th day of 4th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on May 9, 3.15 a.m. registered and 9 a.m. ordinary due San Francisco on May 20. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Singapore on May 6, 3 p.m. registered and 4 p.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mail close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: May 7, 8, 1941.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Single copies 30 cents

Shanghai delivery	6 mos.	$42
China, Korea and Japan	„	46
Hongkong and Macao	„	55
Postal Union Countries	„	104

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"

Single copies $2

Shanghai, China and Japan	6 mos.	$42
Hongkong and Macao	„	44
Postal Union Countries	„	54

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $4 per line, including all insertions made till date of event.

DEATHS

KADOORIE—On May 4, 1941, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, REUBEN EZEKIEL KADOORIE, aged 74. Deeply regretted. The funeral will take place at Mohawk Road Cemetery, to-day, at 12.15 p.m. (Hongkong papers please copy.) -6536

LOEWIT.—On Sunday, May 4, 1941, at the Shanghai General Hospital, WILLIAM LOEWIT, aged 51 years, the dearly loved brother of Rosl Albach-Gerstel and brother-in-law of Dr. Gerstel. Funeral services today, Monday, May 5, 1941, at the Columbia Road Cemetery at 4 p.m.

JONES.—On Sunday, May 4, 1941, at The Country Hospital, Shanghai, BABETTA EDITH JONES (née Greiner), aged 43 years, the dearly-beloved wife of Mr. Frederick Jones (Shanghai Fire Brigade) and mother of William, Frederick and Eric. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral services will be held tomorrow, Tuesday, May 6, 1941, at the Bubbling Well Cemetery at 2.30 p.m. In lieu of flowers, donations to charity would be appreciated.

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

MAY

5 Sun Yat-sen elected President (1921)
5 Sino-Japanese peace agreement signed (1932)

COMING EVENTS

MAY

6 U.C.W.G. Jumble Sale, U. C. Hall, 9.30
8 X.M.H.C.—Mrs. Pemberton-Carter, Chopin Recital, 9
8 R.L. Op. 'Flower of Hawaii', Lyc., 8.45
8 Ministering Children's League Bridge and Mah-jongg, 158 Edinburgh Road, 3
10 Cathedral School Sports, Keswick Road, 2
10 EJAS Operatic Concert, Masonic Hall, 1623 Avenue Road, 9
11 X.M.H.C.—Radio Choir, hymns 9.45
11 R.L. Op. 'Ball in Savoy', Lyc., 8.45
11 Christian Science B'cast, XMHA, 6.30
12 Engineering Society Meeting, 5.15
13 XCDN Calling-2nd Ed. Lyceum 9.15
14 XCDN Calling-2nd Ed. Lyceum 9.15
15 XCDN Calling-2nd Ed. Lyceum 9.15
15 X.M.H.C. British patriotic songs, 9

HARRIETT DABELSTEIN

Deceased

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to The Trustee Act 1925 that all persons having claims against the estate of the above late of Victoria, British Columbia, Widow, deceased, who died at Victoria aforesaid on the 23rd day of November 1939 are hereby requested to send particulars to the undersigned on or before the 15th day of July 1941. And that after such date the undersigned will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which the undersigned shall then have had notice and will not be answerable for the assets so distributed or any part thereof to any person of whose claim or demand the undersigned shall not then have had notice AND NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby required to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated 3rd day of May, 1941.

PLATT, WHITE-COOPER & CO.
49 Szechuen Road, Shanghai
Legal Practitioners for ARTHUR ERNEST SEDDON the Attorney of Winifred Evelyn Dabelstein the sole Executrix of the estate of the above-named deceased.

12464

BAKERITE COMPANY

Federal Inc., U.S.A.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 2242 for 45 "B" shares issued in the name of China Bond & Share Company, Federal Inc., U.S.A. dated June 27, 1940, in the above-named Company, has been declared lost and the public is hereby warned against negotiating same.

In the event of the said Share Certificate not being recovered after one month from date, a new Certificate will be issued in lieu thereof.

12439

SHANGHAI RECREATION CLUB

The Annual General Meeting of Members will be held in the Pavilion on Wednesday, May 14, 1941 at 6 p.m. sharp. Resolutions for and business of the meeting are posted on the Club Notice Board.

T. EDWARDS,
Hon. Secretary.

12456

South British

INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

MOTOR CAR INSURANCE

L. G. JOHNSON, Manager.
CHARTERED BANK BUILDING
Tel. 18653 (2 lines). 18 The Bund

UNION MOBILIERE

French Banking and Investment Corporation

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office, 1 Rue Montauban, Shanghai, on Monday, May 5, 1941, at 4 p.m., for following purposes: To receive the Directors' report, the balance sheet and accounts for the working year ending December 31, 1940; to receive the auditors' report; to declare a dividend; to elect Directors; to elect auditors and to transact any other ordinary business of the Company.

The transfer books of the company will be closed from April 28 to May 5, 1941 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares will be effected.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
F. BOUVIER.

Shanghai, April 10, 1941.

12138

NOTICE

Owing to his departure from Shanghai, Mr. J. POLLON is no longer connected with American Motors, Fed. Inc., USA. as from May 1.

AMERICAN MOTORS
Fed. Inc., U.S.A.

12446

SHANGHAI FOREIGN EXCHANGE BANKERS ASSOCIATION

SPRING RACE MEETING

The Member Banks of the above Association will close at 12 noon on Wednesday, May 7, 1941. 12439

WINSTON CHURCHILL on April 11th 1940 said

OF THE ROYAL NAVY

"There never was a time when the Navy was treated more kindly by the British nation or when it was regarded with more admiration, nay, I will say affection".

Display YOUR admiration and YOUR affection in dollars given to

THE CENTRAL BRITISH WAR FUND

(Hon. Treasurer, Mr. G. H. Stacey, C/o Hongkong & Shanghai Bank,) and the Navy League R. N. Comforts Supply will do the rest.

YANGTSZE FINANCE CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Eleventh Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held in the Registered Office of the Company, 9 Avenue Edouard VII, Shanghai, on Monday, May 12, 1941, at 4.15 p.m. for the following purposes:—

(1) To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended March 31, 1941.
(2) To declare a final dividend.
(3) To elect Directors.
(4) To elect Auditors.
(5) To transact any other ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from May 3 to May 12 (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares will be effected.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
TURNER, STURROCK & BROWN,
Secretaries.

9 Avenue Edouard VII, Shanghai.

Shanghai, April 29, 1941.

12377

AISHI

DENTAL OFFICE

DENTAL SURGEON
Dr. M. YAGATA
Artificial Porcelain Teeth
(Jacket Crown)
50 Kiukiang Road,
Mitsui Bank Building, 1st Floor
Hours: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Telephone 14273

12398

EWO GIN

Distilled in England

Obtainable at all Compradore Stores

12416

LYCEUM THEATRE
"XCDN CALLING"

Mark The Dates!

May 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 at 9.15 p.m.
Matinee May 17, at 3 p.m.

BIGGER, BRIGHTER, BETTER THAN BEFORE

Book now at Moutrie's and Lyceum
Popular prices: $10, $7, $5, $2

All Profits to Central British War Fund (Air Raid Relief)

(This Space is donated by Phoenix Assurance Co., Ltd.)

NORGE

for refrigeration

COLUMBIA RADIO

British and Best

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.

878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865

12388

CHRYSLER'S

FAMOUS FLUID DRIVE

With the new Vacamatic Transmission gives you the smoothest ride you ever enjoyed. Try it to-day.

MARK L. MOODY
Fed. Inc., U.S.A.
30 Avenue Edward VII.
After We Sell—WE SERVE

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MR. H. TODTENKOPF has joined the undersigned company and is no longer connected with The General Investment Co.

THE CITY LAND COMPANY,
Real Estate Office and Architects
81 Jinkee Road, Room 202
Telephone 11929

-6232

WANTED

well-furnished, two or three-roomed apartment in first-class apartment house, for immediate occupation, by responsible couple. References. Box 3286, NCDN. -6451

WANTED

for immediate occupation by American firm two-roomed office, central district, in modern office building. Box 3287, NCDN. -6451

Model Dairy

for

Model Milk

"As standard as sterling silver"

Licensed to sell Grade "A" Dairy Products
8 TIFENG ROAD. TELEPHONE 21997

12394

RADIOS, PIANOS

Sale or Hire, Tune, Repair
SAM LAZARO
232 Nanking Road Tel. 19225

12393

EWO CLUB

WHISKY

Obtainable at all Compradore Stores

12391

EVACUEES

Keep in Touch with China

Some of you are going to a new country; many of you are returning to your homeland—in either case you will want to keep in touch with personalities and Chinese affairs. The easiest and most effective way to do this is by subscribing to the

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

The "North-China Herald" is a weekly edition of the "North-China Daily News" and publishes in salient form news and facts with a sense of proportion, fearlessness, restraint and independence that has justified its readers' confidence and its existence for over 80 years.

May we send you a form for completion?

NORTH-CHINA HERALD
EVERY WEDNESDAY

CULTY DAIRY

The Home of Quality Milk

Pasteurised Grade "A"

1567 AVENUE JOFFRE, TELEPHONE 70126

General Managers: KEYLOCK & PRATT

12449

Try your luck at the Races

But

Don't Gamble with your Health

Drink

AQUARIUS TABLE WATERS

guaranteed

"Every Drop Distilled"

THE AQUARIUS COMPANY

44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

Established over 100 Years

MARINE, FIRE, MOTOR CAR, ACCIDENT INSURANCE

26, The Bund
Telephone 12981

H. C. B. WAY
Branch Manager.

PURE "CRYSTAL" ICE

As a result of all round increases in operating costs we regret to advise that we find it necessary to increase, as from May 1, 1941, the retail price of our machine-made Crystal Ice to 4 cents per lb.

SHANGHAI ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.
153 Nanking Road Telephone 18683

12340

NOTICE

Electricity Consumption Penalties on Lighting

CAN BEST BE AVOIDED WITH

I.E.S. "BETTER SIGHT" LAMPS

DEMONSTRATED BY HOLLIS H. ARNOLD INC., ILLUMINATING ENGINEERS 51 CANTON ROAD.
TELEPHONE 17805

12436

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, Greenwich+8 hours. (For summer time add 1 hour.)

Meteorological Reports	May 3 16.00	May 3 21.00	May 4 4.00	May 4 9.00
Barometer (inches)	29.95	29.96	29.92	29.92
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.09	—0.02	—0.05	—0.09
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	—0.02	—0.05	—0.03	—0.04
Wind (direction)	WNW	W	WSW	SW
„ (miles per hour)	8.7	5.0	8.1	9.3
Temperature (Fahr.)	66.9°	57.4°	53.4°	66.9°
Humidity (per cent)	51	90	96	72
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	5	0	4	8
Rainfall (inches)	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report May 3	Mean 1941	24 hrs. variation	68 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.97	+0.11	29.94
Temperature: min. 52.7° max. 69.8°	61.3°	—16.1°	64.9°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	12.78	—	11.54

Time and Tide	5/5	6/5	7/5	8/5	9/5	10/5	11/5
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.06	5.06	5.05	5.04	5.03	5.02	5.02
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.36	18.36	18.37	18.38	18.38	18.39	18.39
Moon rises at Shanghai	12.11	13.12	14.16	15.21	16.28	17.37	18.45
Moon sets at Shanghai	0.45	1.26	2.07	2.48	3.30	4.15	5.03
Flood makes Shai. (day)	17.10	5.45	7.02	7.58	8.53	9.39	10.22
Ebb makes Shai. (day)	9.13	10.35	11.53	12.54	13.55	14.45	15.25
H.W. Wusung Bar (day)	6.22	8.00	9.05	9.59	10.35	11.23	12.01
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	6.69	8.20	8.25	8.59	9.20	9.65	11.05

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 3rd:—Normal and steady pressure in China: unsteady over Japan. Moderate northerly to easterly winds along the China Coast. Cool, cloudy to fine weather in China.

State on the morning of the 4th:—Fine and cool weather. South-westerly breezes. Normal and steady pressure.—Siccawei Observatory.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge, Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

MONDAY, May 5.	Reg.	Ord.
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Indo-China	Ax16.00	16.30
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	18.30	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00
TUESDAY, May 6.		
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Amoy and Fukien Province	*20.00	7.15
Swatow	*20.00	8.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. Ceylon India and Suez (via Colombo)	Bx14.30	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	x 15.30	16.00
Nantung	15.30	16.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00

*The night before.

A Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 16.00 on 5th.

B Parcel mail for India, closes at 12.00 on 6th.

X Provisional time subject to alterations.

Next parcel mail for U.S.A. close on May 7, 1941.

Canton-Hanoi-Bangkok Air Mail

Air mails close on every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 8 p.m. for registered and ordinary for transmission per Shanghai-Canton Air Line to connect with the aeroplane leaving Canton for Hanoi on every Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and for Bangkok on every Friday. The air mails may also be sent per available steamer to Canton via Hongkong.

Netherlands K.L.M. Air Mail Service (Batavia-Lydda) per steamer on May 6, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary.

Royal Netherlands Indies Airways per steamer on May 5, at 4 p.m. for registered and at 4.30 p.m. for ordinary.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

Balance brought forward $1,958,415

MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTIONS

Members of the Staffs of Messrs. Butterfield & Swire, China Navigation Co. Ltd. & Orient Paint Colour & Varnish Co. Ltd.	1,101
Brambleby,Mrs.N.	30
Carnaghan,Miss J.I.	10
Wilson,Miss Nellie	3
Woskoboinik,Miss Ray	2
Talbot,Mrs.Emily	200
Some of the Staff of the Shanghai Waterworks Co., Ltd.	383
4 C.R.P.—Mar./Apr. 1941	70
Clarke,Mr/Mrs.G.E.	10
Foreign Members of the Local Staff of Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd.	42
Watling,Miss M.K.B.	20
Two White Russian Friends	50
Beynon,Mr/Mrs.O.G.R.	20
Malcom & Co., Ltd.	50
Walton,Mr/Mrs.H.	20
Adam,Mrs.E.R.	25
Arnsberg,Miss R.	10
Parrott,W.R.	25
Spielman,Miss M.	5
Streit,P.M.	20
Hastings	25
Jack,Miss G.C.	5
G.Y.N.	25
Southerton, R. G.	20
Baker,H.F.	25
Patsy	10
Scott,Miss I.B.	20
Scott,Miss M.G.	10
Shaw,P.H.	5
W.C.B.	50
J.E.	10
Anon	500

DONATIONS

Desborough,Mr/Mrs.V.	4,000
Keswick,W.J. o/a Enamels	300
British Residents' Association—Waste Paper Sub-Committee	533
Sheila Hutton in lieu of birthday presents	250
Farmer,V.—sale of pups	100
Wilkinson,Mr/Mrs.E.S.	1,000
Eger,Mr/Mrs.H.J.	20
Alma/Nancy—Bon Voyage	100
Goodwin,Dr/Mrs.T.S.	300
Hotchkiss,Mrs H.R.	5
Holland,Miss L.M.	20
McLorn,Mrs.F.—sale of old magazines	11
Chinai & Co.—J.C.	100
Commissariat,E.J.	50
Sale of Pictures—I.A.D.	50
"Owen's Birthday"	20
Viccajee & Co., Ltd.—F.	250
Viccajee,Rutton	100
Golf Clubs (7 L.H.)	100
Goldenberg,Mrs.I.	20
Turnbull,Mr/Mrs.Wm Alston	100
Profits for the month of April on the sale of B.B.C. programmes per T. J. Lindsay	250
Second and final donation from proceeds of "Merrie England"	15,000
Grateful client of a British bank	1,000
Shanghai Birds	70

(To be continued tomorrow)

Summer Uniforms for the Summer Term

CATHEDRAL GIRLS' SCHOOL SUMMER UNIFORMS

Light and cool for the Summer days

MATERIAL 36" wide, $2.50 yd.
POCKET MONOGRAMS, $1.50 each
STRAW HATS, COMPLETE WITH RIBBON, $11.50 each

Uniforms made to measure at short notice

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

CHINESE, college graduate, preferably speaking English, $300 start. 571 East Seward Road, New Asia Commercial Co. -6440

EXPERIENCED lady secretary with perfect knowledge of English and French languages wanted by old established firm. Please reply to Box 3311, NCDN, indicating references, nationality and salary required. 12497

WANTED Chinese lady typist with good knowledge of English and Chinese and general office routine. Address Box 3313, NCDN. 12492

PAINTER, interested Japanese, Chinese types, requires experienced attractive models not over twenty, $5 per hour, call Room 321, Palace Hotel, 6 to 7 p.m. -6505

WANTED by an old-established British firm a Chinese translator, preferably with knowledge of chemistry. Reply in own handwriting stating age and experience. Address Box 3305, NCDN. -12478

IMPORTANT neutral firm has vacancies for competent electrical and mechanical engineers for its sales organisation in British India. Requirements: good theoretical and practical experience in the machinery line, aptitude for selling, single, thorough knowledge of the English language. State nationality, qualifications and salary expected to Box 3281, NCDN. 12469

WANTED, experienced and fast stenotypist/secretary, preferably one knowing Japanese. Also one high-grade salesman. Apply stating experience and salary required. Box 3304, NCDN. -6507

WANTED attractive bar-girls speaking English. Apply Manager, Cathay Hotel. 12477

Business Opportunities

BOARDING-lodging house, smartly furnished, garden running business. Monthly profit $1,150. Selling reasonably. Apply The City Land Co., 81 Jinkee Road, Room 202. Telephone 11929. -6294

Miscellaneous

CARPETS cleaned chemically, 15 cents per square foot. Rugs repaired, stored, dyed. Esso Company, telephone 12170. 12458

Motor Cars and Cycles

SERVICE. Our up-to-date workshop equipped in every detail to assure specialized service will accurately correct any fault in your car. See us to-day. Telephone 70180, Auto Palace. 12396

MORRIS Oxford Light 6, 1932, $3,000. Dumbarton, telephone house 29491, office 13407, or Box 3316, NCDN. On view Richards Auto Works. 12500

TERRAPLANE 1934 Sedan, very good condition, for sale. 863 Avenue Foch, telephone 74500. -6525

FORD 1931 sedan, 4-door, 4-cylinder, perfect running condition, US$250. Telephone 62897. 12485

WANTED to rent by responsible party, from May 15, 5-7 seater motor car. State terms. Please telephone 71094. -6522

1938 de luxe convertible Baby Fiat, perfect condition. Telephone 43299. -6516

PACKARD de luxe 1938 model, excellent condition, two spare wheels, radio, heater, 6 new tyres, US$1,000 or nearest offer. Telephone 73094 between 12.30 and 2 p.m. 12493

RELIABLE party wishes to sell US$360 credit on new car for Home delivery. Negotiable either San Francisco or Detroit. Box 3272, NCDN. -6425

FOR SALE, Standard, recently overhauled, new duco. No brokers. Box 3285, NCDN. -6449

WE buy for cash, sell on easy terms and exchange cars, trucks. Telephone 70159, Triangle Motors. -5923

DEPARTURE demands sale of 1938 Ford de luxe sedan, in excellent condition, owner-driven. Telephone 13246 during office hours. -6424

CASH for your car. Apply to Jenny's Motors, 177 Route Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73939. -6394

IMMEDIATE sale. Ford 10 h.p., US$425. Telephone 12229. -6423

FOR SALE. 1939. Baby Ford like new, US$950. Telephone 72675, 9-12 a.m. -6492

1934 Balilla two-door sedan, 1935 Standard sedan, 1937 Lincoln Zephyr coupe. Telephone 14847 office hours. -6439

Mortgages and Loans

GENERAL building contractors and architects, The City Land Co., Real Estate and Renting Agents, 81 Jinkee Road, Room 202, telephone 11929. -6293

MORTGAGE loan wanted by neutral European, not refugee, to extent of 30 per cent of value of house now being erected in French Concession. U.S. dollar basis preferred. Complete security guaranteed. Reply Box 3282, NCDN. 12462

MORTGAGE loan of US$2,500 or $50,000 required against Settlement property valued US$7,000. Address Box 3299, NCDN. -6487

Furnished Houses

FURNISHED house, western district, seven rooms, three bathrooms, usual servants' quarters, garage, greenhouse, garden, available for immediate occupation up to September 30, 1941. Shanghai Land Investment Co. Ltd. 11801

Foreign Craftsmen

LADIES' worn hats, renovating, remodelling perfectly done. New hats ready-made, orders taken, Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -5848

Chinese Servants

COOK-BOY, hardworker, good experience, well-recommended, wants position. Telephone 17924. -6534

HIGHLY recommended excellent cook boy, best references, clean, honest, hardworking. Box 3320, NCDN. -6533

34097, Reliance Employment Agency, 1082 Avenue Road. Cook-boys, coolies, amahs, office-boys, etc. Quick service. -6326

EXCELLENT amah for small baby available. Telephone 12251. 12489

Lost

LOST, Triplicate Application Pass for 129 cases printing paper ex Grete Maersk, marked C over 24-1 over 24-2-40 in triangle, GC above, Shanghai 1001/1129 below. Customs No. 53/10/2577. The said Triplicate Pass is hereby declared null and void. Gallop & Co., Federal Inc., USA. 12379

LOST: Warrant No. 1186 of Tung Yih Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., 5 bales of 20/6s "Moh-Dih" cotton yarn, warrants Nos. 2950, 2969, 2968, 2967, 2966, 2965 of Japan-China Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., 10 bales of 20/3s "Blue Phoenix" cotton yarn. The above warrants are declared null and void. Hop Cheng & Co. -6513

LOST: One godown warrant No. 700/108 covering 40 boxes of matches ("Shanghai Brand") bearing the name of Chang Hung Kee & Co. Stock in Fargo Express Co., Ltd. godown. With exception of notifying the same effect to China Match Co., Ltd., the said warrant is hereby declared null and void. Chang Hung Kee & Co. -6528

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

ALICE, 360 Rue Bourgeat, Room 2, from 2 to 10. Massage. -6007

LADY gives general massage, manicure, 10-7 p.m., 205 Peking/374 Kiangse Road, Apartment 30, second-floor. -6298

MASSAGE, pedicure, ingrown nails cured. 9 Central Arcade, from Ezra Road 93-94. Telephone 11984. -6479

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, clothing, etc. Telephone 34663, Mr. W. Engel. -6240

WANTED, two 14-in. used typewriters. Reply with prices and makes to Box 3179, NCDN. -6286

WANTED to buy one piano, willing to pay good price. Apply telephone 73606, Chang. -6439

GRAND or upright piano, any condition. Apply Box 2506, NCDN, stating make, lowest prices. 11869

WANTED buy secondhand household furniture, carpets, suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 39965, Mr. Bers, daily. -6116

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of fifteen dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.10.

QUALIFIED lady secretary-stenographer (British subject). Desires responsible post. Permanent/otherwise. Box 2771, NCDN. -6445

FULLY-QUALIFIED doctor desires part-time or full-time professional engagement. Reply Box 3218, NCDN. -6329

BRITON, 25, desires position in any capacity. Office or outdoors. Outports no objection. Address Box 3241, NCDN. -6363

For Sale—Miscellaneous

FIRST-CLASS bicycle like new, $250. 131 Museum Road, Room 423. Telephone 14640. No dealers.

LIQUIDATION sale. Vacuum cleaners, import samples. Free demonstration. 131 Museum Road, Room 436. -6537

OIL-PICTURES Meissen/Dresden porcelain figures, antique glasses and rarities. Benesi, 1210 Avenue Joffre, Gascogne Bldg.

WESTINGHOUSE 6 cu. ft. refrigerator in perfect condition, US$120. Owner leaving, Must sell. Please address Box 3306, NCDN. 12430

FOR SALE, Moutrie upright piano, price $1,350. Telephone 71094. 12451

SHIRTS correctly made to measure: white poplin $12.50; Oxford $20; cellular $18; Duro cellular, $28. At Razon's 12 Central Road. 12435

VISIT our show-room. You will find magnificent paintings, miniatures, gorgeous crystalware, complete cutlery-sets for 12, silver-ware, figures, groups, complete glass-sets, as well as various curios. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Art. -6310

PROVISION sale. Dodwell's Canadian flour, $35 bag; Canadian chocolate $4.60 pound; salmon Fancy 90 cents; toilet paper $1; sardines 75 cents. Delivered. Zimmerman's, 215 Szechuen Road. -6337

WHISKY decanters, crystalware, Meissen /Rosenthal dinner, mocha, tea sets. 1823/A Avenue Joffre, Dr. Weiss. -6345

ORIENTAL carpet, 9½ x 13, best condition, green colour, for sale, cheapest 403 Roi Albert, Room 2. -6296

MOUTRIE piano, fine blackwood furniture, superior E. P. and cut-glassware, etc. 477 Avenue Foch. -6386

REFRIGERATING machine, ammonia, single cylinder 4 x 6 with accessories. For inspection, 100 Great Western Road. -6216

Educational

YOUNG Japanese wants English lessons. Apply to Post Office Box 3229, Shanghai. -6520

MRS. H. Beesley gives individual tuition in Pitman's shorthand/touch typewriting, Rapid progress assured. Telephone 79887. -6493

WANTED lessons in dramatic elocution from an experienced American or British teacher. Box 3207, NCDN. -6309

FOREIGN & Chinese (Shanghai dialect and Mandarin), French and English classes starting Tuesday, May 6, 6 p.m. Apply Educational Office, telephone 92250. 12366

CHAMPIONSHIP. 1941 Shanghai Open Typewriting Championship (School Section) was won by a student of The Shanghai Business College. Students are prepared for Examination of leading Educational Societies. Successes unparalleled. Shorthand, Typewriting, English, Bookkeeping/Accountancy. 320 Szechuen Road (Second Floor). Telephone 17733. 12333

Holiday Resorts

INFORM Augusta Transportation Co., Post Box 270, Tsingtao. We meet you at the boat, care for baggage, offer rooms with/without board, flats, bungalows, houses. Rent/sale. 12223

TSINGTAO. Modern three-roomed, furnished apartment, balcony, garden, best location Iltis Huk, three minutes' walk to beach, May/September. Telephone 92250, Room 705, 8-9 a.m. or p.m. 12473

LUXURIOUS rooms, excellent board, special terms for May/June. Best location, two minutes' walk from German/Strand Beach. Post Box 270, Tsingtao. 12224

Radios

1941 Carlson new 4-in-1 portable for car, home, garden and boat. US$45. Telephone 32014 noon hours. -6535

$1,350 Zenith radio battery and a.c., 110 volts, 7-tube all-wave (new). Robinson Piano Co., 276 Kiangse Road, telephone 10868. 12447

DIAL 51140 and stop radio troubles. Foreign technician. "The Radio Expert", 131/438 Museum Road. Second-hand radios bought. -6342

TROY radio combination, portable, 6 tubes. Plays everywhere, enjoyable while travelling. Demonstration without obligation. Triangle Motors, 99 Cardinal Mercier. -6493

Animals

JOIN the China Kennel Club ($5) and register your dog ($5). Non-members registration ($10). Room 3, 24 The Bund. 12497

PUREBRED French bull pups. Call before noon, Apartment B, 240 Route Tenant la Tour. -6400

Wanted to Rent

THREE roomed flat with kitchen, bathroom, well situated French or Settlement, wanted to rent. Box 3321, NCDN. 12503

FLAT wanted by Briton, one or two rooms on or near Bund. Address Box 3295, NCDN. -6476

WANTED to rent, small furnished apartment, preferably downtown. Box 3259, NCDN. -6406

Offices, Shops, Godowns

GODOWN space, approximately 2,000 sq. ft. to sublet on third-floor of godown on Chaofoong Road, near Broadway. Telephone 12630. 12393

SHOP for tailoring, doctor, pawnshop, etc., with living quarters, best location Concession. Apply General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -6488

SPACE available for storage in neutral godown, first-class construction, central district. Address Box 3290, NCDN. -6457

Furnished Apartments

TWO-ROOMED, furnished flat, for sale, steamheating, hot and cold water. Telephone 77883. -6461

TO LET from June 1941, Central location, three roomed furnished flat for about four months, very cool. Apply Box 3279, NCDN. 12454

TWO, three, four-roomed flats, Concession/Settlement. Apply General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. No advance payment whatsoever. -6489

CENTRE Bubbling Well/Seymour. One-roomed flat, furnished. Separate bathroom, kitchen. 9 Sun Avenue. -6444

TO LET. quiet location, good view and surroundings, two-roomed, daintily-furnished apartments, bathroom, kitchen. Taxes, hot water crockery, etc. Rent $475 monthly basis. No key-money, no furniture sale. Box 3270, NCDN. 12448

Unfurnished Apartments

ONE and two roomed flats, bath, kitchen, best location Concession. Reasonable. Apply The City Land Co., 81 Jinkee Road, Room 202, telephone 11929. -6294

FIVE-ROOMED apartment with three bathrooms in one of the finest apartment buildings in the western district. For further particulars apply to Metropolitan Land Co., Ltd., 17 The Bund, telephone 15455. 12459

TWO-ROOMED apartment Paul Henry, three-roomed apartment Route Ferguson, four/roomed apartment Avenue Joffre. Particulars Property Department, General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. No advance payment whatsoever. -6489

THREE-ROOMED flat to let Apply 6 to 8 p.m., Apartment 1, 1759 Avenue Joffre. -6466

More Classified Ads, Overleaf